

Established  
June 14, 1881.

# Laredo Weekly Times.

Laredo, Texas. — The Future  
Great Railroad Centre and Grand  
Gateway of International Com-  
merce.

VOL. XXXIX.

LAREDO TEXAS, SUNDAY, JULY 6, 1919—TWELVE PAGES.

NO. 4

## RICHTER'S

The Fall assortment of Royal Society Packages is on display--the spring line is on sale at 1-3 regular price.

Sanitol Toilet Preparations  
Special at 19c.

Laces have come into their own lately, are used extensively, and when you think of laces, come and see the large assortment we show you at bargain prices.

**AUG. C. RICHTER**  
The store that closes at 9 P. M. Saturdays

Palm Beach Suits, Sicilian  
Suits, Silk Suits,  
Serge Suits

PANAMA HATS—  
STRAW HATS—(PLAIN AND FANCY)

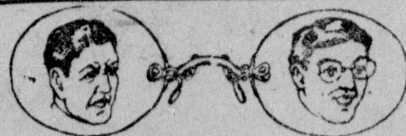
SILK SHIRTS—Crepe Silk, Tub Silk, Fibre  
Silk, Linen and Silk Madras, also in many  
new cloths, in an almost endless assortment.

Fine Light Underwear, in Silk, Fancy  
Madras, Nainsook and Lisle Thread.

**FANCY SOCKS HAVE COME BACK!**

Handsome line of Low Quarter  
Shoes, in all the popular  
leathers and lasts.

**I. Alexander**  
CLOTHIER & FURNISHER



## KRYPTOK

They are double vision lenses with one solid piece glasses you can see far and near.  
Let us examine your eyes, we grind the glasses and guarantee to give perfect satisfaction.  
Our prices are the most reasonable.

**LAREDO OPTICAL Co.**  
516 Flores Ave. (Opposite City Hall.)

A. B. Galo, optician and optometrist. Graduated in Italy and the U. S.

## GERMAN CONSERVATIVES DECLARE THEY WILL HELP TO RE-ESTABLISH MONARCHY

Proclamation Signed by Party Leader in the Reichstag Declares  
the Party will Make War on the Government—Von  
Hindenburg Declares He is Responsible for  
Acts of German Headquarters.

### WANTS DESTROYERS TO HELP TOW HIM IN

COMMANDER OF BRITISH DIR-  
GIBLE MET HEAD WINDS  
AND RAN SHORT OF  
PETROL.

By Associated Press.  
Washington, July 5.—The commander of the British dirigible R-34 asked the navy department today if American destroyers could meet her at the Bay of Fundy and take under tow if required. The message stated that the ship was flying across Nova Scotia against a strong head wind and that the petrol supply was getting low. Two American destroyers were ordered to proceed immediately from Boston.

Arrive Sunday Morning.  
Mineola, L. I., July 5.—The R-34 will arrive at Roosevelt Field Sunday morning, according to a wireless message from Major Scott, the commander, received here by Lieut. Col. Lucas, representing the British admiralty in the arrangements for his reception.

BODIES RECOVERED.  
By Associated Press.  
Madison, S. Dak., July 5.—Nine bodies have been recovered from the wreck of the pleasure boat Reliance which foundered near the shore of Lake Madison early today. It is estimated that 32 persons were aboard when the accident occurred. Reports say that seven bodies are still unrecovered.

WILL ARRIVE TUESDAY.  
By Associated Press.  
New York, July 5.—A wireless message received here today said the transport George Washington, bearing President Wilson, would reach Ambrose Channel lighthouse at noon Tuesday and dock at Hoboken at 3 p. m.

Addresses Senate Thursday.  
New York, July 5.—President Wilson will address the senate Thursday, according to his present program. Secretary Tumulty announced here today.

LONG TRIP FOR ARMY MOTOR TRAIN.

Washington, D. C., July 5.—All arrangements have been completed by the Motor Transport Corps of the United States Army for the first transcontinental trip of an army motor truck train. The journey will be started from this city on Monday next, and will end at San Francisco the latter part of August. As far as possible the truck train will follow the Lincoln Highway. In the train will be five passenger cars, 35 trucks of all army types, two ambulances, six motorcycles, two tank trucks, two kitchen trailers, two water tank trucks, one engineer shop truck, one officer work truck and one searchlight truck.

One of the chief purposes of the enterprise will be to test the several standardized principal types of motorized army equipment used to transport troops and cargo. The trip will also serve as a demonstration of long distance motor post and commercial transportation, and will provide an opportunity for extensive studies in terrain observation, particularly by the field artillery, air service and engineer corps. In addition, the journey will afford an exhibition of the development of motor vehicles for military purposes, which is conceded to have been one of the principal factors in the winning of the world war.

By Associated Press.  
London, July 5.—The German conservative party has issued a proclamation over the signature of Ernest von Heydebrand, the party's Reichstag leader, stating that the party declares war on the government and intends to use its whole strength to re-establish the monarchy, according to a Copenhagen Exchange Telegraph despatch.

Hindenburg as Scapegoat.  
London, July 5.—Field Marshal von Hindenburg, former chief of the German staff, declares he is responsible for the acts of the German main headquarters since August of 1916 and also the proclamations of the former Emperor William concerning the waging of warfare. He asks President Ebert of Germany to inform the allies to this effect, according to an Exchange Telegraph Copenhagen despatch.

Germany Asked for Conference.  
Paris, July 5.—Germany has indicated a desire to begin immediately the compliance with the terms of the peace treaty regarding reparations. Her request for oral conferences of German economics experts with allied experts has been granted. The conferences will begin next week.

Armistice Signed.  
Copenhagen, July 5.—Through the mediation of allied representatives an armistice between the Estonians and the Germans was signed at Riga, providing that all German troops leave Riga and that the Germans evacuate Letvia at the earliest possible moment.

Disorders in Florence.  
Florence, Italy, July 5.—Carabineers fired upon the crowds here yesterday. The disorders are increasing and the ransacking of shops is widespread. Strengthened by rowdies, the crowd abandoned itself to sacking all shops without distinction, destroying the merchandise they were unable to carry away. One entire street was flooded with petroleum, gasoline, wine, beer and olive oil. Large quantities of supplies and money taken from shops have been turned over to the municipal authorities or the chamber of labor. Thousands of boxes of matches were distributed free among the crowds.

Americans Guarded Foch.  
Pershing Stadium, July 5.—Marshal Foch and General Pershing presided over the international games today. Marshal Foch was given as guard of honor a regiment from the American forces on the Rhine.

France May Have Lottery.  
Paris, July 5.—A bill was introduced in the chamber of deputies yesterday providing for the organization of a national lottery with an issue of tickets to the value of thirty billion francs and prizes totalling six billions. Drawings will be held monthly during the next five years if the bill is passed.

CALL FOR STATEMENTS.  
By Associated Press.  
Washington, July 5.—The comptroller of the currency today issued a call for the statement of condition of all national banks at the close of business June 30.

TO ARBITRATE DIFFERENCES.  
By Associated Press.  
Rio Janeiro, July 5.—The commercial association met today in honor of the American Independence Day. An agreement with the American Chamber of Commerce to submit all commercial differences between the two countries for arbitration was signed at the meeting.

EQUALS.  
He—Your cousin refused to recognize me at the Jazz last night; thinks I'm not his equal, I suppose.  
She—Ridiculous! Of course you are; why, he's nothing but a conceited idiot!—Blighty (London).

### PERU REVOLUTION WAS SUCCESSFUL

PROVISIONAL PRESIDENT LEGUIA  
SUPPORTED BY VIRTUALLY  
THE ENTIRE ARMY  
AND NAVY.

By Associated Press.  
Lima, Peru, July 5.—August B. Leguia yesterday assumed the office of provisional president of Peru and took up his residence in the government palace, following the successful overthrow of President Pardo and his cabinet. Pardo, his ministers and a number of high officials of the army and navy were imprisoned. Virtually no fighting or casualties marked the overthrow of the government. Leguia is supported by virtually the entire army and navy forces and public opinion apparently is behind him.

READY TO START "BIG LINE"  
RACING.

Cleveland, O., July 5.—Quartered at the beautiful racing plant at North Randall are several hundred fast horses who are to furnish the sport that will mark the first link of the "Grand Circuit." The meeting will open Monday and will mark the beginning of the light harness campaign of 1919 on the "Big Line." From the initial day at North Randall until October 18, the date of the closing day at Atlanta, the kings and queens of the trotting and pacing world will contest for stakes and purses worth more than half a million dollars, and new turf history and records will be registered.

The meeting at North Randall will continue through the coming week and will be followed in turn by the meetings at Kalamazoo, Toledo and Columbus. This will bring the season up to August 4, on which date the circuit followers will return to North Randall for the second session there. Then will come the meetings on the eastern end of the circuit, including Philadelphia, Poughkeepsie, Readville, Hartford and Syracuse. From Syracuse the fast steppers will return to Columbus for the Ohio State Fair meeting. Lexington will be the next link and the meeting there will be followed by the close at Atlanta.

ANTLERED HERD AT ATLANTIC CITY.

Atlantic City, N. J., July 5.—Purple and white bunting envelops this famous resort and Elks heads and clocks with their hands pointing to the mystic hour of eleven are in almost every available niche in honor of visiting members of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, who have been coming into town by the hundreds today from every section of the country.

Elkdom's part in the world war will be the keynote of the peace and victory convention of the Grand Lodge, which will get under way Monday for a week's session. Governor Lowden of Illinois has accepted an invitation to deliver the peace oration before the convention.

Among the delegates already arrived there is considerable campaigning going on preliminary to the election of new Grand Lodge officers. Most interest centers in the contest for the office of Grand Exalted Ruler, to succeed Bruce A. Campbell of East St. Louis. The candidates whose names are most frequently heard among the delegates are Frank L. Rain of Fairbury, Neb., and Albert T. Brophy of Brooklyn.

## STATEMENT OF THE LAREDO NATIONAL BANK LAREDO, TEXAS.

At the Close of Business, May 12, 1919, as rendered to the Comptroller of the Currency  
CONDENSED.

RESOURCES	LIABILITIES
Loans and Discounts.....\$1,649,718.56	Capital Stock.....\$200,000.00
United States Bonds.....246,544.50	Surplus Fund.....100,000.00
U. S. Treasury Certificates.....100,000.00	Undivided Profits, net.....133,722.23
Other Bonds and Securities.....14,467.58	Reserved for Taxes.....10,000.00
Stock in Federal Reserve Bank.....9,000.00	Circulation.....196,300.00
Redemption Fund with U. S. Treasurer.....10,000.00	Other Liabilities.....653.54
Bank Building, Furniture and Fixtures.....50,000.00	Deposits.....2,912,951.11
Cash and Exchange.....1,473,896.30	
<b>Total.....\$3,553,626.94</b>	<b>Total.....\$3,553,626.94</b>

J. K. Beretta, President  
B. M. Alexander, Vice-Pres.  
Sam W. Brown, Cashier  
M. W. Brennan, Asst. Cashier  
A. L. Vidaurri, Asst. Cashier  
J. R. Fasnacht, Asst. Cashier

## KNIGHT TIRES

AUTOMOBILE TIRES

Guaranteed 10000 Miles

SIZES FROM

: : 30x3 to 35x5 : :

AT

FACTORY COST

TUBES JUST AS CHEAP

SEE OUR WINDOW DISPLAY.

**A. DEUTZ & BROTHER**

## Watches, Bracelet Watches.

Is something you can not do without.

We have a very large line of all makes. ELGIN, WALTHAM, HAMILTON, HOWARD, ILLINOIS, and the GRUEN VERYTHIN.

We are still selling them at the old price. It will be to your own interest to make your watch purchase now. We save you the new price.

Each watch is fully guaranteed.

**L. DAICHES, The Jeweler**



**OH BOY!! SOME FISH!!**

Better lay in a supply of  
tackle and try your luck.  
Let us show you our line  
of Vacuum bottles, Guns,  
Ammunition, Fishing tackle, etc.

**JOSEPH NETZER HARDWARE COMPANY.**

## ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

WHERE EVERY BODY GOES

Today—June Elvidge in "THE SOCIAL PIRATE." Elaborate settings, gorgeous gowns, a powerful society story.  
Ford Educational Weekly and Lyons-Moran comedy, "HAPPY RETURNS."

Admission 10c and 20c.  
Bring the family; you are safe at the Royal—15 exits leading to the street always clear—always cool—always worth while.



From Friday's Daily.

**INDUSTRIAL RECONSTRUCTION.**

Editor Lorimer of the Saturday Evening Post thinks that industrial reconstruction has been held in abeyance for all the months that the peace conference has been in session, and that it would have been better to get Europe fed and at work as soon as possible.

But this is not so sensible as it sounds. For after all, the main idea behind all the peace conference talk was to so arrange things that Germany might not interfere with the reconstruction or make it of little or no avail by another war.

It seems as if something might have been done in the way of reconstruction while the peace conference was in session, but it needed more than a few hands at work to bring about even the inception of that reconstruction.

Behind all reconstruction there must be capital, and behind all capital there must be credit—in other words, faith. And there was no faith possible while the most faithless nation the world has ever known was still unrepentant and not even tried before the bar of public opinion for its many crimes.

There is even yet some doubt as to what the Germans will do in the way of keeping their treaty obligations. They have been taught that there is no such thing as national honor or national honesty. Anything, from the German viewpoint, is permissible if it is for the good of the nation, and that is why some people still wonder when the German people will make scraps of paper of the new treaty.

Reconstruction cannot begin even now. The French and Belgian people have been dependent upon the credit which will be theirs with the acceptance of the treaty by the German people, and while the American people have much sympathy for the unfortunate sufferers from the war, still they would not be willing to advance the huge sums necessary for the work of rebuilding railroads and towns and farm houses without some substantial security that they would get their money back.

Reconstruction in Europe is also waiting upon demobilization, and so far this has not progressed far enough to give back to the stricken nations their entire working force.

After the peace treaty has been ratified by all of the nations concerned, there will still be a period—which all trust will not be long—during which the railroads will be needed to haul back the allied soldiers from the German frontier and to send back the German prisoners. There is also much material to be handled without which the work of reconstruction cannot be undertaken.

The peace parleys have been seemingly delayed, but now that they are ended the work of reconstruction can begin. But without the parleys, on which so much depended, there could have been no hope of reconstruction.

The war was not ended until the Germans put their pens to the peace treaty. There was always the danger that the treaty would have been rejected because of what the Germans felt were superlatively harsh terms, but which the allies claimed were not severe enough considering the justification.

But it should be recognized that everything has not stood still because the formulation of the terms was delayed. There has been a great deal accomplished, and now that the treaty is an accomplished fact, all the preliminary work that has been done will aid greatly in getting the various nations on their feet again.

So far the Austrian and Turkish treaties have not been adopted. The Italians do not yet know where they stand with regard to the territory promised them before the armistice was signed. And there is almost as much reconstruction work necessary in Italy and the restored provinces as there is in Belgium and France.

**CIVIL SERVICE.**

It is now proposed—as it has been many times before—to put Texas in the civil service class, making all applicants for appointment to state positions take an examination to prove their fitness and taking the official jobs out of the patronage class.

Civil service is not by any means perfect, but it is a long way ahead of the old way of letting certain high officials give out the jobs as a reward for service rendered.

Nearly all of the states in the union now have civil service to govern the employment of necessary help, and New York City and Chicago have civil service covering even such positions as those on the police force and fire department.

One reason for civil service is urged by some of its advocates, that "no one shall have a life claim on a job." But if civil service is properly conducted, the man who proves himself competent cannot be discharged except for cause.

The old system does not give a life lease on a job. It only rewards a party henchman by giving him or one of his friends a position, which some one else may give to his friend as soon as there is a rotation in the higher offices.

As the state administration changes every four years, if not oftener, there are few men who could hope to hold a job longer than that, and as a result the competent men who want to establish themselves in positions where there is some hope of per-

manency do not care to apply for the positions available, and inferior men are often appointed.

There is only one fault in the average test for a civil service position. Too much stress is laid on "general knowledge" and schooling that have little to do with the work required, and frequently an applicant is appointed to a position because he passed the examination and finds it necessary to work a year or more before he is of any practical value in the office to which he is appointed.

Again there are men who have held the positions which they are capable of acceptably filling for years, yet they could not pass a civil service examination to save them from discharge. They are lacking in some branches of education upon which much stress is laid, yet they are effective workers in the position which it is desired to fill.

The standard of office employees is always raised by civil service. In the old days there were too many people holding office who were absolutely incompetent, yet who were "useful" to those who had them appointed. The result was that someone had to do the work for which these incompetents were paid, and the state was robbed of the extra salary.

Where civil service rules obtain there are few incompetents, and these are soon weeded out. Of course, this is dependent upon an honest administration of the civil service. A corrupt chief could see that the spirit of the civil service rules was violated while its letter was ostensibly observed.

It is charged that the state of Texas has hundreds of unnecessary and incompetent public servants on its payrolls. If that is true, the change to the new system, the system that has been adopted everywhere in progressive communities, would mean a great saving to the taxpayers and would result in a more efficient administration.

The introduction of civil service in our state will not necessarily bring about any Utopian conditions. It is too much to expect of frail humanity that graft and corruption should be immediately done away with merely because the rules are changed.

But at any rate, the civil service will give a competent man a better chance to secure a job than he now has, while it will gradually eliminate the men whose only claim to appointment is that they are friends of the administration and have always been "regular."

**MODIFICATION IS SOUGHT IN THE IMMIGRATION LAWS**

Resolution Introduced in Texas Legislature Would Have Head Tax Removed on Mexican Laborers.

A resolution of much interest to the agricultural industry of the state of Texas at this time when the demand for cotton pickers is very brisk and there are fears that there will be a great dearth in the supply, has been introduced in the Texas legislature.

This resolution proposes a modification of immigration laws, so as to admit temporarily Mexican unskilled labor into South Texas. It was introduced by Representative Pope of Nueces, who said that he was acting for the South Texas Cotton Growers' Association.

This resolution proposes that immigration authorities be requested to formulate rules waiving the \$8 head tax and literacy test and provide for the returning to Mexico of the immigrants as soon as their work is finished. In case immigration officials refuse this, Texas congressmen are instructed to attempt to secure a modification of immigration laws to meet the emergency. The resolution was referred to the committee on federal relations.

U. S. CONSUL R. ROBERTSON IS PRESENTED LOVING CUP

By Ambassador Fletcher and Wife and Officers of the U. S. Consular Service in Mexican Republic.

In recognition of the high esteem in which he is held by the United States embassy and consular service in Mexico, United States Consul Randolph Robertson has been presented with a beautiful silver and gold loving cup inscribed with the names of those making the presentation.

Engraved on the cup are the following names: Henry P. Fletcher, (United States ambassador to Mexico), Beatrice Fletcher, (the ambassador's wife), George T. Summerlin, (American charge d'affaires in Mexico), George A. Chamberlain, (U. S. consul general in Mexico), R. M. Campbell, (U. S. Military Attache), and Dorothy A. Campbell, his wife.

The cup has been placed at the Milmo National Bank for safekeeping by Consul Robertson, who treasures it very highly, coming as it does from the highest officials of the United States and consular service.

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.

**PROFESSIONAL CARDS**

**PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS.**

DR. J. T. HALSELL,  
Physician and Surgeon.  
Office:—Richter Building.  
Hours:—11 to 12 and 4 to 5.  
Phones:—Office 104; Res. 190.

DR. H. M. AUSTIN,  
Physician and Surgeon.  
Office hours:—10 to 12 a. m. and 4 to 5 p. m.  
Office: Room 5, Richter Building.  
Phones: Residence, 1107; Office, 634.

**SPECIALISTS.**

DR. H. STOW GARLICK,  
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.  
Office:—Richter Building.  
Hours:—10 to 12 a. m. and 2 to 5 p. m.  
Sundays, 10 a. m. and by appointment.  
Phone 699.

**OSTEOPATHS.**

DRS. C. F. and H. E. KENNEY.  
Osteopaths.  
Residence and Office  
1602 Matamoros. Tel. 197.

**LAWYERS.**

HICKS, PHELPS, DICKSON AND BOBBITT,  
Attorneys-at-Law.  
Offices: Hicks Building, San Antonio, Vails Building, Laredo.

JOHN L. GEORGE,  
Attorney-at-Law.  
Office: Second Floor Alexander Bldg.

WARD & O'MEARA,  
Lawyers.  
Offices:—218-20-22 Alexander Bldg.  
Phone 1047.

E. A. ATLEE,  
Attorney-at-Law.  
Office:—New Alexander Building, next to Laredo Nat'l Bank.  
Phone 771.

PAUL W. EVANS,  
Attorney-at-Law.  
Office:—1013 Farragut Street.

**DENTISTS.**

DR. A. E. McCULLOCH,  
Dentist.  
Office:—Wilcox Block,  
Telephone 299.

J. K. THOMPSON,  
Dentist.  
Office: Richter Building N. W. Corner Market Plaza.  
Phone 645.

DR. W. I. WILSON,  
Dentist.  
Office:—Vails Bldg. over People's Pharmacy.  
Telephone 746.

DR. A. G. THOMPSON,  
Dentist.  
Office:—Over City Drug Co., cor. Hidalgo St. and Flores Ave.  
Phones:—Office 645, Res. 672.

**UNDERTAKERS.**

JOHN CONVERY,  
Funeral Director.  
Complete Auto Equipment,  
Jarvis Plaza, Phone 65.

**MUSIC.**

Adeleide Gebhardt Macdonald, B. M.  
Pianist—Soprano.  
Director Royal Concert Orchestra.  
Phone 1062.

PROF. JULIAN M. DE VILLAR,  
Teacher of Piano,  
Orchestra for all Classes of Entertainments,  
402 San Dario Avenue.

MISS ANNIE THAISSON,  
Teacher of Music.  
1320 Houston St. Phone 220.

**ATTENTION**

**AUTOMOBILE OWNERS**

I am selling a lot of Pennsylvania Casings and tubes at the following reduced prices:

Casings guaranteed for 6,000 miles.

30 x 3 Tubes \$1.75 ..... Casings \$13.50

30 x 3 1/2 " \$2.10 ..... " \$17.25

32 x 3 1/2 " \$2.25 ..... " \$20.25

31 x 4 " \$3.00 ..... " \$27.00

32 x 4 " \$3.15 ..... " \$27.25

33 x 4 " \$3.25 ..... " \$29.00

34 x 4 " \$3.50 ..... " \$29.25

32 x 4 1/2 " \$4.00 ..... " \$37.75

**J. ARMENGOL**

TELEPHONE 63 301 CORTEZ ST.

**"\$500 WOULDN'T BUY THE GOOD IT DID ME"**

MRS. HUNT DECLARES TANLAC IS WORTH ITS WEIGHT IN GOLD—SHE HAD SUFFERED FOR FIVE LONG YEARS.

"Five hundred dollars wouldn't buy the good that five bottles of Tanlac have done for me and I just think it's worth its weight in gold," said Mrs. Nannie Hunt, of 6019 New York avenue, Nashville, Tenn.

"I was told repeatedly that my nervousness couldn't be cured and that made me despondent so that I didn't know what to do. Even the noise of a passing street car would upset me so that I would shake like a leaf. My heart fluttered and palpitated and many a time I have had fainting spells and have fallen to the floor. My stomach was in such a bad condition that I couldn't even digest an egg, and that I had gone on for five years until I was on the verge of nervous prostration.

"A friend of mine who knew that my case had been given up as hopeless, made me a present of three bottles of Tanlac and it proved to be a priceless gift. I have taken five bottles altogether and have gained eleven pounds in weight and haven't had a nervous spell since. I can eat anything I want and am building up every day. I just can't say too much in praise of Tanlac."

Tanlac is sold by leading druggists everywhere.

**ALFONSO LOOKS FOR VIOLENT DEATH.**

London, July 4.—Still another attempt, according to Madrid dispatches, has been made on the life of King Alfonso of Spain. This latest effort to do away with the king occurred a week ago, at the opening of the new Spanish parliament. Fortunately, the authorities were forewarned of the plot of the anarchists and by a change of plans at the opening of the session the conspiracy was frustrated.

King Alfonso, although the 13th ruler of his dynasty, has borne a charmed life since his accession to the throne of Spain. At least a dozen attempts against life have been made, and as many more anarchistic plots have been nipped in the bud by the vigilance of the secret police.

One of the earliest attempts upon his life was in Madrid, in 1902, when an anarchistic plot with ramifications extending throughout the city was uncovered by the police. Dynamite cartridges, which were to have been used in the attempt, were seized.

On June 1, 1905, an anarchist attempt to assassinate Alfonso while he was visiting in Paris. As the King, accompanied by President Loubet, drove away from a gala performance of the opera an anarchist threw a bomb in the direction of the royal carriage. The projectile struck a soldier belonging to the cuirassier escort on the shoulder, and then fell to the ground and exploded without injuring the King or the President, who continued their drive to the Palais d'Orsay.

On May 9, 1906, the King and his sister, Infanta Maria Theresa, were stoned as they were riding in an automobile from the railway station in Madrid to the royal palace. The princess was slightly injured.

Alfonso's narrowest escape came a few weeks later, on the day of his marriage in Madrid to Princess Ena of Battenberg. Shortly after the royal bridal procession left the cathedral a bomb was thrown from the window of a high building, and probably would have exploded in the royal coach itself had its course not been deflected by an electric light wire. A score of persons were killed and twice that number injured. But neither the King nor the Queen received a scratch.

Many other attempts have been made on the life of the King. In 1903 a lunatic fired a shot at him as he

was returning from church with his mother. In January, 1904, a bomb was found under a bench outside the palace, and in November, 1905, cartridges were exploded in the Church of San Pedro, Madrid, while he was attending the service there. In 1908 a bomb was thrown at him in Barcelona. In 1911 he narrowly escaped death at Malaga, while he was en route from Madrid to Morocco, accompanied by Premier Canalejas, who later met death at the hand of an assassin. The royal party were met at the railway station in Malaga by a great crowd, while followed the carriage as it was driven toward palace of the governor. As the King entered the palace there was an explosion in the crowd. The official investigation revealed the fact that a bomb, evidently intended for his Majesty, had exploded prematurely.

It is recalled that on the occasion of his last visit to England King Alfonso was heard to declare that he had no expectation of dying in his bed, and that when the end came it would come very suddenly. King Alfonso is a fatalist, and makes no secret of the fact.

In a room at the royal palace in Madrid the King keeps a collection of criminal curios by which his life has been endangered. Amongst them are the knife with which a ruffian tried to assassinate the young monarch when he was a boy, the skin of the horse which was killed by a bomb in Paris, some mementoes of the royal wedding day outrage.

The people of Spain are of the belief that their King will never meet with a violent death, for they say he has a charmed life. And the way he escapes from all plots made against him certainly seems marvellous.

**MILITARY OFFICERS BUSY MAKING MAPS OF THE BORDER**

Lieut. Nereus H. Roy in Laredo Under Instructions Southern Department Mapping Laredo District.

Together with other interesting developments that are taking place in military circles along the Texas-Mexican border at this time, the following item from the San Antonio Express and Herald is of much interest to the people of this section of the border country:

"Progressive military maps of Mexican border districts for use by the War Department have been ordered made by the department engineer of the Southern Department, according to special instructions issued here. The first of these maps will be worked out in the Laredo district by Lieut. Nereus H. Roy, recently on duty at Leon Springs.

"While planning maps of the Laredo district, Lieutenant Roy will be directed by the Southern Department engineer on all technical matters and details pertaining to the strategic points to be incorporated in the Rio Grande chart system.

"A detail of enlisted assistants will be furnished Lieutenant Roy by the Laredo district commander.

"Departmental officials here had nothing to say Wednesday concerning the project further than that orders to prepare the maps had been received from the War Department and that it was not a matter of discussion whether there was any special significance in the move."

**THEDA BARA DID JUSTICE TO MOST DIFFICULT ROLE**

In the Portrayal of the Part of "Salome" in Play of Same Name, Great "Vamp" Did Fine Work.

You have seen the inimitable Theda Bara in her personification of many a vampire, siren and woman of the world, and likewise you have seen her show a versatility that did justice to a pure and chaste role, but if you failed to see her in the role of "Salome" last night you failed to see her at her best.

This old Biblical play dealing with ancient time and how Salome dominated King Herod with her cynical influence, and how at last she secured from Herod the promise to give her anything she craves, resulting in the bringing in of the head of John the Baptist that Salome may fulfill her desire to kiss his lips followed by the wrath of God upon the temple of Herod, was all strongly portrayed by a strong cast supporting Theda Bara. The play is on at the Royal again this afternoon and tonight, and no doubt the spacious opera house will again be crowded, rain or shine, for Theda Bara is there in her strongest role—Salome.

**Mrs. Burns' Letter.**

Here is a letter that is certain to prove of interest to people in this vicinity, as cases of this sort occur in almost every neighborhood, and people should know what to do in like circumstances:

Savannah, Mo., Oct. 12, 1916.  
"I used a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy about nine years ago and it cured me of flux (dysentery). I had another attack of the same complaint some three or four years ago and a few doses of this remedy cured me. I have recommended Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy to dozens of people since I first used it."

TIMES WANT ADS.  
\$ \$ \$ \$ Money Makers \$ \$ \$ \$

**CHALLENGER HAS ARRIVED FROM TRAINING IN MEXICO**

Capt. Bob Roper, Who Trained Under Jack Johnson at Mexico City, Challenges Winner of Big Fight.

Captain Bob Roper, U. S. A. retired, whose home is in Chicago, and who passed through Laredo en route to Mexico City several weeks ago to start training under Jack Johnson for a championship battle, arrived in Laredo yesterday and will be here for a day or two.

Through his manager in Toledo today Roper issued a challenge to the winner of the Willard-Dempsey fight and says that he is confident he can wrest the title from the winner. Roper is in excellent condition. From here he will go to New Orleans, where he has an engagement to meet some well known boxers on the evening of July 7.

**The Joy of Living.**

To enjoy life we must have good health. No one can reasonably hope to get much real pleasure out of life when his bowels are clogged a good share of the time and the poisons that should be expelled are absorbed into the system, producing headache and indigestion. A few doses of Chamberlain's Tablets will move the bowels, strengthen the digestion and give you a chance to realize the real joy of living. Try it.

**RAILROAD TIME TABLE.**

Texas-Mexican.

Train No. 1 leaves for Corpus Christi at 12:50 p. m.

Train No. 2 arrives from Corpus Christi at 3:35 p. m.

**International & Great Northern.**

Through fast train for St. Louis leaves at 8:30 a. m. and arrives at 2:50 p. m.

Night Train.

Leaves at 9 p. m. and arrives at 8 a. m.

**Rio Grande & Eagle Pass.**

Train No. 1 leaves Laredo daily except Sunday at 8:30 a. m. Arrives at Minera at 10:20 a. m.

Train No. 2 leaves Minera daily except Sunday at 11 a. m. Arrives at Laredo at 3:15 p. m.

**FACTS ABOUT THE BIG FIGHT.**

Title at Stake—Heavyweight championship of the world.

Principals—Jess Willard, titleholder; Jack Dempsey, challenger.

Place—Specially constructed arena at Toledo, Ohio.

Attendance—Forecasted to exceed 60,000 spectators.

Admission Charge—From \$5 to \$50, according to location of seats.

Gate Receipts—Expected to approach the \$1,000,000 mark.

Fighters' Shares—Willard, \$100,000; Dempsey, \$27,000.

Time—Fighters will enter ring at 2 p. m. on July 4.

Length of Bout—Twelve rounds, unless a knockout terminates contest earlier.

Rules—Marquis of Queensbury.

Decision—If bout goes the limit, referee will award decision on points.

Promoter of Fight—"Tex" Rickard.

Referee—Ollie Pecord, of Toledo.

Judges—"Tex" Rickard and Maj. A. J. Drexel-Biddle of Philadelphia.

Alternate Referee—Jack Skelly, of Yonkers, N. Y.


Timekeeper—W. Warren Barbour, of New York City.

**How the Battlers Compare.**

Willard—Age, 37 years. Weight, 240 pounds. Height, 6 feet, 6 1/2 inches. Reach, 83 1/2 inches. Chest (Normal), 45 inches. Chest (Expanded), 49 1/2 inches. Neck, 17 1/2 inches. Waist, 40 inches. Calf, 17 inches. Ankle, 11 inches. Biceps, 16 1/4 inches. Wrist, 10 inches.

Dempsey—Age, 24 years. Weight, 197 pounds. Height, 6 feet, 1 inch. Reach, 78 inches. Chest (Normal), 44 inches. Chest (Expanded), 48 inches. Neck, 17 1/2 inches. Waist, 34 inches. Calf, 15 inches. Ankle, 9 inches. Biceps, 13 1/2 inches. Wrist, 9 inches.

**THRIFT IS POWER**



**BUY W.S.S. SAVE AND SUCCEED**

**I CAN SAVE YOU 25% ON CARBON PAPERS**

AND TYPEWRITER RIBBONS

J. W. FALVELLA

Laredo Times Office. Phone 43.

**LOCAL NEWS**

—Harrison Clafin, one of Laredo's soldier boys of the 141st Infantry, returned to his home here this morning from overseas duties.

—I will be in the city several days, showing a sample line of the famous "Winona Mills" sweaters, underwear and hosiery. Please phone or drop card for appointment to show in your home. T. A. Simons, at Slaughter Hotel. 7-4-2t.

—Second hand furniture bought and sold. 1701 Hidalgo St. 6-18-4t.

—On account of the disagreeable conditions prevailing and muddy streets, the band concert by the Thirty-seventh Infantry Band did not take place last night on Jarvis Plaza.

—Nereus G. Navarro, Notary Public with Webb County Lumber Co. 6-5-4t.

—Globe Tires:—A complete line, all sizes in stock. "As good as the best and better than the rest." R. R. Wilkes, phone 669. 6-4-4t.

—In observance of the Glorious Fourth, all the government branches of the city, together with some of the county and city branches, the banks of the city and many of the business houses remained closed during today. Many of the employees attended the athletic exercises at Fort McIntosh today.

—For seven thousand mile guarantee on auto casings at very low prices see Citizens Auto Company. Remember we guarantee and adjust here. 7-4-7t.

—Thirty years a Roof Man. I paint and stop all leaks under a guarantee on tin, paper and shingles. Al J. Nolen, P. O. Box 568, Laredo, Texas. 6-28-1m.

—While there was no bombastic celebration held in Laredo today, there was no dust raised either, for old Jupiter P. interfered this year and put the kibosh on the dust goods for Independence Day, and those who were looking for a celebration were not blinded by the dust, at least.

—If you want a plumber in a hurry phone Juarez No. 1203. 3-14-4t.

—I buy and sell anything from a pin to a locomotive; this includes farms and ranches. J. L. Fierros, 302 Farragut street. 2-17-4t.

—Quite a large crowd of Laredoites left for Corpus Christi yesterday to spend the Glorious Fourth listening to what the wild waves or the rollicky mermaids have to say. There are exceedingly low excursion rates on for the jaunt to the coast and many took advantage of it.

—The Belmont rooms and apartments. 602 Main Ave. Phone 576 or 1017. 6-20-4t.

—We paint automobiles; also make auto tops. Fidel Cantu, Phone 202. 6-16-4t.

—The front part of the business office of The Times was crowded with sports interested in the returns of the Willard-Dempsey fight this afternoon, and much interest was manifested as each bulletin came in announcing some big feature of the fight. The fight was reported round by round as it occurred by the Associated Press.

—Do you desire comfort? Use electric lights and fans. 4-24-4t.

—The many friends of W. P. May, who was brought from Mexico on Monday quite ill, will be pleased to learn that he is doing nicely at his home on the Heights and will be up and about again in a few days.

—Will W. Gregg, Notary Public, at Times office: residence 812 Farragut street. Residence phone 348. 4-27-4t.

—Roy B. Hooker, of Co. B, 141st Infantry, and George Beckelheimer, of another command, were among the Laredo boys returning home from overseas services this morning. Other Laredo boys are en route home and will reach here either this afternoon or tomorrow morning.

—If it is neat and accurate job printing that you want send your orders to The Times job department. Expert workmanship and the best of materials. 1-9-4t.

—The soldiery at Fort McIntosh is observing the Glorious Fourth with



## HONORED PORFIRIO DIAZ WITH MEMORIAL SERVICE

MEXICAN COLONY PAID TRIBUTE  
TO DEPARTED CHIEF.

Strand Theater Crowded to Doors on  
Occasion of Velada in Honor of  
the Great Mexican President.

A magnificent tribute to the memory of the illustrious patriot and president of Mexico, General Porfirio Diaz, was paid by the Mexican colony of Laredo last night at the Strand theater. The house was crowded to the doors, and there was not even standing room left when the program began with an overture by the select orchestra under direction of Prof. Julian M. de Villar.

The discourse of the evening was by Lic. Nemesio Garcia Naranjo, a brilliant speaker well known in Laredo, where his father lived for a number of years. Space is too short to attempt even an outline of the magnificent eulogy paid to the departed chieftain.

Sr. David Martinez, a noted baritone of Mexico City, now resident here, rendered the prologue to "I Pagliacci," accompanied by Prof. Villar on the piano.

Sr. Jose Luis Velasco, a well-known Mexican journalist of El Paso, gave an original poem, which was given merited applause.

Prof. Francisco Hernandez, of San Antonio, accompanied by Prof. Villar, gave two beautiful selections on the violin, one of them his own composition, and was widely applauded.

Then came "Estrofas" by Guillermo Aguirre y Pardo, which demonstrated that he is a great poet and the favorite of the Mexican people.

The second part was opened by the Peer Gyn Suite-Grieg by the orchestra, after which Lic. Rafael Trujillo, a young Mexican attorney now residing in Laredo, recited a poem of his own composition, which but more firmly established his reputation here as a poet of fire as well as of pathos.

Then the orchestra played a funeral march, followed by another selection by Prof. Hernandez, these latter being two pieces by Sarasate and an original composition by the violinist himself.

Owing to the illness of Sr. Manuel Muzquiz Blanco of San Antonio, he was not able to be present, and the public missed what is certain to have been a great address.

The evening closed with the Mexican National Hymn, and the audience departed, feeling that they had participated in a worthy commemoration of their great chief and president, whose memory will be brighter as the years bring greater knowledge of what he really was to Mexico.

## LOCAL NEWS

The importations through the port of Laredo from Mexico yesterday consisted of five carloads of cattle.

The smoker that was to have been given by the Laredo Volunteer Fire Department tomorrow night in honor of the Laredo fireboys and other Laredo young men who served during the war with the U. S. A., has been postponed until a number of other Laredo boys now en route home reach here.

Rev. F. Gaylord Roberts will preach a special patriotic sermon next Sunday night at the Christian church. Subject: "The Glories and Perils of National Life." An appeal is made to the patriotic American citizenship of Laredo to attend this service.

The United States consulate in Nuevo Laredo, Mexico, will remain closed throughout the day tomorrow in observance of the Fourth of July.

Cornelius Ferris, Jr., United States consul at San Luis Potosi, who has been visiting his old home in this country, arrived in Laredo this morning and proceeded on his way to his post of duty at San Luis Potosi.

Colonel Beaumont B. Buck, commander of the Laredo District, and Colonel V. E. Murphy, recently assigned to station at Fort McIntosh, will be among the army officers who will make addresses during the Fourth of July festivities at Fort McIntosh tomorrow morning.

The big prize fight takes place tomorrow afternoon beginning at 3 o'clock Toledo, Ohio, time when Champion Jess Willard will face Jack Dempsey, the contender for the heavy weight championship of the world. In Laredo there is very little betting done on the big slugfest.

Reports received in Laredo indicate that this whole section of country has been visited by heavy rains in the past few days, in fact the Texas-Mexican reports that rain along its line from Laredo to Corpus has been general and the ground is thoroughly soaked everywhere.

Rain! Rain! Rain! Today again finds plenty of rain falling in Laredo and surrounding country. Too much rain at this time might prove disastrous to the cotton crop, for if the rain continue the weeds will become rank in the cotton fields and then it will be a case of "adios, algodón."

## SOCIETY

Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt  
Society Editor

Phone 70 ..... Phone 43

### SOCIAL CALENDAR.

Thursday.  
There will be a general meeting of the W. M. U. of the Baptist Church at the church at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Christian Church will meet with Mrs. E. F. Hamilton at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

Friday.  
There will be a program given at 10 o'clock in the morning at Fort McIntosh in the bandstand on the parade ground. Every one is cordially invited to attend.

The Methodist Sunday School will hold a picnic on the Seminary Campus beginning at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

Lord of Thyself.

Am not too high at times beyond thy reach,  
Nor give the rein to reckless thought or speech.

Is it not better all thy life to hide  
Lord of thyself than all the world beside?

Then if high Fortune far from thee take wing,  
Why shouldst thou envy counselor or king?

Purple or buckram—wherefore make ado  
What coat may cover, so the heart be true?

But if at last thou gather wealth at will,  
Thou best shall succor those that need it still;

Since he who best doth poverty endure,  
Should prove, when rich, heart's brother to the poor.

—Alfred Perceval Graves.

General Mention.  
Mr. and Mrs. David Craven left today for Benavides to spend the Fourth of July.

Mrs. Dan Hickey and two children left at noon today for Benavides to spend a few days with relatives.

Mr. Jack McCormick has recently returned to Laredo after being overseas with the A. E. F.

Mrs. E. J. Black has returned from San Antonio, where she has been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Casey, for the past month.

Mrs. Paul Evans and two children arrived in the city yesterday from Memphis, Tenn., where they have been visiting relatives for the past two months and a half.

Mrs. J. S. Tratt of Fort Worth is in the city visiting her sister, Mrs. A. F. Beddoe.

Mrs. J. S. Denike has returned from San Antonio, where she enjoyed a pleasant visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Paulus.

Cards have been received from Mr. and Mrs. Horace E. Watson from Los Angeles, California, en route to San Francisco. They are having a delightful trip, and will also visit Yellowstone Park before returning to Texas.

Prof. B. Richardson has returned from Bryan, where he attended the County Superintendents' convention at the A. & M. College.

Mr. and Mrs. Dave Clark left yesterday morning for Tampico, Mexico, where they will make their home.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Walker of Brownsville left last night for their home, after a short stay in the city.

Mr. Joe Condren and children left today for Corpus Christi, where the children will remain for a week's stay.

Mrs. Laura DaCamara left today for Corpus Christi to visit her brother, Mr. Berry, and will be his guest for a week.

Miss Kathryn MacGregor expects to leave on Sunday night for New York, where she will be the guest of her sister, Miss Margaret MacGregor, for the remainder of the summer. She will go via Galveston on the Mallory line.

August Wormser, Philip Moore and Bernardino DaCamara left today for Corpus Christi for a several days' fishing trip.

Dr. A. E. Youakin and Messrs. H. W. Johnston, J. B. DaCamara, J. R. Moore and W. C. Greenstreet left today for Corpus Christi for a several days' fishing trip.

Mr. and Mrs. Max Yesner expect to leave the latter part of the week for Dallas to visit their son.

Mrs. H. G. DaCamara and children

left today for Corpus Christi and will be the guests of Mrs. Shirley.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Woodson of San Antonio have returned home after a delightful visit to Prof. and Mrs. F. M. Mally.

Miss Grace Leatherwood has gone to San Antonio in response to the news of the serious illness of her sister.

Mrs. J. B. Morton and daughter, Miss Dorothy, accompanied by Miss Mildred Leyendecker, left today for Corpus Christi. Miss Mildred will be the guest of Mrs. Morton for two weeks and will then visit her aunt, Mrs. Julius Derby, for the remainder of the month. Mrs. Morton and daughter have taken a cottage and will remain for some time.

Mr. Stucky is in the city from Mexico for a short visit to his family.

Announcements.  
The Blue Birds will not meet again until the first Friday in September.

Dance at the Soldiers Club in the evening.

There will be no meeting of Troop No. 2, Boy Scouts, on Friday evening, but a called meeting will be held on Saturday evening at 8 o'clock. An announcement of this meeting will be made later.

Entertainment.  
The dance at the K. of C. Hall last evening was a delightful affair. Good music made dancing very enjoyable and a nice crowd was in attendance.

Fourth of July.  
The following delightful program will be given at Fort McIntosh at 10 o'clock in the morning:

Boxing Bout, .....  
Louis Puster and Truman Phelps.

Reading, ..... Mrs. Norman Polkinhorn  
Songs, ..... Mrs. A. C. Hamilton  
Trombone Solo, ..... Mr. Taylor  
Sings, ..... Mrs. A. G. Macdonald  
Ukelele, ..... Misses Ofelia Garcia,  
Irene Leyendecker, Evelyn Ryan,  
Antoinette Ligarde, Lucille Lent.

Songs, ..... Jimmy Condra and other soldier boys.  
Boxing Bout, .....  
Roscoe Harrell and Fred Rogers.

PERSONALS

Judge G. A. Wellhausen of La Salle county, arrived in the city this morning and is visiting at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Alfred Matthews.

STOP ITCHING SKIN

Zemo the Clean, Antiseptic Liquid, Gives Prompt Relief

There is one safe, dependable treatment that relieves itching torture and that cleanses and soothes the skin.

Ask any druggist for a 35c or \$1 bottle of Zemo and apply it as directed. Soon you will find that irritations, pimples, blackheads, eczema, blotches, ringworm and similar skin troubles will disappear.

Zemo, the penetrating, satisfying liquid, is all that is needed, for it banishes most skin eruptions, makes the skin soft, smooth and healthy.

The E. W. Rose Co., Cleveland, O.

DOCTORS NEW SCHEDULE OF FEES.

A new schedule of fees adopted by the Doctors of Laredo to take effect on and after July 1st, 1919:

Day visits, 7 a. m. to 9 p. m., \$2.00 up  
Night " 9 p. m. to 7 a. m., 7.50 up  
Office visits ..... 2.00 up  
Telephone consultation ..... 2.00 up  
Certificate in proof of death ..... 3.00 up  
Certificate of disability ..... 1.00 up  
Confinement cases ..... 40.00 up  
Visits out of town limits ..... \$2.00 per mile  
Consultation ..... \$15.00  
Anesthesia ..... 10.00  
6-27-6t.

TODAY'S EVENTS.

The annual meeting of the Descendants of the Signers of the Declaration of Independence will open today in Philadelphia.

Union fishermen of the North Atlantic seaboard, most of them "out of Boston and Gloucester," have vetoed to go on strike today.

The annual State encampment of United Spanish War Veterans, Department of Oregon, will be entertained at Salem today and tomorrow.

"The Contribution of Teachers to the Development of Democracy" will be the general theme at today's sessions of the National Education Association, in Milwaukee.

Secretary of the Navy Daniels is scheduled as the principal speaker at the annual midsummer meeting of the Indiana Democratic Editorial Association, opening today at Port Wayne.

Five thousand delegates are expected in St. Louis today when the Baptist Young People's Union of America begins the sessions of its twenty-eighth international convention.

## CLASSIFIED ADS

1 cent per word for rent, found, for sale, lost or exchange.

For Sale or Rent:—Rooms, apartments, bungalows, hotels, lots, blocks J. Maxcy Pace, 920 Salinas Ave. Phone 676.

For Rent:—Light house-keeping rooms. 1320 Juarez avenue. 6-6-tf.

Oil Leases Wanted:—We are paying cash for oil leases, if you have not leased your land call and see us at once. International Land & Leasing Co., 611 Flores Ave. 6-14-tf.

For Rent:—After July 5th an apartment with southeast exposure and modernly equipped for light house-keeping. Phone 587 or call at 617 Flores avenue. 6-19-tf.

For Sale:—One eighteen room house furnished, and three smaller frame houses, all producing very good rent. Very centrally located. If interested address Box 3, Laredo, Texas. 6-23-10t.

For Sale:—A well improved 150 acre irrigated farm; close to Laredo. Apply "P" Times office. 6-25-tf.

For Sale:—One Fairmont 4 H. P. railroad gasoline motor car in first class condition. R. W. Davis, Dolores, Texas. 6-25-10t.

For Rent:—Three furnished rooms with bath. Inquire at Times office. 6-25-tf.

For Sale:—One Maxwell touring car and one Davis seven passenger car; both in good condition. Apply H. Dubin, phone 417. 6-25-tf.

For Sale:—My two large brick apartment houses on Victoria street, with or without furnishings. H. Dubin, phone 417. 6-25-tf.

Money to Loan:—Clients have placed \$8,000 with me to loan upon land security at ten per cent. A. C. Hamilton. 6-26-tf.

For Sale:—One lot, four room cottage and small house of two large rooms on Heights; in good repair. City water and gas. Rented at \$15.00. Price \$1,500. Terms. Inquire 1620 Hidalgo street. 6-30-tf.

For Sale:—Horse, wagon and harness; game cocks; guinea pigs. Phone 1045. 6-30-tf.

For Rent:—New house 513 Zaragoza street. 7-1-5t.

For Rent:—House 1708 San Agustín avenue. Apply 809 Victoria street. 7-1-5t.

Rooms for Rent:—With or without bath. Apply Dr. C. F. Kenney, 1603 Matamoros street. 7-2-tf.

For Sale:—Porto Rico Yam slips or cuttings, at \$2.00 per thousand. Apply to F. C. Masterson, South Laredo. 7-2-4t.

For Sale:—Some choice residence lots; close in. Apply Laredo Realty Co., T. A. Bunn, Manager. 7-2-6t.

For Rent:—A piano. Phone 216. 7-3-6t.

For Sale:—One high grade player piano; used a short time only. Will sell at a bargain. Call or phone C. C. Conner, Travelers Hotel. 7-3-tf.

MIS ULACED ADMIRATION.

A lot of them were fishing close to Richmond railway bridge, when suddenly a lad of the party lost his balance and fell into the river, immediately an old fisherman standing by threw off his coat, plunged into the stream, and after a struggle brought the boy safely to land.

"Noble individual!" cried a gentleman, who was passing by at the time of the accident. "Generous preserver! But for thy timely help my poor boy's spirit would now be in the land of—"

"Stow that, guy'nor!" interrupted the old fisherman. "I didn't care nuffin, 'bout the boy. But the young beggar had got all the bait in his trousers pocket."—Pearson's Weekly.

HE KNEW THE ANSWER.

"Where's your ticket?" demanded the collector.

The sleepy yokel opened an eye, looked at the collector, and closed it again.

"Now, then where is it? Haven't you got one?" exclaimed the collector.

The traveler shifted, and opened his other eye. Then he shook his head and resumed his recumbent posture.

"All right," said the collector, consulting the book. "You'll have to pay. Five and six, please!"

The sleeper took no notice.

"Don't you hear me?" cried the inspector, shaking him angrily. "Five and six!"

For a moment the weary eyes opened again. Then a slight dawning of intelligence broke upon the yokel's countenance, and he answered: "Eleven!"—London Tit-Bits.

## Electric Bitters

Succeed when everything else fails. In nervous prostration and female weaknesses they are the supreme remedy, as thousands have testified.

FOR KIDNEY, LIVER AND STOMACH TROUBLE it is the best medicine ever sold over a druggist's counter.

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.

# FORMER GERMAN KAISER WILL BE PLACED ON TRIAL, LLOYD GEORGE TOLD THE COMMONS

## British Premier Said German Officers Who Committed Apalling Infamies would Also be Placed on Trial—German Army Inadequate, He Said, to Disturb the Peace of Germany's Feeblest Neighbor.

### HALF WAY ACROSS.

By Associated Press.

Washington, July 3.—The latest reports from the British dirigible R-34 give its position as over half way across the Atlantic and going well. It is expected to arrive at New York Friday morning.

### MISSOURI RATIFIED

By Associated Press.

Jefferson City, Mo., July 3.—Missouri today ratified the federal woman suffrage amendment.

### TO DEDICATE MOUNT ROOSEVELT.

Deadwood, S. Dak., July 3.—Arrangements have been completed for the ceremonies to be held tomorrow at the christening of Mount Theodore Roosevelt. The mountain is the highest peak in the Black Hills and overlooks the country where Roosevelt spent his ranching days. Governor Norbeck will preside at the exercises, and Maj. Gen. Leonard Wood will be one of the speakers. Other participants will include State officials from Wyoming, Montana and Nebraska and a number of personal friends of the late Col. Roosevelt.

### PREPARING FOR BIG FARM SHOW.

Kansas City, Mo., July 3.—When the doors are opened for the fourteenth annual International Soil Products Exposition to be held in this city next fall the public will be given opportunity to view one of the largest and most comprehensive agricultural shows ever given in America. In addition to agricultural products and livestock, a wide range of industrial and commercial exhibits will be shown.

The exhibition will be held in conjunction with the annual meeting of the International Farm Congress. Delegates from a majority of the American States, from the Canadian Provinces, and from many foreign countries are expected to be present. Although the action of the Mexican Government, the agricultural, natural and mineral resources of Mexico will be shown, and a large delegation, including some of the officials of the Mexican Government, are expected to accompany the exhibit and represent their government. A large exhibit is being prepared by the Province of Manitoba, while the Canadian Government will also be represented.

The government of the United States, through its joint committee on exhibits, will be represented by a large and interesting display, to which the departments of Agriculture, War, Navy, Interior, Labor and Commerce will contribute.

A special demonstration and lecture room is being planned, wherein experts will illustrate approved modern methods in special canning and various process work.

Majority for Ratification.

Copenhagen, July 3.—A majority for ratification has been secured and the German national assembly will act on the peace treaty Saturday, according to a Weimar despatch.

Complain of Bela Kun.

Paris, July 3.—A report from the inter-allied food council on the tactics

Occupied Tzaritzin.

London, July 3.—The forces of General Denikin, the anti-Bolshevik leader in southern Russia, have occupied Tzaritzin on the Volga river, according to a Russian wireless report today. The city had previously been abandoned by the Bolsheviks.

Official French Losses.

Paris, July 3.—The French losses in killed and missing on land and sea, as officially established up to November 11, 1918, were 1,366,235.

Wilson to Land Tuesday.

Washington, July 3.—President Wilson is expected to land at Hoboken Tuesday afternoon. After a reception at Carnegie Hall, where he delivers an address, he will leave for Washington.

OF INTEREST TO WOMEN.

Mrs. Charles J. Smith, of Lexington, is the first woman to be honored with the presidency of the University of Kentucky Alumni Association.

A woman of Alameda, Calif., has been granted a divorce on her testimony that her husband had bought her only two dresses in seventeen years.

The Chinese bride-to-be has to stand in a round, shallow basket while she dresses for the wedding, in order to make her of a good temper and amiable disposition.

The city of Berkeley, Calif., has decided to erect a memorial to Mrs. Helen Crandall, who fell a victim while serving as a volunteer nurse in the influenza epidemic.

Queen Marie of Roumania has requested that all families in her kingdom refrain from eating dinner one day each month and contribute the amounts thus saved to the funds for child relief.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Medicine.

Hall's Catarrh Medicine has been taken by catarrh sufferers for the past thirty-five years, and has become known as the most reliable remedy for Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Medicine acts thru the Blood on the Mucous surfaces, expelling the Poison from the Blood and healing the diseased portions.

After you have taken Hall's Catarrh Medicine for a short time you will see a great improvement in your general health. Start taking Hall's Catarrh Medicine at once and get rid of catarrh. Send for testimonials free.

J. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

### By Associated Press.

London, July 3.—Premier Lloyd George announced in the house of commons today in reporting on peace negotiations that the former German emperor will be placed on trial soon. The German army, the premier said, was inadequate to disturb the peace of the feeblest neighbor of Germany. The tribunal to try the former emperor would sit in London, he said. The terms of the treaty in some respects are terrible, the premier said, but terrible were the deeds which justified it and still more terrible would have been the consequences had Germany succeeded. The German officers who committed appalling infamies, the premier added, would be placed on trial. He declared the British delegation had taken a resolute stand in opposing any attempt to put a predominantly German population under Polish rule.

### Text of Agreement.

Paris, July 3.—The text of the agreements between France and the United States and between France and Great Britain has been given out by the foreign office. The agreement with the United States cites the articles of the peace treaty prohibiting Germany from fortifying either bank of the Rhine and provides that in case this does not assure France proper security and protection the United States is bound to come immediately to the aid of France if any unprovoked act of aggression is made against her by Germany. It provides that the treaty be submitted to the council of the league of nations, which shall decide whether to recognize it as an engagement in conformity with the league covenant, and also provides that the treaty be submitted to the United States senate and the French parliament for approval.

The agreement between Great Britain and France corresponds with that between the United States and France, with the additional provision that the treaty imposes no obligation upon any of the dominions of the British empire until and unless approved by the parliament of each dominion represented.

Majority for Ratification.

Copenhagen, July 3.—A majority for ratification has been secured and the German national assembly will act on the peace treaty Saturday, according to a Weimar despatch.

Complain of Bela Kun.

Paris, July 3.—A report from the inter-allied food council on the tactics

Occupied Tzaritzin.

London, July 3.—The forces of General Denikin, the anti-Bolshevik leader in southern Russia, have occupied Tzaritzin on the Volga river, according to a Russian wireless report today. The city had previously been abandoned by the Bolsheviks.

Official French Losses.

Paris, July 3.—The French losses in killed and missing on land and sea, as officially established up to November 11, 1918, were 1,366,235.

Wilson to Land Tuesday.

Washington, July 3.—President Wilson is expected to land at Hoboken Tuesday afternoon. After a reception at Carnegie Hall, where he delivers an address, he will leave for Washington.

OF INTEREST TO WOMEN.

Mrs. Charles J. Smith, of Lexington, is the first woman to be honored with the presidency of the University of Kentucky Alumni Association.

A woman of Alameda, Calif., has been granted a divorce on her testimony that her husband had bought her only two dresses in seventeen years.

The Chinese bride-to-be has to stand in a round, shallow basket while she dresses for the wedding, in order to make her of a good temper and amiable disposition.

The city of Berkeley, Calif., has decided to erect a memorial to Mrs. Helen Crandall, who fell a victim while serving as a



## AN ACT OF CONFISCATION.

Our state department nowadays is not mincing words with regard to the Mexican government, and it declares the recent act of the Carranza government in sending soldiers to forcibly prevent Americans from drilling wells on land owned by American individuals or corporations as "an overt act of confiscation."

For months past the Mexican government has sought to have the American and other foreign owners of oil lands in Mexico recognize the claim established by the decree of February, 1917, that the oil lands were all "the property of the nation."

Finally an attempt was made to secure this recognition by a roundabout method; that is, the foreigners were required to pay a tax without which they could neither produce nor export petroleum or its products. But in paying the tax the foreigners would thus recognize the right of the government to the title to the lands, and they consistently refused to pay or to recognize the right to demand of the government.

Repeated complaints directed by our government to the Mexican government resulted in nothing, Carranza even refusing to answer our state department until after our troops crossed at Juarez in pursuit of the Villa forces, and then he said no permits to drill would be granted until the companies "complied with the law."

Put as compliance with the law in this case meant recognition of the right of the Carranza government to the property which the Americans had bought and paid for, and since had developed at a further cost of some millions of dollars, it was out of the question for them to accede to the demand.

It is evident that we may not look to the present Mexican government for gratitude for favors received. The recent incident at Juarez, even though it was not intended for aid to the Carranza faction, was in effect a great help to the Juarez garrison, yet we are treated as if it was an unwarranted invasion of Mexican supremacy.

We are asking nothing of Mexico but justice. It is the rankest injustice to attempt to confiscate property legally purchased by Americans who have done nothing since to warrant that confiscation. That is, they have done nothing more than to earn a profit on their investment and pay the extremely high taxes of the Mexican government. It is true that they have also paid blackmail to the Pelaez insurgents who are in control of the territory where the oil men are operating. But this is not charged by the Mexican government as being in violation of any law, as they pay the taxes at the port of export and pay them in American gold, the Carranza officials refusing to accept their own money for taxes.

Two things always stamp a government as unjust and corrupt—confiscation of private property and repudiation of public debt. And the present Mexican government is guilty of both these offenses.

Meanwhile, our government is piling up the evidence as to the incapacity of the Mexican government, and the bill is constantly mounting upward. Sooner or later there will have to be a reckoning, and the more the Mexican government does to the Americans running their legitimate business in Mexico, the higher the bill will be.

The Americans are paying taxes, presumably for the same privileges and protection that people pay taxes elsewhere to secure. But they have no protection from the Mexican government. They have to pay for every guard on a paymaster's boat; they have to pay blackmail to Pelaez for protection in the producing region, and they are robbed right and left despite the taxes which they pay, the greatest amount of money paid to the government in all Mexico.

But of one thing the Mexican government may rest assured. They may confiscate the American properties, but they will never get the American owners or the American government to acknowledge that there is the slightest foundation for the Mexican claim of ownership of the property.

## UNCLE JOE EXPLAINS.

In a recent interview "Uncle" Joe Cannon, the veteran Republican leader who for years was one of the most prominent figures in Washington, said: "I don't know a damn thing about the league of nations and nobody else does."

It was evident from his attitude that this remark was intended as a rebuke to those who are at present criticizing the league covenant and demanding that it be separated from the peace treaty.

Uncle Joe is at least honest in his expression. He does not pretend to know more about the league than the men who framed its covenant, and in this he differs from certain Republican leaders who are attempting to convince the people that they do know all about it and that the rest of the world is mistaken in differing with them.

Many prominent Republicans are taking the same view that Mr. Cannon takes. They are willing to wait to have the league covenant explained before they announce their attitude on the subject, and most of them so far express their satisfaction with the league as they understand it.

It must be remembered that the bulk of the Republican voters, the same as the Democratic voters, are opposed to any more wars, and that they are determined to lend their hearty support to anything which promises to put an end to wars in the future.

But above all, the people are learning that much smoke from the senate chamber does not necessarily mean anything more than a spindling little fire which can easily be put out. They have learned from past experience that the senate is fond of pyrotechnic displays that, like Goldberg's cartoons, "don't mean anything."

It is a question if Uncle Joe Cannon is not as well informed as any of his confreres in the senate as to the league of nations, and perhaps better informed than some of them. He was noted in the past for a grasp of affairs that was seldom equalled by that of any of his colleagues.

But he is honest and outspoken enough to say that doesn't know anything about it, meaning thereby that he is willing to learn. And his attitude is a good example for some of the people who are attacking the league before they are really informed as to its constitution and its meaning.

It is doubtful if there is any American more loyal than Joe Cannon. He went through the four years of the Civil War in a hotbed of secession sympathizers who at all times were disposed to make things warm for anyone who differed with them. Yet he was state's attorney for his county and he made a record of loyal patriotic service that has rarely been equalled.

It is hardly likely that he is now on the wrong side of the fence when it comes to standing up for his own country, and while he has always been a strong partisan, he is one of those who have always put country before party.

Perhaps Messrs. Borah, Knox, Lodge, et al, will change their views when they are really informed as to the league, but how much better it would have been for them to acknowledge their ignorance, as Uncle Joe has done, and wait for information before telling the world how little they knew of the subject in hand.

The opponents of the league are not enough to form a ward caucus, yet they are arrogating to themselves the privilege of dictating to the rest of the country concerning it.

They have no voice in the making of the treaty, yet they have declared that they are "agin it." They have nothing to say concerning the league, yet they are saying a great deal, and most of it useless and futile.

They are in the same boat with Uncle Joe. They don't know a well, a lame thing about the league, yet they are telling what it is and what it is not, just as if they had raised it from a pup.

And a few months from now they are going to find themselves discredited and ridiculed. The people are too smart to be fooled for very long.

## TODAY'S EVENTS.

Today is the 275th anniversary of the battle at Marston Moor, where Cromwell changed the history of England by his decisive victory over the royalists.

The 150th anniversary of the first religious service conducted in English at St. John's, N. B., will be celebrated in that city today.

A big celebration is to be held today in Dallas, Texas, in honor of the return of the soldiers of the Ninetieth Division from France.

The annual convention of the Wisconsin Letter Carriers' Association is to be entertained in Milwaukee during the three days beginning today.

Governor Gardner has called a special session of the Missouri legislature to meet today to take action in regards to the ratification of the Federal woman suffrage amendment.

St. Louis is prepared to welcome several thousand visitors today in anticipation of the opening in that city of the international convention of the Baptist Young People's Union of America.

Plans for the \$75,000,000 campaign to be conducted by Southern Baptists are to be considered at a conference in Nashville today of leaders of the denomination from 8 states.

At today's sessions of the National Education Association, in Milwaukee, representatives of France, England and the United States will discuss "Education for the Establishment of a Democracy in the World."

## GOVERNMENT CHECKS HELD FOR OWNERS.

Jennie Norman,  
Rose Brugger,

Edna Allen Hale,  
Eva Brown,

Deliah Lee Klapotwskie,  
Lupe Chiles,

Velma Graybill,

Nettie Miller,  
Alice McKinney,

Luella Parson,  
Gertrudis Canales Vela,  
Rose Seymour.

Government checks for the above named are being held at the Office of the Civilian Relief Dept., American Red Cross, 1214 Farragut St., subject to claimant's call. Any information as to the address of these parties will be greatly appreciated.

Chairman Civilian Relief,  
American Red Cross,  
Webb County Chapter.  
(Other papers please copy.)

## KAISER WILLIAM AT METZ



Some time ago William Hohenzollern, then kaiser of Germany, had placed at the entrance of the cathedral of Metz this extraordinary statue of himself. Since his abdication some one has hung upon it the placard with the Latin inscription, "Sic Transit Gloria Mundi."

## The Flower She Wore.

As blossom time comes around again we instinctively recall those that have figured in fiction, says the New York Evening Post. The flower that she wore! In all literature nothing stands out like the mignonette of Anna Karenina (for seer and reformer what an adept Tolstoy was at describing women's dress! Few story tellers pure and simple have equalled him). We are not allowed to forget the camellias of a certain lady, nor the scent of a jasmine flower in Paris at the opera there, and we confess to remembering with joy the red, red rose in "The Complete Life of John Hopkins." We should be glad to forget "Rappaccini's Daughter," with her purple poison flower, but we defy anyone who has fallen under the spell of that dread story to be able to do so. And always, Ophelia.

## LOCAL NEWS

—The importations through this port from Mexico yesterday afternoon consisted of two carloads of beer (bier) and one carload of calamine.

—R. M. Johnson has a few nice young saddle horses, suitable for harness, for sale. Can be seen at the stock pens for two days only. R. M. Johnson, Hamilton Hotel. 7-1-2t.

—The following marriage license has been issued by the county clerk since last report: Antonio Robles and Miss Elvira Correa.

—Mr. and Mrs. Enrique W. Morton have purchased the cottage at No. 1320 Davis avenue and have moved their home there from 2003 Victoria street.

—Heavy clouds hung over the southern portion of Laredo last evening for a while and there was some thunder and lightning, but the whole thing proved only a great big bluff, for nothing resulted from the disturbance. A good shower fell at noon today.

—As will be seen by reference elsewhere, The Times will have read and post bulletins on the Willard-Dempsey prize fight which takes place in Toledo, Ohio, Friday afternoon. The Times invites everyone to come and get the results of the big fight round by round as it takes place.

—The Mexican situation is looming high these days and Laredo, nestling here on the border, is much interested in developments that are taking place up Washington way.

## EASY.

I was hurrying home up the hill when a little boy came rushing down in such haste that he ran headlong into me. He was quite breathless and flushed:

"Have you seen my pa?" he managed to stammer.

"I don't know your pa, little boy," said I. He looked at me in round-eyed wonder and his pink cheeks fairly stuck out.

"You don't know my pa?" he said, incredulously. "Why, I know pa just as easy!"—New York Evening Post.

## TIMES WANT ADS.

\$\$\$ Money Makers \$\$\$

## FOR BETTER MAIL SERVICE AND AGENT ON NIGHT TRAIN

REQUEST MADE FOR MAIL AGENT ON NIGHT TRAIN.

Additional Facilities For Postoffice Here Are Also Being Urged by Local Commercial Organization.

There have been so many requests directed to the Chamber of Commerce that the board of directors have made an investigation and have found that the people of Laredo are justified in demanding additional facilities for handling the business of this district. The argument filed with the postoffice department involves two distinct propositions.

First: Our night mail trains do not carry mail route agents. Hence there is no local mail between here and San Antonio on the night trains nor is there any registered mail possible between here and San Antonio on the night trains. While there may have been conditions ten years ago which justified omitting these night mail route agent facilities, it appears to the Chamber of Commerce that that time has passed, and they have filed an argument with the Postoffice Department requesting that mail route service be installed on the night trains. The postoffice business amounts to about \$60,000 to \$65,000 as compared to about \$20,000 six or eight years ago.

Second: The Chamber of Commerce committee has found that our postoffice is glutted with overflow mail into Mexico, especially Parcel Post packages and registered mail, to an extent that is not fair to the business interests of Laredo nor to the trade relations with Mexico. During March this committee requested an inspection by the Supervising Architect of the Treasury Department and such an inspection was granted. During April estimates were made by the Inspector and designs submitted for providing additional floor space. It is now being urged that these additional facilities be granted with the least delay possible.

Developments have progressed far enough that our people should be posted on what the situation is, and what the Chamber of Commerce is attempting to accomplish. They ask the co-operation of all business men interested in the future of Laredo, as well as the greatest efficiency in handling the Postoffice and Mail Service into this important port. It will be necessary to command every influence possible in order that the proper authorities may be convinced that there is a popular demand for these additional facilities and for this improved service. No citizen of Laredo should fail to exercise that influence and co-operate along the lines indicated.

## BULLETINS OF BIG FIGHT.

Will Be Read and Posted, Round by Round, at Times Office on Friday.

Who will win the heavyweight pugilistic battle on July 4—Jess Willard, the present champion, or Jack Dempsey, the contender for the honor?

There is much interest in the big fight which takes place beginning at 3 o'clock Toledo, Ohio, time, and The Daily Times, in order to give the lovers of the sport in Laredo an opportunity to get the results of the battle, will receive the news direct from the ring-side in bulletins, round by round, and the bulletins will be read and posted as fast as received. The Times invites all its patrons and friends (and enemies, too, if there be any) to come to this office about 2 o'clock Friday afternoon and hear the results of the great heavyweight championship battle.

## TWO IMPORTANT TELEGRAMS.

The following is a copy of an official telegram received last night by United States Consul Robertson and is self-explanatory:

Washington, D. C., July 1, 919. American Consul,

Laredo, Texas.

Effective July 1 all control over export and import of wheat and wheat flour will be transferred from war trade board and vested in United States Wheat Director.

Phillips, Acting. Another telegram was also received stating that the War Trade Board has been abolished and the functions and personnel have been transferred to the department of state.

**BREEDEN'S RHEUMATIC COMPOUND**  
FOR RHEUMATISM SOLD EVERYWHERE

Sold By

Reed's Drug Store, People's Pharmacy and J. M. Ramos.

## REBELS CAPTURE CAPITAL AND LIBERATE PRISONERS

CARRANCISTAS DID NOT EVEN KNOW THEY WERE IN CITY.

Lopez and His Men Invade Victoria While Officers Are Having Good Time and Release Prisoners.

An American business man who arrived in Laredo several days ago from Tampico, and who stopped over at Victoria, capital of the state of Tamaulipas, while en route to the border, tells an interesting story of how a small band of revolutionists under command of a man named Lopez captured the capital of Tamaulipas on the night of Sunday, June 22, accomplished the purpose of their visit and got away before the Carrancista soldiers even knew that the rebels had come into the town and liberated all prisoners held by them.

The American says that on Sunday night, June 22, just as the band concert on the main plaza of Victoria ceased about 10:30 o'clock, a band of about eighty revolutionists in command of a man named Lopez rode to the outskirts of Victoria, captured the Carranza guards on duty on the outskirts, went to the Carranza garrison and there liberated a number of rebels held prisoners, then went into the center of the city and towards the casino, where Governor Osuna and other state officers, the commander of the Victoria garrison and other Carranza officers were having a gay time.

A messenger who had detected the presence of the strange men warned those at the casino that rebels had invaded the city in large force and that several thousand of them were headed for the casino. Governor Osuna and his staff and the Carranza officers made their escape through rear doors and windows of the casino, but in the meantime the rebels decided not to go into the casino, which was in darkness when they arrived there, and turned about and left the city as quietly as they had entered, having accomplished the object of their visitation, the liberation of all prisoners. While all this was going on the men of the Carranza garrison in Victoria were scattered about town, and when the alarm was finally sounded the rebels had left the city and had gone several miles to the eastward without having had as much as a shot fired at them by the Carrancistas who were supposed to be guarding the capital of the state of Tamaulipas.

## MEETING OF CITY COUNCIL CONSIDERS MANY MATTERS

Everything From Revaluation of Lot to Refusing to Pay for Bad Water Service Was Acted Upon.

A regular semi-monthly meeting of the city council was held last evening, when, in addition to routine business, several other matters of importance came up for consideration and were acted upon.

A petition asking that a fire plug be placed on a certain part of Guadalupe St. was referred to a committee. A petition for a re-valuation of Lot No. 441, W. D. and a petition for a quit claim deed by James and Ada Keiler from the City of Laredo for certain property purchased from the city, were also considered, the latter being referred to City Secretary Woodman.

A letter from the I. & G. N. Ry. Co. requesting the city to rescind its order providing for the opening up of Washington street was taken under advisement.

The council, by unanimous vote, instructed Mayor McComb to notify the Laredo Water Co. that unless they maintained a maximum pressure of water on the Heights the city will hereafter pay no warrants for water service to the Heights.

## IN THE DAY'S NEWS.

JULY 2.

Governor Sidney J. Catts's announcement that he will be a candidate for the senatorial toga now worn by the veteran Duncan U. Fletcher means that an exciting primary campaign is in prospect in Florida. For the Governor has established a reputation as a hard fighter, a reputation that extends back to the days when he was a country Baptist minister fighting to extract dollars from his congregation for the advancement of the work of the church. Governor Catts is an Alabamian who attended Howard College and the Alabama Polytechnic Institute and studied law for a spell, before he entered the Baptist ministry in 1884. Prior to taking up his residence in Florida he filled several long pastorates in Alabama and incidentally was an unsuccessful candidate for Congress in that State. After going to Florida he continued his interest in politics and in 1916 won the gubernatorial nomination and election in one of the stormiest political fights in the State's history.

There seems to be a streak in the mentality of the radical reformer which makes virtue an exclusive possession of himself and his own organization. His panacea is the only honest one. He regards anybody else who is effectively making progress not only as being crooked, but with intense jealousy. With his mind attuned to the theory that whatever is wrong, he falls into the easy habit of that denunciation which is too often only the cloak for ignorance or mental only laziness. It will probably be found that the radical organizations are more afflicted with this sort of temperament than with anything on the order of disloyalty or pro-Germanism.—Newark Evening News.

Chamberlain's Tablets.

These tablets are intended especially for stomach troubles, biliousness and constipation. If you have any trouble of this sort, give them a trial and realize for yourself what a first class medicine will do for you. They only cost a quarter.

Lame Shoulder.

This ailment is usually caused by rheumatism of the muscles. All that is needed is absolute rest and a few applications of Chamberlain's Liniment. Try it.

## VERY CLOSE SURVEILLANCE ALONG THE MEXICAN BORDER

AIR SERVICE OFFICERS ASSIGNED TO DUTY AT BORDER POSTS.

Lieutenants Shields, Smith and Walthal Have Been Assigned to Duty With 37th Infantry Here.

The entire Mexican border is to be kept under strict surveillance by the United States war department through the Southern Department, who are now assigning air service officers to stations along the border with the troops already stationed at all border posts. Twenty-eight air service officers from Kelly Field, with their machines, have been ordered to proceed to their new stations, those assigned to the 37th Infantry at Fort McIntosh being Lieutenants Henry M. Shields, Milton J. Smith and Leroy Walthead.

Commenting on the assignment of the air service officers to border posts the San Antonio Express of yesterday contains the following:

That a closer watch will be kept on border conditions is further indicated by an order directing Maj. Roscoe B. Woodruff, Southern Department intelligence officer, to proceed to military posts and stations along the Rio Grande to instruct intelligence officers and arrange for better co-operation between these points and the main office of the department. Included in the list of posts to be visited are Nogales, Naco, Douglas, Hachita, Columbus, El Paso, Marfa, El Rio, Eagle Pass and Fort Clark.

Lieut. Col. Hans O. Olson, Signal Corps, recently of Camp Bowie, was ordered to Fort Sam Houston and assigned to duty in the department signal office. Capt. Albert S. Blatterman, Signal Corps, Fort Sam Houston, to Fort Bliss, El Paso, for duty in connection with Signal Corps installation on airplanes doing border duty; Capt. John J. Gallagher, air service, assigned to duty in the office of the department intelligence officer at Fort Sam Houston.

## SENTIMENTALISM OR WHAT?

It may surprise some people to find a current of opposition against Wilson, the treaty and the league among the radicals. For instance, Townley of the non-partisan league, now so strong in five of the Northwestern states, bitterly denounces the peace treaty as undemocratic. There are similar evidences of opposition to the terms of the treaty—and consequently to the league, for the two can not be separated—from other radical sources.

That the so-called reactionaries and ultra-conservatives should quarrel with Wilson and all his works is to be expected. He has probably been the most radical president we have ever had, and common experience with human nature goes to prove that the dislike of policies soon translates itself into dislike of person, and that again becomes so intense that the personal and partisan motive is strong enough to shut off reasonable judgment on later policies. They are to be damned because they are Wilson's and regardless of their effects. But why the radicals?

A few months ago Townley's course would have resulted in a more emphatic reiteration of the charge that the non-partisans were pro-German. This is not the only radical organization against which this accusation was levelled and in some instances with rather more substantial reason. All such movements attract to themselves a fringe of chronic dissenters, sentimentalists, sapheads and hobby riders, who are trying to load themselves and their own social curealls onto the band wagon. Sooner or later they sink it. That there should be pro-Germans among such is wholly natural.

But in many cases the easy charge of the pro-Germanism will not rise as a satisfactory explanation for their attitude. The cause is probably deeper and psychological. In the days when Theodore Roosevelt was the dominant figure in the American reform movement he was assailed by those who are his present most ardent admirers as the destroyer of the American commonwealth with a vindictiveness only equalled by the lampooning he got from the socialist organs. Nor is his experience unusual.

There seems to be a streak in the mentality of the radical reformer which makes virtue an exclusive possession of himself and his own organization. His panacea is the only honest one. He regards anybody else who is effectively making progress not only as being crooked, but with intense jealousy. With his mind attuned to the theory that whatever is wrong, he falls into the easy habit of that denunciation which is too often only the cloak for ignorance or mental only laziness. It will probably be found that the radical organizations are more afflicted with this sort of temperament than with anything on the order of disloyalty or pro-Germanism.—Newark Evening News.

## Chamberlain's Tablets.

These tablets are intended especially for stomach troubles, biliousness and constipation. If you have any trouble of this sort, give them a trial and realize for yourself what a first class medicine will do for you. They only cost a quarter.

## TODAY'S ANNIVERSARIES.

JULY 2.

1714—Christopher Gluck, a German operatic composer who made his greatest successes in Paris, born in the Upper Palatinate. Died in Vienna, Nov. 18, 1787.

1767—Stephen Allen, mayor of New York City and one of the early leaders of Tammany Hall, born in New York. Perished in the steamboat "Henry Clay" disaster on the Hudson, July 28, 1852.

1819—Lucius J. Knowles, whose inventions did much to develop the thread-making industry, born at Harvard, Mass. Died in Washington, D. C., Feb. 25, 1884.

1849—Father Mathew, the great Irish temperance leader, was welcomed in New York as the guest of the city.

1867—Lord Monck took the oath of office as first Governor-General of the Dominion of Canada.

1903—Cuba ceded to the United States two naval stations, and government of the Isle of Pines settled.

1915—Main Austro-German forces drove Russians northward toward Lublin.

1916—French drive hurled Germans back on 25-mile front along the Somme.

1917—Russians broke through Austro-German defenses in Galicia.

## SOUNDED BAD.

W. R. Buckner, the memory expert, tells a good one on himself. A few weeks ago he alighted at the station of a small Oregon town, where he was scheduled to deliver a lecture on his system of "remembering things," says the San Francisco Chronicle. The aged dandy in charge of the decrepit hotel van approached him and inquired how many trunks he had.

"I don't use any trunks," said Buckner.

"But you is a travelin' man, isn't you?" inquired the Jehu.

"Yes—but I sell brains."

"Well, suh," signed the old driver, "Ah've been totin' salesmen from dis depo' fo' nigh twenty years, an' you've de fust one Ah ever struck what didn't carry no samples!"

## TODAY'S BIRTHDAYS.

JULY 2.

Most Rev. George W. Mundelein, Roman Catholic archbishop of Chicago, born in Brooklyn, N. Y., 47 years ago today.

William Le Queux, one of the most popular of present-day novelists, born in London, 55 years ago today.

Crown Prince Olav, heir to the throne of Norway, born in England, 16 years ago today.

Dr. Frederick P. Keppel, late Assistant Secretary of War, now director of foreign operations of the American Red Cross, born in New York, 44 years ago today.

Dr. Grace Raymond Hebard, noted suffragist, professor of political economy in the University of Wyoming, born at Clinton, Iowa, 58 years ago today.

Eugene Black, representative in Congress of the First Texas district, born at Blossom, Texas, 40 years ago today.

## RUINS IN NORTHERN FRANCE.

The statement that 550,000 buildings in Northern France must be reconstructed because of damage done to them in the war sums up a total devastation incomprehensible to ordinary men and women. It dazes and does not enlighten.

In the great fire of London in 1666 the number of buildings destroyed was 13,350. When Moscow was burned in 1812 to thwart Napoleon's invasion of Russia, 30,800 buildings went up in flames. The fire of 1835 in New York City wiped out 674 houses and warehouses. Constantinople lost 2,500 shops and 500 dwellings in the conflagration of 1848; in Pera, the foreigners' quarter of that city, in 1870 fire destroyed 7,000 buildings. Flames caused the destruction of 17,450 buildings in the city of Chicago in 1871. Boston lost 776 buildings, of which 769 were brick, in the fire of 1882. In 1892 St. John's, N. F., saw 600 buildings go up in smoke. The Baltimore fire of 1904, to help extinguish which fire apparatus was sent from this city, cost 2,500 buildings. One-third of San Francisco was burned in 1906. The conflagration in Osaka, Japan, in 1912, accounted for 5,000 buildings. When, in 1914, Salem, Mass., burned, 1,000 buildings were sacrificed to the flames.

These historic conflagrations, which bring to mind terrible hardships suffered by thousands of persons, offer a standard by which to judge the condition to which Northern France and its population were reduced by the war. Without some standard of this kind with which to make comparison, the record of 550,000 razed or ruined buildings is almost meaningless.

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.





Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt  
Society Editor

Phone 76 Phone 43

#### SOCIAL CALENDAR.

- Tuesday.**
- The Sunbeam Band of the Baptist Church will meet at the church at 5 o'clock in the afternoon.
  - Community Singing at the Soldiers Club in the evening.
- Wednesday.**
- The Knights of Columbus will entertain with their regular weekly dance at the K. of C. Hall in Fort McIntosh in the evening.

#### Words.

Words, when their masters bid them—  
What are they?  
Wings for a soul's adventure with a star;  
Keys that unlock the inner gates of truth;  
Seeds that reft the furrows of all time;  
Ships that put forth across uncharted seas;  
Jewels for Beauty's throat;  
Lightnings that rive and cleanse;  
Torches that fire a world;  
Bells,  
Bugles,  
Drums,  
And swords of puissant steel!

—Hilton R. Greer.

#### General Mention.

The ladies of the W. M. U. of the Baptist church will entertain informally for Mrs. W. S. Patrick Thursday afternoon after the regular meeting at the home of Mrs. A. F. Beddoe.

The regular weekly dance will be held at the Knights of Columbus hall at Fort McIntosh tomorrow night.

Secretary M. J. Flynn and Secretary J. E. Dorais arrived in the city yesterday morning to help in the border activities lately taken up by the Knights of Columbus.

Mrs. J. T. Murphy and daughters, Misses Lucille and Ruth expect to leave tomorrow for San Antonio for a few days visit and then to Houston where they will attend the Murphy-Franks wedding on the 9th of July. Mr. Harris Murphy will join them in San Antonio and accompany them to Houston.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Jennings are in the city from the ranch for a short visit and are stopping at the Hamilton.

Mr. and Mrs. R. M. Johnson returned this morning from a several days visit to San Antonio are guests at the Hamilton.

Mr. Wilbur Allen of Hebronville is in the city and will return to the Josefine ranch tomorrow. He will be accompanied by Misses Mary Cook and Rosita Barlow, who will remain for a two weeks' stay, the guests of Miss Florence.

Dr. J. T. Ward and little daughters, Margaret and Mary, and niece Barbara Biggio are expected home this week from a delightful motor trip to different points in the state.

Mr. Alfred Campbell will leave tomorrow for Corpus Christi to spend a few days with his mother.

Major Claude Gullette arrived in the city this morning for a short stay.

Mr. H. B. Gullette of Mexico is in the city for a few days.

Mr. Aubrey T. Adkins of Refugio returned home Monday after a short visit to his sister, Miss Adkins and Mrs. A. H. Camp.

Mr. A. H. Camp of Hebronville is in the city spending a few days with his family.

Mrs. F. H. Lusk and two little granddaughters, Dorothy and Marion Jackson of Austin, arrived in the city yesterday. Mrs. Lusk has been the guest of her daughter, Mrs. Clarence Jackson of Austin, for the past four weeks.

Rev. J. Ward is in San Antonio for a short stay.

Miss Louvina Sirois has returned from Austin where she has been attending the University the past year.

Miss May Netzer, who has been in Austin the past year attending the University, remained there to attend summer school.

Col. and Mrs. E. A. Roche expect to leave this week for Manitou Springs, Colorado, for a several months stay.

Mrs. Buck and children of Memphis, Tenn., are expected to arrive in the

city on July the 4th to join General Buck at Fort McIntosh.

Miss Virginia Roach has returned home after a visit of several weeks to her sister, Mrs. H. M. Curbello, Freeport, Texas, and Mrs. Allen Hall, Corpus Christi, Texas.

#### Club Notes.

The Blue Birds enjoyed a delightful splash party at Bella Vista yesterday afternoon. After the swim a delicious luncheon was enjoyed under the arbor. The young folk were chaperoned by Mesdames A. Poggenpohl, Ward, Burnett, Copeland, and Sauvignat. Those who enjoyed the outing were Margaret and Eugenia Copeland, Evelyn Kerr, Evelyn Randolph, Mary Condren, Leonore Cross, Kewpie Macdonald, Chub Macdonald, Doris and Dorothy Wilson, Bess Bryant, Jennie May Gallahan, Dorothy Borchers, Gladys Sauvignat, Clare Derby and Madonna Sorrell.

#### Entertainment.

The Woman's Club entertained with their regular weekly at home dance at the Market Hall last night. The hall was prettily decorated in red roses and ferns. The delightful feature of last evening was the songs given by Miss Courtney Slaughter. Good music and a large attendance made the affair very pleasant. The hostesses were Mesdames Shahady and Slaughter.

#### Dancing Party.

Miss Mary Paul Goldmann of Austin, the attractive house guest of Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Fish, was delightfully complimented last evening with a dancing party given by Mrs. E. J. Foster. The rooms were prettily decorated in white jack bean blossoms and ferns. The color note of white and green was reflected in the refreshment course. Delicious fruit punch was served throughout the evening. Among those who enjoyed the delightful hospitality of the occasion were Miss Mary Paul Goldmann, the honor guest; and Misses Marjorie Lou Fish, Willie Brennan, Pollie Yates, Merrell Lake, Virginia Penn, Eva Scratchley, Evelyn Ryan, Elsie Werner, Phyllis Bunn, Irene Leyendecker, Selma and Hilda Klein-smith, Laura Taylor, Dorothy Morton, Will James, James and Philip Moore, Ernst Bueenz, Clyde Brennan, Sam Johnson, Dave Slaughter, Danny Boone Lowry, Ted G'Sell, Aaron Moser, August Wormser, Edwin Wormser, Hugh Yates, C. C. Matbes, Juan Gongora, Felix Gongora and Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Fish and others.

#### Vacation Party.

Yesterday afternoon from 4 to 6:30 Mrs. C. H. Kehl entertained a crowd of young folks, the occasion being the eighth birthday of Master Robert Paul Kehl. Games were played and the time was passed pleasantly by all. In breaking the piñata Master Jack Younkin was the winner, receiving a toy auto filled with candy. In cutting the birthday cake Ethel Puster cut the ring, Woody Bunn cut the dime and Edward Fasnacht cut the button. Ice cream, cake and candy were served after breaking the piñata. Those who enjoyed the delightful hospitality were: Evans and Jack Younkin, Woody and Nettie Bunn, Virginia Lee and Merle Anne Netzer, Joe, Theresa and Edward Fasnacht, Fay Kerr, Anita and Ethel Lane, Mary Anderson, Ethel and Alta Gracia Puster, Palmer, Anna Louise and Baby Haynie, Ralph Cook, Jack, Eleanor and Horace Kehl. Those assisting Mrs. Kehl were Mesdames Anderson, Kerr and Haynie, Mary Cook and George Kehl.

#### Watermelon Party.

The young men of the Christian Endeavor of the Christian Church entertained their friends last night with a watermelon party on the lawn at the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Hamilton. A very enjoyable time was had.

#### TODAY'S EVENTS.

National Buttermilk Day in the United States.

Celebration of Dominion Day throughout Canada.

Beginning of the fiscal year of the United States.

Forty-fifth anniversary of the abduction of Charles Ross, in Philadelphia, the most celebrated kidnapping case in history.

Centennial anniversary of the birth of Reuben E. Fenton, who served as governor of New York during the last year of the civil war.

The old rates on first-class mail matter in the United States, which were in effect prior to Nov. 2, 1917, will be resumed today.

A special election is to be held today in the Fourth Minnesota congressional district to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Representative Van Dyke.

The eighth biennial supreme convention of the National Order, Daughters of Isabella, will meet at Utica, N. Y., today for a four-day session.

A meeting is to open at New Orleans today to perfect the organization of the American Cotton Association, an outgrowth of the cotton acreage reduction movement.

"The New World and the Demand It Will Make Upon Public Education" is to be the general theme at today's sessions of the National Education convention in Milwaukee.

#### TIMES WANT ADS.

\$\$\$ Money Makers \$\$\$

## NEW RAIL PLANS ON SOUND BASIS

Congress Determined to Make Certain Future Growth of Transportation Facilities.

PLANS AGREE ON PRINCIPLES.

Return of Roads to Owners With Assurance of Adequate Revenues.

Washington.—One of the big problems before the new Congress is getting the railroads back on a peace basis. These 260,000 miles of steel highways were taken over by the Government as an indispensable arm of the national defense; but now that their war service is over, there is a country-wide demand that the Government restore them to their owners to be operated on normal American business standards of efficiency.

But, as has been pointed out by President Wilson as well as by many men in public life who have given this subject years of careful study, it is not enough simply to say to the railroad companies, "Take these railroads and give the country the best transportation service that money and brains can provide."

#### Old Laws Obstruct Growth.

The President recently said that it would be a serious mistake to return to the old conditions of railroad regulation without reforming the antiquated laws that were obstructing the free development of transportation facilities. The Director General of Railroads has recently made an inspection trip from coast to coast, and he has been telling the people that the time has now come to put the railroads on a sound foundation.

The plans for a better system of national control of railroads are as varied as were the plans for banking and currency reform when Congress received a mandate from the people to provide insurance against financial panics. The public now demands insurance against a breakdown of railroad transportation, and the new Congress is undertaking this work as secondary only to insurance against international warfare. Congress solved the banking problem seven years ago as a non-partisan issue, in which all the people had a common interest, and Congress evidently is tackling the railroad problem with the same spirit.

While the many plans that have been proposed differ in the methods to be adopted in reaching the desired goal, it has been pointed out by Senator Cummins of Iowa that all these plans have really very much in common—so much so that he is confident that Congress will have little difficulty in framing a bill that will meet with popular approval, and that will take the railroad question out of politics for many years to come.

#### Many Plans With One Aim.

The Iowa Senator has a commanding position in this Congress because he is the ranking member of the Interstate Commerce Committee of the United States Senate, and it is in this committee that the new railroad bill will take final form. In an address before a national meeting of business men at St. Louis Senator Cummins stated that since the close of the war fully thirty complete plans for new railroad legislation had been submitted to him by business men, economists, bankers, railroad officials and owners, Government officials, railroad workers and just plain citizens.

The basic principles upon which all of these plans, with one exception, agree are as follows:

1. Private operation is more efficient and more economical than Government operation, and the public interest will therefore be served by a return of the roads to private management.
2. To make certain that new capital will be attracted to the expansion of railroad facilities, there ought to be greater certainty that a fair return will be earned on the investment.
3. The merging of weak and strong roads into large competing systems should be encouraged.

The making of a formula to provide a fair return on railroad capital seems likely to be the phase of the problem most thoroughly debated in Congress. The Director General has been urging that the Government ought to guarantee a certain return and share in any excess earnings. Leading bankers, especially some of the international bankers in Wall street, who have in the past marketed many hundreds of millions of railroad securities, also look favorably on the suggestion of a Government guarantee, which will make it easier to sell new securities, and will also stabilize the market for the old bonds and stocks.

#### Government Guarantee Opposed.

But the proposal that the Government shall guarantee the interest and dividends on private capital invested in railroads will undoubtedly meet with very vigorous opposition in many quarters. Even railroad executives, who might be supposed to take kindly to the idea of a Government guarantee against failure, have frankly stated that they do not want it, because they believe it is un-American in principle, would tend to lessen efficiency, and would involve the roads in a Government partnership that would inevitably lead to Government ownership.

## COAL SHORTAGE ON WAY; GOVT. SAYS BUY NOW

May Be Repetition of 1917-18 Conditions Next Winter Says Geological Survey.

MINES IDLE WITHOUT ORDERS.

Those Who Delay Ordering Longer May Not Get Their Fuel Later On.

The United States Geological Survey announces from Washington the probability of another general coal shortage next fall and winter. The announcement is based, the Survey states, upon a nation-wide study of conditions in the bituminous field. Unless steps are taken at once, the Survey says, to place the mines upon a basis of increased production there is every prospect of a repetition to some degree of the situation that prevailed in the United States during the winter of 1917-18.

The only way production can be stimulated at the present time, it is said, is by placing orders with the mines for coal which will be needed later on. "Production during the first five months of the year," reads the statement, "fell 57,292,000 net tons, or approximately 25% below production during the first five months of 1918. Mines are producing coal now at the rate of from 8,000,000 to 8,500,000 tons a week. An average output of 10,700,000 tons a week must be maintained from June 1 to January 1 next if the country's estimated needs of 500,000,000 tons this year are to be met."

#### Evil of Delayed Orders.

At no time during this year has the rate of production approached the required tonnage. The tendency on the part of buyers to hold off placing their orders is limiting production, as the mines cannot store coal at the point of production, and when the rush of orders for the winter's needs comes next fall there is grave danger that the mines, with depleted labor forces and the probability of less adequate transportation, will be unable to meet the demands. The result of such a situation would be an insufficient supply for the requirements of domestic consumers, public utilities and industrial users generally.

"It is believed that requirements for this year," reads a Survey statement to Fuel Administrator Garfield, "will be about 530,000,000 tons of bituminous coal, of which approximately 30,000,000 tons have been used from stocks accumulated last year, leaving 500,000,000 tons to be produced. Of this 500,000,000 tons 178,000,000 tons were produced during the first five months, leaving 322,000,000 tons to be produced in the remaining 30 weeks, or an average of 10,700,000 tons a week."

"Thus far this year production has been at the rate of 8,200,000 tons a week. In 1918 production was at the rate of 11,300,000 tons a week. "This production will be difficult of accomplishment. The capacity of operating mines at the present time with labor now on the payroll is about 10% lower than it was last year. This deficiency may be made up in part or wholly if the mines have orders sufficient to run them five or six days a week unless the threatened exodus of foreign-born labor occurs."

#### May Be Car Shortage.

"Present wage agreements between operators and miners expire with the proclamation of peace by the President. A suspension of mining operations while a new wage agreement is being negotiated would, of course, seriously interfere with the production of coal and if it should occur during the fall would cause a panic among buyers and consumers of coal."

There is no use in gambling upon this or any other contingency, fuel administration officials say. The firm or individual who wants to be sure of an adequate coal supply next winter can be certain by buying coal now. There is no other way such assurance can be obtained. Transportation also promises to be a limiting factor if the flood tide of demand comes at a time when the country's record crops are being carried. In some districts it would appear certain that, notwithstanding the utmost endeavors of the Railroad Administration and the utilization of its experience last fall, coal shortage will be a cause limiting bituminous coal production, and for that reason it is problematical whether the expected production of 500,000,000 tons can be attained this year.

Shortage of labor already is a factor that is cutting down the output in some coal producing sections, according to the Survey's report. The operators report that from 38,000 to 40,000 foreign-born miners expect to return to Europe as soon as they can get passports and that many have already returned. If continued this movement will be capable of producing but one result—a reduction of the amount of coal mined in districts where the mine labor is largely foreign-born, and there are many such districts. He who needs coal should hesitate no longer. Now is the time to buy coal.

## MEXICO COMMITTED OVERT ACT IN ORDER TO PREVENT AMERICANS DRILLING OIL WELLS

Act of Mexican Government Amounts to Confiscation, Says Our State Department, and Carranza Refused to Grant Permits to Drill Unless Americans Comply with the Mexican Law.

## TEN KILLED TODAY IN RAILROAD WRECK

UNKNOWN TRAMP SHUT OFF AIR CONNECTION AND CAUSED SERIOUS COLLISION.

By Associated Press.

Dunkirk, N. Y., July 1.—Ten persons were killed and a score injured in a rear-end collision of two New York Central passenger trains here early today. Twenty injured were taken to a hospital here. Many others less severely hurt are proceeding on their journey after receiving surgical attention.

#### Tramp Caused It.

Washington, July 1.—An unidentified tramp, killed in the New York Central wreck at Dunkirk today, probably caused the tragedy, according to reports to the railroad administration. The mechanism controlling the air from the locomotive to the brakes was found shut off at the place where the tramp was riding.

#### J. G. HOLLAND CENTENARY.

Springfield, Mass., July 1.—The present month will witness the one hundred anniversary of the birth of Dr. J. G. Holland, who established for himself a high rank among New England's men of letters. A large part of Dr. Holland's best literary work was accomplished while he was a resident of Springfield and it is proposed by the local literary and historical societies to suitably commemorate his centenary.

Dr. Holland was born at Belchertown, Mass., and received his education in the public schools of his native town. In selecting a career himself, he knew that he must depend upon his own resources, so he decided to become a physician, and entered the printing office of a Springfield newspaper to earn money to pay for his medical studies. In 1843 he obtained his degree, but he soon found that he had no enthusiasm in his work.

He tried journalism for a time, saying that he undertook this work as "a refuge from uncongenial pills, and a still more uncongenial lack of opportunity for dispensing them." His first attempt in the newspaper field did not meet with much greater success than marked his early career as a physician. He tried to establish a hospital for women, but this venture likewise failed of success, and he went to Richmond, Va., to teach in a private school. From Richmond he was called to Vicksburg, Miss., to become superintendent of schools in that city.

In the meantime Dr. Holland had married most happily, and at Vicksburg his wife taught in the primary department of the schools, while he was grading these after the public school system of Massachusetts. The two were invited to pay a visit to one of the large plantations in Louisiana, and the doctor wrote his "Sketches of Plantation Life" and sent them to the Springfield Republican.

The last illness of Mrs. Holland's mother brought them back to Springfield, and not long after this, and when he was about 30 years of age, Dr. Holland was offered the assistant editorship of the Springfield Republican.

Samuel Bowles was the editor under whom Holland served, and it was Bowles who suggested that Holland should write the series of letters that afterward became so famous—letters to people in all the everyday walks of life, and signed by "Timothy Titcomb." At the time of Dr. Holland's death 500,000 copies of this and the other books of his that followed it had been sold by the publishers.

When Abraham Lincoln was as-

\*\*\*\*\*  
\* ONE YEAR AGO TODAY \*  
\* IN THE WAR. \*  
\*\*\*\*\*  
JULY 1.  
American troops advanced in Chateau Thierry region.  
American and British marines landed in Kola, Russia.  
United States transport Covington torpedoed, with loss of 66 of her crew.

By Associated Press.

Washington, July 1.—The Mexican government committed an overt act of confiscation in preventing American oil well drillers working lands owned by American individuals or companies by sending soldiers into the fields and driving workmen away, state department officials said today. Complaints to the Mexican government against the refusal of the Mexican government to grant permits to oil companies to drill brought no reply until after the Juarez incident, when Carranza announced that no permits would be granted until the companies complied with the law. Compliance with the law, the state department officials said, would constitute recognition by the companies that the Mexican government owned the oil lands.

## RAILWAY OPERATORS MAY WIRE MESSAGES

RESCINDED ORDER PREVENTING HANDLING OF MESSAGES OF COMMERCIAL COMPANIES.

By Associated Press.

St. Louis, Mo., July 1.—Members of the Order of Railway Telegraphers throughout the country were notified today to resume the handling of business of the Western Union and Postal telegraph companies, cancelling the order which went into effect June 12 in connection with the nationwide strike of the Commercial Telegraphers' Union.

## FEDERAL OFFICERS BRING TEST CASES

FEDERAL PROHIBITION LAW TO BE RIGIDLY ENFORCED, THE OFFICIALS DECLARE.

By Associated Press.

Washington, July 1.—Test cases on the sale of beverages containing over one-half of one per cent of alcohol will be brought immediately by the department of justice in all jurisdictions where such cases are not now pending.

#### Sustained Demurrer.

Baltimore, July 1.—Judge Rose in the United States district court here today sustained a demurrer to the indictment against the Standard Brewery of Baltimore which charged the concern with manufacturing a beverage containing at least half of one per cent alcohol.

sassinated Dr. Holland delivered a eulogy in the city hall at Springfield on the day of the funeral at Washington. This was a masterly effort and it commanded the attention of the entire country. This led to his writing the "Life of Abraham Lincoln."

The latter years of Dr. Holland's life were passed in New York City, where he attained fame as an editor of leading magazines. His death occurred in 1881, due to a heart attack he had long anticipated.

The famous writer lies buried in the Springfield cemetery—in sight of Mount Holyoke that formed the background of all his early imaginings and of which he has written: "It is a field laid out by God's own hand as a sleeping-place for his children." Above his grave stands a monument of granite, which bears an accurate bronze medallion of the author. The capital is crowned by a wreath of bitter-sweet, which in one of his books he immortalized.

#### THE TROUBLE.

At a teachers' institute in an Eastern city a speaker said that, in his opinion, "the trouble with the public school system of today is the teachers are afraid of the principals, the principals are afraid of the superintendent, he is afraid of the school committee, they are afraid of the children, and the children are afraid of nobody!"—Life.

## MOTOR BOAT WAITS FOR CROWN PRINCE

MONARCHIST FACTION WANTS HIM TO LEAD TROOPS IN THE COUNTER REVOLUTION.

By Associated Press.

London, July 1.—German counter revolutionists have a motor launch in readiness to rescue the former German crown prince, wishing him to head the military forces of Germany, according to a Rotterdam despatch to the Daily Mail. The despatch adds that the Dutch queen sent her consort to persuade the former prince that his participation in the German revolt was detrimental to Holland, which grants him hospitality.

#### Denied Prince Had Left.

London, July 1.—It was emphatically denied during a telephone conversation yesterday with an aide to the former crown prince that the latter had left the Island of Wieringen, according to a Reuter Amsterdam despatch. A Brussels despatch quoting an Amsterdam telegram received last night stated that the former German crown prince escaped from the island Sunday.

#### Congratulated Cerretti.

Rome, July 1.—Archbishop Bonaventura Cerretti, papal under-secretary of state, returned from Paris Saturday and made a full report to the Vatican of his mission to the peace conference. Archbishop Cerretti had lengthy conversations with the Pope and Cardinal Gasparri, papal secretary of state, who congratulated him warmly on the success of his mission, which is reported to have dealt with changes in the peace treaty regarding Catholic missions in former colonies and protection of their property. Archbishop Cerretti expressed the greatest pleasure with the reception he received in Paris, especially by members of the American delegation.

#### Baron Goto in Paris.

Paris, July 1.—Baron Goto, former Japanese foreign minister, arrived here yesterday. No statement as to the purpose of his visit has been made public.

#### Aiming at Moscow.

London, July 1.—Anti-Bolshevik forces are advancing against Ruzik, 250 miles south of Moscow, and Voronezh, with the object of reaching Moscow, according to a wireless Russian message.

#### URGE RATIFICATION.

By Associated Press.  
Austin, Texas, July 1.—The Texas senate considered as the special order of business today the house resolution urging the United States senate to ratify the peace treaty.

#### COTTON FORECAST.

By Associated Press.  
Washington, July 1.—Cotton production this year was forecast today at 10,986,000 equivalent to 500-lb. bales by the department of agriculture, basing the estimate on the June 25 condition of the growing crop, which was 70.2 per cent of normal. The area under cultivation is 33,960,000 acres.

#### DISCOVERY TO COME LATER.

"I thought you said this bathing suit was in fast colors," said Binks, indignantly, to the hostess of whom he had bought his suit that morning. "Yes, sir, that's what I said," returned the hostess. "Well, every wretched stripe on the thing has come off on my back," retorted Binks. "Ah, but wait until you try to get 'em off your back," smiled the hostess, suavely. "Then you'll see."—Tit-Bits.



# THE LAREDO TIMES

PENN PUBLISHING COMPANY  
Publishers and Proprietors.

Daily:—Published every evening except Sunday daily by mail postpaid, to any point in the United States, Mexico or Canada, delivered by carrier to any part of Laredo, or New Laredo, Mexico:

One copy, one month..... 50 cts.  
One copy, one year..... \$5.00

Weekly:—Published Sunday, by mail postpaid to any point in the United States, Mexico or Canada:  
One copy, one year.....\$2.00  
One copy, six months..... 1.00  
One copy, three months..... .60  
Subscriptions invariably due and payable in advance.

Address communications to  
PENN PUBLISHING CO.  
Telephone 43, . . . . Laredo, Texas.

## MEMBERS OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for republication of all news dispatches credited to it or not otherwise credited in this paper and also the local news published herein.



... This paper has enlisted with the government in the cause of America for the period of the war .....

From Monday's Daily.

## THE PEACE TREATY.

Germany having signed the peace treaty, it remains to be seen whether the Germans will make of it another "scrap of paper," for it is well known that the Germans are notorious treaty evaders.

During the negotiations which have lasted for so many months, the Germans have consistently sought to evade any responsibility for the world war, any stipulations for reparation or indemnity, any acceding to the demands that German colonies be given up and in fact, have done everything which they ought not to have done.

The insolence with which the allies' demands were treated; the insolence—the studied insolence—of the demands made by the Germans; the violation of the armistice in sinking the German fleet and the violation in advance of signing of the terms of the treaty by burning the French battle flags of 1870—all these indicate an intention on the part of the Germans to evade such of the peace terms as they can get away with, and to ask for the modification of such others as do not please them.

The only time the Germans have ever kept a treaty was when it would benefit them, and it is needless to say that practically everyone expects them to use shifty evasions in every possible way to get out of what is to their disadvantage in the present treaty.

It is precisely for the reason that some force must be exerted to keep the Germans up to the strict fulfillment—in spirit as well as letter—of their treaty obligations that we should accept the covenant of the league of nations and place every safeguard about the treaty that human ingenuity can devise.

Of course we do not expect the Germans to change their nature over night merely because they have signed the treaty or because we have the means to force them to keep it. The leopard can as soon change his spots. But whether they keep their obligations willingly or under the menace of penalties to meet every violation, it matters not.

There are at present a few members of the house and senate who are disposed to help the Germans evade their obligations if by so doing they can discredit the administration and bring about a change in the government. And they will have the moral backing, if not the outspoken commendation, of all the German sympathizers in this country.

Some of the labor organizations of Europe are disposed to take the socialistic view that the Germans are not to be forced into making reparation for the wrongs they have done because labor is international and national.

Fortunately for this country our labor element is not disposed to take this view. Even the radicals among our workmen feel that each country is entitled to its national existence without permission of the workmen of another country who would dictate to their neighbors.

But the great bulk of the American people is in favor of the league of nations, for all of us have come to realize the menace of German militarism and the danger that unless it is completely destroyed it will again force the world into a new conflict.

The threat of some of the German people that another war will have to be fought inside of ten years is rendered futile by the league of nations, for all the Germans in existence will hardly dare to attempt a new war in the face of such a powerful combination as the proposed covenant brings into existence.

The league of nations is proposed to prevent wars, not to foster them. And those who oppose the league on the ground that it constitutes a menace to our free institutions are well aware that their statement is false.

The ratification of the treaty and the adoption of the covenant of the league of nations will enable the great powers, aided by the lesser nations, to force Germany to keep the treaty, whether she wants to or not.

## WHAT'S NEXT.

Now that the peace treaty has been signed, the world is anxiously asking: "What's next?"

There are a number of important world problems that have been delayed as to consideration pending the final settlement of the war. Among those of first importance to the people of America is the Mexican question.

During the past few years many solutions of this vexing problem have been offered. Among all of them the proposition of intervention is the one that has been most frequently offered. But this does not seem to be desirable, either to our citizens or to the Mexicans who are dissatisfied with things as they are and are trying to improve them.

One proposition that has frequently been advanced by the Mexicans who seem to have their country's interests most at heart is that we "shut our eyes" as to Mexico. That is, they want us to stop all interference with Mexican intrigue on this side of the border; to refrain from a strict observance of "neutrality," which they declare is always exercised on behalf of the present government; to sell arms and ammunition impartially to both parties and let the Mexicans fight it out among themselves. And they believe the whole affair would be settled in a short time—some think within two months or so.

But it must be remembered that there was a much longer period during which all the Mexican factions were able to purchase arms in this country, and when filibustering was the daily occupation of many thousands along the border; yet the problem was no nearer solution through that method than it was under a strict observance of neutrality.

To recognize the belligerency of one of the Mexican factions would

displease all the others, for it must be remembered that while all the "revolutionary" factions are a unit in their opposition to the Carranza government, they cannot agree on any other point.

One of the greatest mistakes that has been made by the faction under Felipe Angeles was that of announcing that Angeles was subordinate to Villa. There is no respectable party of Americans who can view with complacency any prospect of the success of Villa. He seems to be devoid of any characteristic which decent people can approve.

To recognize the belligerency of Angeles it would first be necessary for him to place himself at the head of a revolutionary force with other aims than those which have characterized Villa and his thieving, murdering followers.

There are Mexicans who are actuated by noble sentiments in their antagonism to the present regime. They are true patriots, with a desire to see their country freed from the domination of a party that has never done anything good for the people and that has to date committed more excesses and caused more bloodshed than any other party in Mexican history.

But even these disinterested patriots cannot agree on many points. They are unable to agree on a leader, which is always the one thing necessary in any revolution south of the Rio Grande. And until they can unite upon that point, they will be unable to make any headway.

There seems to be a dearth of presidential timber, at least so far as the public knows. On the side of the Carrancistas there are two prominent leaders, but neither of them seems to have the backing of Carranza, and without his approval it is hardly likely that either could count upon the devotion of the party as a whole.

Among the opponents of the Carranza regime there are many men of education and training, but no one of them seems willing to be announced as the "people's choice" for party leadership. And without a standard bearer the campaign cannot start.

It would seem to be the opportune time for another and a worthy successor to Porfirio Diaz to appear. There should be no dearth of capable, patriotic Mexicans. But the people are asking, "Who is he?"

## Chronic Constipation.

Perhaps you have never thought of it, but this disorder is due to a lack of moisture in the residual matter of the food. If you will drink an abundance of water, eat raw fruits and take lots of outdoor exercise, you may be able eventually to overcome it entirely. In the meantime use the most mild and gentle laxatives. Strong and harsh cathartics take too much water out of the system and make a bad matter worse. Chamberlain's Tablets are easy and pleasant to take, and most agreeable in effect. Give them a trial.

## MAIDEN SERMON PREACHED BY CANDIDATE YESTERDAY

MAJOR PAUL W. EVANS PREACHED HIS FIRST SERMON.

Laredo Resident Recommended For License to Preach Made First Essay Before Methodist Congregation.

Much interest centered around the services at First Methodist Church last night. There was a spirit of expectancy not unmixed with curiosity. Judge Paul W. Evans, recently recommended for license to preach, was to preach his first sermon. But whatever anyone may have thought in advance, he met the hour like a veteran. His text was from the Lord's Prayer: "They Will Be Done." He spoke of what God's will was, who God was, and how we should help that will to be done. It was a masterful discourse, logical in every detail. An idea of why he was preaching ran through the entire sermon.

Judge Evans came to Laredo something like four years ago, and since that time has been known as one of our leading citizens. He has twice been run by the "reform element" for Representative. His influence has always been on the side that he thought was right, always with the Church. He has been quite successful in the practice of law, and as a result has prospered financially. During the recent war he enlisted in the army, went to a training camp, and came home wearing a Major's gold leaf on his shoulder. He now holds a commission of that rank, and is on the Reserve list. After he enters the pastorate he may be called to the colors by Uncle Sam.

"Rev." Evans is one of the best educated men in our city, having taken full courses at Southern, Huntington, Tenn., National Normal, Lebanon, Ohio, and Vanderbilt University. With several years of law practice and his military training added to his already well trained intellect, he ought to make a successful soldier in God's Army.

## DOCTORS NEW SCHEDULE OF FEES.

A new schedule of fees adopted by the Doctors of Laredo to take effect on and after July 1st, 1919:  
Day visits, 7 a. m. to 9 p. m., \$3.00 up  
Night " 9 p. m. to 7 a. m., 7.50 up  
Office visits ..... 2.00 up  
Telephone consultation ..... 2.00 up  
Certificate in proof of death ..... 3.00 up  
For insurance ..... 1.00 up  
Confinement cases ..... 40.00 up  
Visits out of town limits ..... \$2.00 per mile  
Consultation ..... \$15.00  
Anaesthesia ..... 10.00  
6-27-61.

## \$100 Reward, \$100

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages and that is catarrh. Catarrh being greatly influenced by constitutional conditions requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Medicine is taken internally and acts thru the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in the curative power of Hall's Catarrh Medicine that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

## GEOLOGISTS

We specialize in field examinations for oil and gas.  
CORRESPONDENCE INVITED.  
MILLER, ROW AND ENGLISH  
427 Gunter Bld'g. San Antonio, Texas

## ROY CAMPBELL COMPANY

AGENTS FOR  
T. M. REID, TENERIFFE, CANARY ISLANDS  
Will book your Onion Seed order for the fall of 1919.

## National of Mexico Railways Express

Downtown Office, 1111 Grant St. Phone 957  
Will receive at Laredo for shipment into Mexico by express goods arriving either by freight or express paying such charges for collection at destination.  
W. E. DONNELLY,  
COMMERCIAL AGENT,  
LAREDO, TEXAS.

## WANTED

WE Want listing on Farms and Ranches, in Texas and Mexico, also City Property in Laredo. Give us a short time listing and we will sell your property for you.

## OIL AND GAS LEASES.

We will buy leases in Webb, Zapata, Starr, Jim Hogg, Duval, La Salle and adjoining Counties. We have the buyers and can give you quick results. Call on or write us.

International Land & Leasing Company.  
611 FLORES AVE.

## EXCURSION RATES ARE ON TO CORPUS FROM THURSDAY

Change to Slip Down to the Seaside City and Stay Ten Days at a Rate of \$6.40 For Round Trip.

Beginning Thursday for the afternoon train, and lasting through Friday and Saturday, exceedingly low rates, with extended time for return, will be in effect on the Texas-Mexican road, when a rate of \$6.40 for the round-trip to Corpus Christi will be offered, with a return limit of ten days from date of sale, these rates being on account of the Fourth of July celebration at the seaside.

No doubt a large number of Laredo people will take a run down to Corpus for the occasion and many will stay the full limit of time. The water is fine at the seaside this year and thousands of merrymakers are to be seen sporting themselves in the surf there.

## To Prevent Belching.

Make a regular habit of eating slowly, masticate your food thoroughly, and you may have no further trouble. If you should, take one of Chamberlain's Tablets immediately after supper.

## GOVERNMENT SALE.

At 10:00 A. M., July 3, 1919, at the Customs Rooms, Laredo, Texas, I will sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, the following confiscated property, to-wit:

First:—1,000 Long Range 22 Cal. Cartridges, value \$4.00; 10 Pieces Silk Ribbon, value \$22.50; 1 Lot of Drugs, value \$18.35; 1 Lot of Drugs, value \$30.95; 1 Lot of Merchandise, value \$20.90; 24 Twelve Gauge Cartridges, value \$1.00; 1 Lot of Drugs, value \$20.00; 6 Doz. Rubber Tubes, value \$9; 1 44 Cal. Revolver, value \$3.00; 1 Pistol and 15 Cartridges, value \$3.75.

Second:—6 Cans of Quinine Sulphate; 15 Boxes Potassium Iodide Merck; 7 Cans Saccharine, Refined Merck.

The above property will be sold in lots as listed above.

J. A. HERRING,  
U. S. Marshal, S. D. T.  
By ALLEN WALKER, Deputy.  
6-16-19.

## SATURDAY'S SPECIALS AT MISS SALLEE'S.

50 hats at half original price.  
This includes some fine white Milans, a number of Gage Pattern Hats and a beautiful assortment of airy dress hats.  
Bucella embroidery pkgs 1/2 off.

## John O. Buenz Lumber Co

DEALERS IN  
LUMBER, SHINGLES, DOORS, BLINDS, LATHS, ETC.

Builders' Hardware and all kinds of Roofing; also, Planing Mill in connection.

## Laredo Typewriter Exchange

G. L. DEBOISSART, Prop.  
General Repair Work  
1407 Hurbide St. Phone 1190

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.

## LOCAL NEWS

—The importations through this port from Mexico on Saturday afternoon consisted of five carloads of cattle, one carload of hides and skins.  
—Second hand furniture bought and sold. 1701 Hidalgo St. 6-18-19.

—Nereo G. Navarro, Notary Public with Webb County Lumber Co. 6-5-19.

—The old-time postage rates of two cents on a letter, one cent on a postcard, etc., will be restored beginning tomorrow, when the wartime rates of three cents on letters and two cents on postcards will expire.

—Globe Tires:—A complete line, all sizes in stock. "As good as the best and better than the rest." R. R. Wilkes, phone 669. 6-4-19.

—The Times is in receipt of a postcard from Dr. H. J. Hamilton, who is visiting in Boston, Mass. He says he finds the weather nice and cool there at night. Dr. Hamilton expects to leave Boston on his return to Laredo on July 2.

—Thirty years a Roof Man. I paint and stop all leaks under a guarantee on tin, paper and shingles. Al J. Nolen, P. O. Box 568, Laredo, Texas. 6-28-19.

—The play at the Royal Theater last night, starring the inimitable Theda Bara in "The Song of the Siren," was a strong wartime drama, showing a woman who redeemed herself and did her bit for her country at the psychological moment by instilling patriotism into her people who were sending their French soldiers away to fight in the great world war.

—If you want a plumber in a hurry phone Juarez No. 1203. 3-14-19.

—I buy and sell anything from a pin to a locomotive; this includes farms and ranches. J. L. Fierros, 302 Farragut street. 2-17-19.

—The following marriage licenses have been issued by the county clerk since last report: Antonio Garza and Miss San Juana Santos, Pedro Ramirez Ochoa and Miss Ciria Gutierrez, George E. Morehouse and Miss Lillian Cowart, Esteban B. Trevino and Miss Matilda Gonzales, Jesus de los Santos and Mrs. Francisco Peña, Regino Morales and Miss Florinda Zapata.

—The Belmont Rooms and apartments. 602 Main Ave. Phone 576 or 1017. 4-24-19.

—We paint automobiles; also make auto tops. Fidel Cantu, Phone 202. 6-15-19.

—Work of construction is under way on a modern brick home for Henry L. Myers, which is being built in the 900 block on Victoria street, the home to cost about \$6,000 and equipped with all modern conveniences and a cellar.

—Do you desire comfort? Use electric lights and fans. 4-24-19.

—Will W. Gregg, Notary Public, at Times office: residence 812 Farragut street. Residence phone 348. 4-27-19.

—If it is neat and accurate job printing that you want send your orders to The Times job department. Expert workmanship and the best of materials. 1-9-19.

\*\*\*\*\*  
TODAY'S BIRTHDAYS.  
\*\*\*\*\*  
JUNE 30.

Viscount Esher, for many years a prominent figure in English public life, born in London, 67 years ago today.

Rt. Rev. Charles Summer Burch, Episcopal suffragan bishop of New York City, born at Pinckney, Mich., 64 years ago today.

Halvor Steenerson, representative in Congress of the Ninth Minnesota district, born in Dane County, Wis., 67 years ago today.

Roy L. McCardell, noted New York journalist and author, born at Hagerstown, Md., 49 years ago today.

Brig. Gen. Alfred Mordecai, U. S. A., retired, born in Philadelphia, 79 years ago today.

TIMES WANT ADS.  
\*\*\*\*\* Money Makers \*\*\*\*\*

## A. SAFT

Agency for Ladies Queen Quality Brand Shoes

ANNOUNCES DAILY ARRIVALS OF

both Pumps and Oxfords in white, kid, black, colored patent leathers, etc.

## FIRE INSURANCE

F. M. RAMSAY

1301 Hurbide St.

PHONE 32

## CRAZY MINERAL WATER

A natural mineral water is such a positive eliminant that it is worth a trial in all diseases where elimination is not thorough. Try it in constipation, rheumatism, Bright's diseases, diabetes acid, dyspepsia, etc. Ask for booklet.

VILLEGAS & CO., AGENTS  
LAREDO, TEXAS



## KILL-A-WORM GUARANTEED TO KILL SCREW WORMS

Heals Barb Wire Cuts, Expels Colic and Bots  
Put Up in Handy Sprinkler Top Bottles  
—Made by—  
THE BLAIZE CHEMICAL CO.  
Robstown, Texas

If your dealer does not have it, send 25c in stamps for bottle.

"I'm tired of drifting! I want to do something productive. But what can I do? I don't know how to do anything."

"Why I can go to THE LAREDO BUSINESS COLLEGE and take a Business Course."

In a few months I'll be doing my part in this great Reconstruction task, and be paid for the doing. I'll do it! I'll start today."

You'll find us ready for you in the Alexander Bldg.

# WRIGLEYS

The Greatest Name in Goody-Land

**YOU** know the realm of childhood dreams is a land of sweets.

Make some of those dreams a delightful reality by taking home

# WRIGLEYS

frequently.

How about tonight?

SEALED TIGHT KEPT RIGHT

The Flavor Lasts!

WRIGLEYS DOUBLEMINT CHEWING GUM  
WRIGLEYS JUICY FRUIT CHEWING GUM

## ROY CAMPBELL COMPANY

AGENTS FOR  
T. M. REID, TENERIFFE, CANARY ISLANDS  
Will book your Onion Seed order for the fall of 1919.

---

## National of Mexico Railways Express

Downtown Office, 1111 Grant St. Phone 957  
Will receive at Laredo for shipment into Mexico by express goods arriving either by freight or express paying such charges for collection at destination.  
W. E. DONNELLY,  
COMMERCIAL AGENT,  
LAREDO, TEXAS.

---

## WANTED

WE Want listing on Farms and Ranches, in Texas and Mexico, also City Property in Laredo. Give us a short time listing and we will sell your property for you.

OIL AND GAS LEASES.

We will buy leases in Webb, Zapata, Starr, Jim Hogg, Duval, La Salle and adjoining Counties. We have the buyers and can give you quick results. Call on or write us.

International Land & Leasing Company.  
611 FLORES AVE.

## COMPANIA DE MINERALES Y METALES, S. A.

LAREDO NATIONAL BANK BUILDING  
PHONE 1031

## General Forwarding & Customs' Agents

GENERAL OFFICES  
MONTERREY, N. L. MEXICO  
MATAMOROS 130



TODAY'S ANNIVERSARIES.

JUNE 30.

1859—M. Blondin crossed the Niagara River, just below the falls, for the first time on a tight-rope.

1879—The completion of the Suto Tunnel, four miles long, was celebrated in the Carson Valley, Nevada.

1891—The triple alliance of Germany, Austria and Italy was renewed for six years.

1904—Dr. Silas C. Swallow, of Pennsylvania, was nominated by the National Prohibition Convention at Indianapolis for President of the United States.

1905—John D. Rockefeller gave \$10,000,000 to the General Education Board for the endowment of small colleges.

1909—The Statewide prohibition law went into effect in Tennessee.

1915—Russians began the retreat from the Vistula River in Poland.

1916—Roger Casement condemned to death in London for high treason.

1917—Eighty-seven German vessels interned in American ports were turned over to the Shipping Board for operation.

The Doctor Away From Home When Most Needed.

People are often very much disappointed to find that their family physician is away from home when they most need his services. Diseases like pain in the stomach and bowels, colic and diarrhoea require prompt treatment, and have in many instances proven fatal before medicine could be procured or a physician summoned. The right way is to keep at hand a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy. No physician can prescribe a better medicine for these diseases. By having it in the house you escape much pain and suffering and all risk. Buy it now; it may save life.

IN THE DAY'S NEWS.

JUNE 30.

Rear Admiral William B. Caperton, who will be placed on the retired list today on account of age, was until recently in command of the Pacific fleet of the U. S. Navy. Admiral Caperton is a native of Tennessee and graduate of the Annapolis academy in the class of 1875. During his long career in the navy he has seen service in European and Asiatic waters and performed important professional duties on land, such as supervision in the Geodetic Survey Inspector of ordnance, inspector of lighthouses, and commander of the Newport Naval Station. Upon attaining the rank of rear admiral in 1913 he was put in charge of the Atlantic reserve fleet, and in 1914, following the outbreak of the war, he was assigned to a special cruiser squadron that did duty in Mexican and Haitian waters. While on duty with the Pacific fleet, after the United States entered the war, Admiral Caperton co-operated with the British and French naval forces in clearing the South Atlantic of German raiders and in maintaining a naval patrol of the east coast of South America.

NEW TIMECARD EFFECTIVE ON THE TEXAS-MEXICAN RY

Train Now Makes Connection With Mexico Trains and Carries Passengers to Connections With East.

The new time-card on the Texas-Mexican Ry. Co. affecting the time of departure of the eastbound train from Laredo went into effect yesterday, and now the train leaves here daily at 12:50 in the afternoon instead of 9:30 o'clock in the morning. The change was made in order to obviate the necessity of passengers from Mexico over the Constitutional Lines of Mexico having to lay over a whole day in Laredo. The Texas-Mexican, by the change, makes connection at Robstown and Corpus Christi with the Gulf Coast Lines, which also changed its schedule in order to affect a direct connection to Houston, New Orleans and points in the East.

LAREDO GETS COTTON GIN; R. M. JOHNSON TO BUILD IT

Farmers of This Section Are Now Assured of Having Their Crop of Fleecy Staple Promptly Ginned.

The announcement made in The Times several days ago that at a meeting of the cotton farmers of this section the contract had been awarded to R. M. Johnson of Isitas to install a modern cotton gin in Laredo to handle the cotton crop this season, was encouraging news to all concerned.

Mr. Johnson is now in San Antonio arranging for the purchase and immediate installation of the gin, which will probably be a four-stand gin, in this city near the railroad tracks, and it is expected that the gin will be erected and ready for business by the latter part of July.

EXPECT SERIOUS TROUBLE DURING ELECTION FRIDAY

Minor Disturbances Have Already Started and Bloodshed Expected; Dire Threats Made Against Chinese

According to information received in Laredo this morning serious rioting and bloodshed are expected to take place throughout the state of San Luis Potosi on next Friday as a result of the disturbances which have preceded the gubernatorial election to be held on that date, when General Manuel Larraga, Rafael Nieto and Serrano Martinez will oppose each other for the office.

Minor disturbances and bloodshed have already occurred and are now in progress, but serious trouble is expected on Friday during the election. It is said that notices have been posted in the city of San Luis Potosi, where several hundred Chinese are residents, notifying the Chinks that unless they left that place by Friday they would all be killed.

Lame Back Relieved.

For a lame back apply Chamberlain's Liniment twice a day and massage the muscles of the back over the seat of pain thoroughly at each application.

HIGH-GRADE CARBON PAPERS.

\$2 to \$2.50 Box 100 Sheets TYPEWRITER RIBBONS

For All Make Machines, 75c J. W. Falyella, Phone 43.

OLD-TIME POSTAGE RATES WILL BE RESTORED TUESDAY

Again Postage on Letters Will Be Two Cents, While Postcards and Similar Matter Go at Lower Rates.

Another wartime measure expires today, that being tonight at midnight and reverting to the old custom of two cents for letter postage and one cent for postcard postage, and in fact affecting the entire postal service, as letters were sent at the three-cent rate according to weight.

In reverting to the old time postage rates there will be a material saving made to those who have heavy mails and will restore a condition that had been popular for many years.

FOR BURNING ECZEMA

Apply Zemo the Clean, Antiseptic Liquid—Easy to Use—Does Not Stain

Greasy salves and ointments should not be applied if good clear skin is wanted. From any druggist for 35c, or \$1.00 for large size, get a bottle of Zemo. When applied as directed it effectively removes eczema, quickly stops itching, and heals skin troubles, also sores, burns, wounds and chafing. It penetrates, cleanses and soothes. Zemo is a clean, dependable and inexpensive, antiseptic liquid. Try it, as we believe nothing you have ever used is as effective and satisfying.

The E. W. Rose Co., Cleveland, O.

WILL RELIEVE SPECIAL MEN IN PASSPORT DEPARTMENT

No Instructions Have Been Received Today Rescinding Orders Received By Immigration Department.

No further announcement has been made by the immigration department regarding the status of the passport situation, and unless orders to the contrary are received, the instructions received several days ago that all special employees of the passport department be dismissed on June 30, will be put into effect tonight.

It is now believed that the dismissal of all special passport employees at this time is on account of the fact that appropriations were not made to meet current expenses and even regular employees of the immigration department will not receive their salaries for several months on account of the failure to make appropriations to meet their salaries.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

Texas-Mexican.

Train No. 1 leaves for Corpus Christi at 12:50 p. m.

Train No. 2 arrives from Corpus Christi at 3:35 p. m.

International & Great Northern.

Through fast train for St. Louis leaves at 8:30 a. m. and arrives at 2:50 p. m.

Night Train.

Leaves at 9 p. m. and arrives at 8 a. m.

Rio Grande & Eagle Pass.

Train No. 1 leaves Laredo daily except Sunday at 8:30 a. m. Arrives at Minera at 10:20 a. m.

Train No. 2 leaves Minera daily except Sunday at 11 a. m. Arrives at Laredo at 3:15 p. m.



BELL'S FOR INDIGESTION

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 60c. per month.



Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt Society Editor

Phone 70 . . . . . Phone 43

SOCIAL CALENDAR.

Monday.

The Blue Birds will have a splash party at 4 o'clock in the afternoon at Bella Vista.

Dance at the Women's Club at 8 o'clock in the evening.

Tuesday.

The Sunbeam Band of the Baptist Church will meet at the church at 5 o'clock in the afternoon.

Community Singing at the Soldiers Club in the evening.

An Ode to Our Doctors.

Their dignity, their motor cars, their ease And well-earned fees, (Those comfortable fees, Those fees concerning which we've often joked them In ways that may have, more or less, provoked them) Ungrudging, they left behind, and marched away In soldier khaki clad, on soldier pay.

To face Disease and Death in grimmer guise, In hospital or field Beneath their own or alien skies, Through miseries and horrors unrevealed, They toiled to save, for Pity's gentle sake, The human wreckage tossed in war's red wake.

Small glory, less reward Our usages, accord To those who shared the danger, woe and pain, Yet have no tale to tell of foemen slain.

Unlit by flash of sword, Their homely epic ends With thousands of our gallant boys restored To life and home and friends. So let us fill Our cups with any liquid that may still Be mingled by our beverage concoctors, And pledge those quiet heroes, greatly daring Who gave themselves with cheerful-ness unsparring— Our Doctors! —Arthur Guiterman, in Life.

General Mention.

Cards have been received from Mrs. W. Werner from San Francisco, Calif. She is en route to Washington to visit her daughter, Mrs. Gwin Smith.

E. Rex Tarver Jr. has returned home after an absence of three months.

Hon. Wilbur P. Allen and daughter, Miss Florence, arrived in the city Saturday evening from the Allen ranch near Hebbronville to spend a few days and they are stopping at the Hamilton.

Col. Ernest V. D. Murphy, Infantry, has reported to the Southern Dep't headquarters and was assigned to duty with the 37th Infantry at Fort McIntosh. Col. Murphy came from Camp Bowie, where he was on the General Staff.

Mrs. M. M. Leyendecker and two sons will return tomorrow from Corpus Christi, where they have been staying for the past month.

Greetings have been received from Mrs. J. Buttner from Long Beach, Cal., where she is enjoying the delightful climate and fruits and flowers.

Peyton Kerr is expected home tomorrow from Corpus Christi, where he has been visiting Mike Leyendecker for the past week.

Mr. Alejandro Marulanda, accompanied by Misses Rebecca Marulanda and Trinidad Ramon, left Saturday for Corpus Christi on a visit to relatives.

There is to be a grand barbeque at Hebbronville on July 4th, celebrating the return of the soldier boys. A number of invitations have been received in the city for the event.

Miss Charline McMillan has returned from a pleasant visit to friends in Cotulla.

Mrs. S. E. Leonard returned Sunday from San Antonio, where she has been enjoying a pleasant stay.

Mrs. M. L. Sielski and little grandson, Victor Louis Sielski, returned Sunday from Eagle Pass, where they visited her son, Mr. H. M. Sielski for the month.

Mrs. H. C. Hall returned Sunday from an extended trip to the east and to different points in the state.

Mrs. Elinor Schultz returned to her home in Little Rock, Ark., on Saturday, after a pleasant visit to her sister, Mrs. E. H. Buenz.

Miss Vera Sturges arrived in the

city this morning and will be here about ten days in the interest of the International Institute of the Y. W. C. A.

James Greer received his degree from the University at Austin on June 9th and his license to practice law the next day. He went to Beaumont and then to Sulphur, La., to visit his sister, Mrs. Frank T. Higgins, after which he has enjoyed a delightful motor trip in Mr. Higgins' car, to Shreveport, La., Longview, Dallas, Fort Worth and Sherman, Texas. In Sherman he spent a week with friends at a delightful house party. He will return home via Waco, Marlin, Austin and San Antonio.

Announcements.

Mr. William Edmund Shawger and Miss Bertha Mills announce their marriage on Monday, June 16th, 1919, at Los Angeles, Cal. At home after July 1st, 532 South Fremont Ave.

Miriam Chapter No. 86, Order of Eastern Star, will meet in regular session tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock in Masonic Hall. As is the custom, it will only meet the first Tuesday in July and August. Therefore a good attendance is requested from all members, and all visiting members are cordially invited.

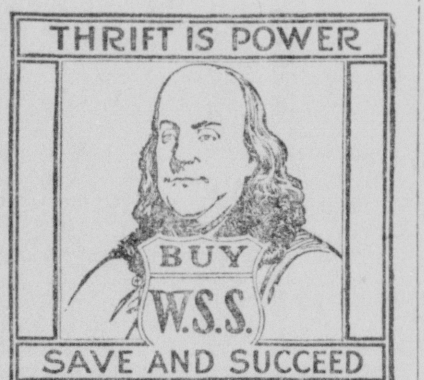
B. R. D. A. Club.

Saturday afternoon Mrs. Eduardo F. Peña and Mrs. Enrique C. Benavides entertained the members of the B. R. D. A. Club at the home of the latter. The rooms were beautiful in daisies and ferns. Games were played, the first prize being won by Miss Amalia Garcia, who receiving a cut-glass set. The booty fell to Mrs. Matias de Llano. A three-course luncheon was served. Those present were: Club members—Mesdames E. C. Benavides and L. A. Lafon, Misses Luisa Dickinson, Amalia Garcia and Maria T. Juarez; guests—Mesdames Ramon Gonzalez, D. M. Valdez, Matias de Llano, Misses Inocente Farias and Blasita Guerra.

Entertainments.

The dance given at the Soldiers Club on Saturday evening was a very delightful affair. Three pieces from the 37th Infantry Band and the piano played splendid music for dancing, which was enjoyed by a large crowd. The hostesses for the evening were Mrs. J. B. Morton, Mrs. M. S. Ryan and Mrs. J. W. Mussett.

Mr. and Mrs. Leopoldo Villegas entertained with a delightful picnic on Sunday evening, five miles east of the city, complimenting their houseguests, Miss Leonor Magnon and Adolfo and Joaquin Magnon. The party motored out, and a pleasant time was enjoyed by all. A delicious picnic supper was served. About forty young people enjoyed the gracious hospitality of the occasion.



HIS LIBERALITY.

"Ain't the guy that married Rosamund sort of a tightwad?" asked Heloise of the rapid fire restaurant.

"Gosh, no!" returned Claudine of the same establishment. "Why, he borrowed every cent she'd saved up and spent it all in three days!"—Kansas City Star.

PERSONALS

Henry Edds of Hebbronville is in the city and is stopping at the Hamilton.

J. B. Hazelrigg arrived this morning from San Antonio. As soon as he can procure a house for them his family will return here to make their home.

LAREDO'S WAR SACRIFICES.

(Peace to Their Ashes.)

Lieut. E. J. Cousineau, Lieut. Luke W. Loftus, Lieut. Percy R. Winch, Sergt. George Bigden, Sergt. Charles Woodul, Sergeant Gustin K. Smith, Sergeant Adam Bold, Sig. Elec. P. A. Diaz, Corporal Jack Correu, Corporal Milus Little, Corporal Leonardo Diaz, Private Edmund Lopez, Private Benjamin Hastings, Private Moises Carrejo, Private Francisco Garcia, Private Lorenzo Rendon, Private Jose Ybarra, Private Maurice Akabasa, Private Jose Zamora, Private Louis F. Folsom, Private Harold Smith, Private William Lake, U. S. M., Private Wm. L. Ford, U. S. M.

VIRTUAL HALT IN ACTIVITIES OF PEACE CONFERENCE FOLLOWS SIGNING OF TREATY

Most of Leading Delegates have Left Paris, and Peace Making Machinery in Austrian and Hungarian Treaties will Operate Only Through the Commissions which are Studying Different Phases.

STRICTLY ENFORCE PROHIBITION LAW

THREATENED VIOLATION WILL BE PROMPTLY DEALT WITH BY FEDERAL AGENTS.

By Associated Press.

Washington, June 30.—Wartime prohibition, effective at midnight, will be strictly enforced by the government with every existing means, the department of justice announced today. Open violation of the law, threatened in New York and other cities, will be dealt with by federal agents. Beer containing two and three-quarters per cent alcohol is regarded by the officials as intoxicating, and persons undertaking its sale will be arrested.

CIVIL SERVICE FOR TEXAS.

By Associated Press.

Austin, Texas, June 30.—Inauguration of a civil service system for Texas was urged by the governor in a message sent the legislature today.

MINERS ENTOMBED.

By Associated Press.

McAlester, Okla., Okla., June 30.—An explosion today in the Rock Island mines near here entombed 15 miners. Rescuers are prepared to descend when the machinery is repaired.

TODAY'S EVENTS.

Last farewell appearance of John Barleycorn on the American stage.

Centenary of the birth of William A. Wheeler, nineteenth vice-president of the United States.

Cardinal Gibbons of Baltimore today completes fifty-eight years as a priest and thirty-three years as a cardinal.

Rear Admiral William B. Caperton, U. S. N., until recently in command of the Pacific fleet, will be retired today for age.

The fourth annual conference of the Federation of College Catholic Clubs will begin its sessions today at Cliff Haven, N. Y.

A statue of the late Thomas J. Stewart, for many years adjutant-general of Pennsylvania, is to be unveiled today in the rotunda of the capitol at Harrisburg.

Several hundred delegates from all parts of Canada are expected in Vancouver today for the opening of the Dominion convention of the Great War Veterans' Association.

Dr. Talcott Williams, who has been director of the School of Journalism of Columbia University since its foundation in 1912, will retire as active head of the school today.

The annual convention of the National Education Association, which will get under way in Milwaukee today, is expected to be the most important as well as the largest convention ever held by the association.

Following several months of preparation, a Northwest Peace Jubilee and Carnival is to be opened at Tacoma today for the purpose of raising funds for the erection of some suitable memorial to the men of Tacoma and vicinity who fought in the great war.

Cossacks Captured Prisoners.

Ekaterrinodar, June 30.—Kuban Cossacks operating in the region of the Don river captured 4,000 Bolsheviks and 10 guns. Don Cossacks advancing northward captured 1,500 prisoners and three armored trains.

Americans Killed in Siberia.

Washington, June 30.—Eighteen soldiers were killed, one officer and eight men were severely wounded and 6 slightly wounded in an engagement with anti-Kolchak forces near Romanovka June 25, General Graves, commanding the Siberian expedition, reported today.

Blowing Up Petrograd.

Helsingfors, June 30.—The evacuation of Petrograd by the Bolsheviks is progressing rapidly, according to information here. The minister ordered the fortress of Kronstadt blown up and bridges and railway stations in Petrograd destroyed.

WEATHER FORECAST.

The following forecast from the United States weather bureau at New Orleans is furnished The Times by the Telephone Co. each day:

Tonight and Tuesday partly cloudy to cloudy.

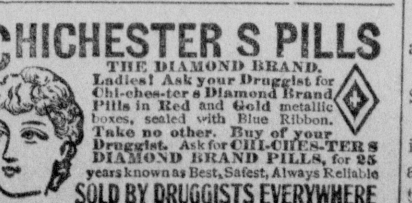
Local Weather Report.

The following are the observations taken at Port McIntosh for the 24 hours ending at 7 a. m. today:

NO REPORT.

To Establish Agency.

W. H. Davis of the San Antonio Lone Star Sales Co. is in the city for the purpose of establishing an agency and issuing stock for the Lone Star Motor Truck and Tractor Association and is stopping at the Hamilton Hotel. Room 10. 6-27-31.



By Associated Press.

With the signing of the peace treaty with Germany there is a virtual halt in the activities of the peace conference. The treaties with Germany-Austria and Hungary are undecided, but the peace making machinery is expected to operate only through commissions which are studying the different phases of the problems before the allies and preparing reports. President Wilson is en route home, Premier Lloyd George is in England and many other leading figures have left Paris temporarily. Of the American delegation only Secretary Lansing and General Bliss remain.

To Submit List of Offenders.

Paris, June 30.—The principal German delegates will leave Versailles for Germany today. Within the next 30 days the allies will submit to the German government a list of the persons charged with responsibility for war or violation of the rules of civilized warfare. Dr. Theobald von Eshmann-Hollweg, imperial German chancellor when the war began, has formally asked the allies to place him on trial with the former emperor.

Presents Treaty Today.

Paris, June 30.—Premier Clemenceau will present the peace treaty to the chamber of deputies today and make an important statement concerning home and foreign policies, Figaro says.

Regulations Not Cancelled.

Coblenz, June 30.—Rules and regulations issued by the army of occupation after entering Germany last December will continue in effect indefinitely, according to an announcement from Third army headquarters. Lieut. Gen. Hunter Liggett notified the authorities of the Rhine province to instruct burghomasters and other officials in the American zone to caution civilians that the army regulations were not yet cancelled.

Riot in Brest.

Brest, June 30.—Two French civilians were killed, five American soldiers and sailors were injured severely and over a hundred persons wounded in a riot here last night. Two of the Americans are expected to die. The casualties resulted from an exchange of shots between American military and naval police and French sailors. The trouble began, according to available accounts, when an American naval officer, alleged to have been drinking heavily, tore down and trampled a French flag. A crowd of Frenchmen attacked the officer, kicking and beating him until he was unconscious. The fight became general when other Americans, unaware of the cause of the fight, went to the aid of the naval officer. The city is quiet today.

Cossacks Captured Prisoners.

Ekaterrinodar, June 30.—Kuban Cossacks operating in the region of the Don river captured 4,000 Bolsheviks and 10 guns. Don Cossacks advancing northward captured 1,500 prisoners and three armored trains.

Americans Killed in Siberia.

Washington, June 30.—Eighteen soldiers were killed, one officer and eight men were severely wounded and 6 slightly wounded in an engagement with anti-Kolchak forces near Romanovka June 25, General Graves, commanding the Siberian expedition, reported today.

Blowing Up Petrograd.

Helsingfors, June 30.—The evacuation of Petrograd by the Bolsheviks is progressing rapidly, according to information here. The minister ordered the fortress of Kronstadt blown up and bridges and railway stations in Petrograd destroyed.

To Establish Agency.

W. H. Davis of the San Antonio Lone Star Sales Co. is in the city for the purpose of establishing an agency and issuing stock for the Lone Star Motor Truck and Tractor Association and is stopping at the Hamilton Hotel. Room 10. 6-27-31.

ONE YEAR AGO TODAY IN THE WAR.

British and Japanese forces landed at Vladivostok.

France recognized the Czechoslovaks as an independent nation.

Eugene V. Debs, four times Socialist candidate for President, arrested at Cleveland for alleged violation of the Espionage Act.

TRAINING FINISHED PUGS ARE RESTING

CUT OUT BOXING UNTIL DAY OF FIGHT FOR FEAR OF INJURING THEIR HANDS.

By Associated Press.

Toledo, Ohio, June 30.—Jess Willard and Jack Dempsey, principals of the Independence Day heavyweight championship contest, have practically completed training. There will be only light work-outs of both men henceforth. Fearing possible injury to their hands, both men have eliminated boxing from the program, on the request of "Tex" Rickard, the promoter.

EARTHQUAKE IN ITALY.

Rome, June 30.—One hundred and twenty persons were killed in the Vicchio district near Florence by an earthquake Sunday, according to the newspaper Tempo. The town of Vicchio was reduced to a heap of ruins and a number of villages were destroyed.

BASEBALL GOSSIP.

Both the Cleveland Indians and the Cincinnati Reds look like a million dollars right now. But you never can tell. For years these two outfits have been flirting with pennants for part of a season, only to curl up and blow before the finish.

Missouri fans don't know whether to cry or laugh at the Cardinals' antics. The Braves or other down-trodden outfit will trim the Cards easily, while the very next day the Rubeys will make the Giants look like a deceased haddock.

Bill Landar, the former Giant, has had the time of his life coaching the Yale team this season. About half the time Bill couldn't tell whether the Elis were playing ball or being initiated for some "frat," with the burlesque stuff being staged.

FROM HERE AND THERE.

Maurice, the landgrave of Hesse, founded an Order of Temperance in 1600.

The first recorded theatrical performance in North America was one given by amateurs, at Quebec, in 1694.

The centenary of the birth of Lord Strathcona, one of the outstanding figures in the history of Canada, will be celebrated next year.

The first successful co-operative society in England was formed seventy-five years ago, when a group of workmen banded together to sell articles of daily consumption to members at low prices.

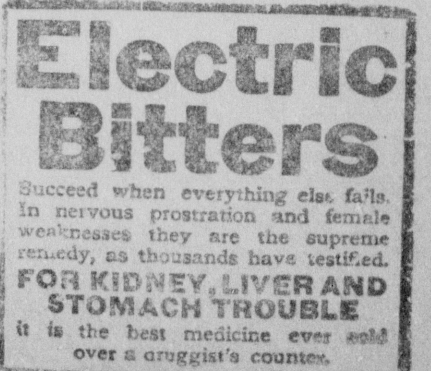
The Pacific coast line of Mexico extends over a distance of nearly 6000 miles, or nearly four times the extent of the eastern coast line as washed by the waters of the Gulf of Mexico.

The first distinct championship boxing match in America was that between the famous "Tom" Hyer and "Yankee" Sullivan, who battled 16 rounds, at Rock Point, Md., in 1849, for the championship title and a \$10,000 purse.

The word Mexico is derived from the Aztec national war-god "Mextli." Prior to the coming of the Aztec, who founded the city of Mexico in 1325, the country was known as "Anahuac," signifying "near the water."

The first distinct championship boxing match in America was that between the famous "Tom" Hyer and "Yankee" Sullivan, who battled 16 rounds, at Rock Point, Md., in 1849, for the championship title and a \$10,000 purse.

The word Mexico is derived from the Aztec national war-god "Mextli." Prior to the coming of the Aztec, who founded the city of Mexico in 1325, the country was known as "Anahuac," signifying "near the water."





## PROFIT SHARING.

It is proof that corporations are not entirely soulless that they are arranging and applying systems of sharing their profits with their hired employees. One of the latest of these corporations to give their hired help a part of the money they help in making is the great packing concern of Morris and Company.

The plan becomes operative today and not only consists of a system which divides a share of the profits among the employees, but also includes an arrangement by which employees may purchase stock in the concern in the shape of gold bonds of \$50 and multiples thereof.

The plan is simplicity itself, and provides for purchase of the bonds either on time or for cash, and the profits will be figured out each year and five per cent set aside to be divided pro rata among the employees.

Thus a worker is able to buy bonds of the company, securing to him a percentage of the dividends of the company, and at the same time receive his share of the five per cent which is set aside for those who do not care to purchase the bonds.

In addition, the company has a pension fund which now totals over a million dollars, and a man who has worked for the company twenty years receives two and one-half per cent for each year of service of the salary at the date of retirement.

For instance, a man who has worked for 30 years and earned \$50 a week in the last year, draws a pension of \$37.50 a week for the rest of his life. When he dies the widow receives one-half of the pension and on her death the orphans remain beneficiaries until the youngest is 18.

It is becoming more and more evident that the corporations are not as greedy as they have been pictured. Of course they receive big dividends—Morris and Company last year made a net profit of over four millions—but must be remembered that this does not all go to one or two people but is divided among hundreds of stockholders.

It is a sign of the times that the corporations are working up to their manifest duties. They not only realize that the public is entitled to a knowledge of how their business is conducted; that the government is entitled to a fair share of the profits in taxes; but that the employees are also entitled to receive a share of what they have helped to earn for the stockholders.

An extension of this system to all sorts of business will soon enable the capitalists to keep a fair share of what they earn without being liable to confiscation by the government or the charge that the employee does not receive his fair share.

It must be remembered that the great companies are paying a good wage scale, and that it is not merely due to organization among the employees but also partly to an awakened conscience on the part of the employers.

The great Ford concern gets a great deal of advertising because of the wages paid to its employees, but it is not the only concern that pays good wages. Others besides are paying old age pensions, sick and injury benefits, a share in the profits, and now the Morris company is offering the employees a share in the business itself.

At the same time it is claimed by the packing companies that their profits are somewhat less than before the war began, when retail prices were so much more reasonable. This is because the cost of stock is continuing so high, and as soon as that goes down the retail prices will also have to drop.

But there is still enough profit in the business for the employees to materially add to their wages through the profit-sharing and the shares they will have in the business, so that there is little likelihood of the packing house workers seeking for new employment.

It is a good example for other business concerns to follow, and by it they will gain more loyal employees, for a man always works best when he has an interest in the business.

## THE GREAT WHITE WAY.

Beginning with midnight last night the Great Way of New York City is on its way to a more or less painful dissolution. For the garishly lighted street, with its lobster palaces and other resorts for lobs, was dependent upon the appetite for liquor and the ease with which it could be gratified—provided the price was forthcoming.

There was little else to recommend the broad and brilliant street, and were it not for the few New Yorkers who could afford to gratify their desires for "a good time" and the crowds of country visitors who wanted to boast back home how reckless and extravagant they had been on the occasion of their visit to the metropolis, the many restaurants along the "great white way" would long since have closed their doors.

For the rents charged the tenants demand enormous profits, and these profits can only be secured from those who—for the moment, at least—have no thought of thrift and no desire to economize.

Now that vintage wines and aged liquors can no longer be served, it will be impossible for the restaurants to charge the prices they used to for

very ordinary food and decidedly inferior service.

It was all right when the rooms were lighted brilliantly and the diners were "lit up" as well, for the restaurants to charge for seats at the tables and multiply the cost of everything several times in the bill. Those who had dined "not wisely but too well" were disposed to be liberal in the matter of tips to the waiters, and even the hat checker found it paid him to work in the "champagne belt."

In future some new device will have to be sought for to induce the patrons to "loosen up." But nothing short of hypnotism, now that the liquor is gone, will ever make a man willing to pay \$25 for 75c worth of food and 15c worth of service.

One reads that the prohibition of liquor is resulting in renting many of the former saloons for other lines of business. But it certainly will be necessary to find other lines of business to replace many hundreds of the lobster palaces and others of the "night owl" variety of restaurants now that the greatest factor in their success is cut off.

The rents are too high for any legitimate business to pay. And the percentage of profit demanded by the proprietors was not too great when one figures how many different classes of bloodsuckers they had to give up a share to—the police, the ward heelers and others.

If anything could serve as an argument for prohibition of the liquor traffic it would be the gilded palaces of vice in our great cities. They boldly flaunted their wares in view of the public, and the money they secured from the bibulously inclined would suffice to pay the state debt.

And with the stopping of the liquor traffic, some eighty per cent of the lurid reels of "life in the great city" will disappear from the screen. One cannot imagine a party of the idle rich applauding the antics of a cabaret dancers on a few glasses of ginger ale or grape juice.

The main opposition to the liquor traffic in the big cities was because of two classes of liquor dispensaries—the low groceries where vice was hideous and the gilded palaces where vice was made attractive by glaring lights and sumptuous banquets.

Whether or not John Barleycorn is dead beyond a hope of resurrection is still a question. But at any rate, the gaudy restaurants and all-night cafes will never survive the present blow.

They cannot be kept going without the percentage made from the wine card; the owners of the properties cannot afford to keep them vacant; the people who run them will have to seek new employment, and an enlightened public sentiment will never permit their return.

So the Great White Way is doomed to extinction. Its lights might better be used for other purposes, such as illuminating the dark streets where vice is less flaunting, because the "better class" do not support it.

## MONEY SHE SPENT

## WAS ALL WASTED

"I AM GLAD TO SAY MY TROUBLES ARE OVER AND I'VE GAINED TEN POUNDS SINCE TAKING TANLAC.

"I sure had a hard fight for over a year with indigestion and stomach trouble, but since taking Tanlac I am glad to say my troubles are over and I have gained ten pounds," said Mrs. W. R. Woods, of 919 Luke street, Meridian, Miss.

"My miserable condition had almost turned me into a nervous wreck. I had terrible pains all through my chest and a pressure around my heart from gas that arose in my stomach which nearly choked me. I couldn't eat a thing that wouldn't sor in my stomach, and had sharp pains all through my back and sides that would nearly drive me distracted, and the only way I could get rid of the pains was blistering myself. All the money I spent for medicine was just thrown away till I got hold of Tanlac.

"My friends urged me to try Tanlac and it just made me a new person. The pains are entirely gone from my chest and back and sides and I never have a sign of indigestion. The gas has stopped forming in my stomach, my complexion has cleared up, I can eat anything I want without any trouble, I sleep well at night and feel well all the time."

Tanlac is sold by leading druggists everywhere.

## How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Medicine. Hall's Catarrh Medicine has been taken by catarrh sufferers for the past thirty-five years, and has become known as the most reliable remedy for Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Medicine acts thru the Blood on the Mucous surfaces, expelling the Poison from the Blood and healing the diseased portions.

After you have taken Hall's Catarrh Medicine for a short time you will see a great improvement in your general health. Start taking Hall's Catarrh Medicine at once and get rid of catarrh. Send for testimonials free.

J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

## TIMES WANT ADS.

Money Makers

## TODAY'S BIRTHDAYS.

JULY 1.

Hon. Charles Marcell, former Speaker of the Dominion House of Commons, born in Quebec, 59 years ago today.

Dr. Albert Bushnell Hart, Harvard University professor and noted publicist, born at Clarksville, Pa., 65 years ago today.

George W. Donaghey, former governor of Arkansas, born at Oakland, La., 63 years ago today.

Edward J. King, representative in Congress of the Fifteenth Illinois district, born at Springfield, Mass., 52 years ago today.

William A. Ashbrook, representative in Congress of the Seventeenth Ohio district, born at Johnstown, O., 52 years ago today.

## THE HYMN HE LOVED.

The superintendent of a mission school was in the habit of allowing the boys to select a hymn to be sung.

On one occasion when he put the usual question, "Well, boys, which hymn shall we sing now?" a little boy put up his hand.

"Well, Billy, which hymn would you like?"

"Please, sir, the one where the little boy pinched the old gentleman's watch while he was asleep."

The superintendent was nonplussed. He could not recollect any hymn in the hymn book having a bearing on that particular subject. However, by a little judicious questioning, the hymn was discovered to be the well-known one, "Hushed was the evening hymn, the temple courts were dark."

The superintendent read through the first verse, but got no enlightenment. Then he went on the second verse—

"The old man, meek and mild, The priest of Israel, slept; His watch the temple-child, The little Levite, kept," etc.

Then he had to explain to the boys that the word "watch" has more than one meaning in the English language.

## TODAY'S ANNIVERSARIES.

JULY 1.

1869—New Hampshire legislature ratified the Fifteenth Amendment to the Federal Constitution.

1893—Evans liquor law went into effect in South Carolina, by which the State assumed control of the sale of intoxicants.

1896—Harriet Beecher Stowe, author of "Uncle Tom's Cabin," died at Hartford, Conn. Born at Litchfield, Conn., June 14, 1811.

1905—John Hay, Secretary of State of the United States and former Ambassador to Great Britain, died. Born at Salem, Ind., Oct. 8, 1838.

1906—Twenty-three American passengers were killed in a railway wreck at Salisbury, England.

1908—The Norfolk and Southern Railway Company went into the hands of a receiver.

1915—Serbians forced passage of the Save and captured a town on Austrian territory.

1916—Allies began a grand offensive on both sides of the Somme.

1917—Russian forces, under personal leadership of Kerensky, launched a powerful offensive on an eighteen-mile front in Galicia.

## MAYOR McCOMB WILL SEND A MESSAGE TO CORPUS MAYOR

Thrift Week and Work of Boy Scouts Will Elicit Greetings Between Mayors of Two Cities.

As a part of the celebration of Thrift Message Week, Mayor Robt. McComb of Laredo is going to send a Thrift Message by Boy Scouts to Mayor Boone of Corpus Christi. The day on which this thrift message is to be delivered will be announced by Mayor Robt. McComb.

The thrift message is short and to the point. It reads as follows:

"Dear Brother Mayor:

"On behalf of the thrifty citizenship of Laredo and through the courtesy of the Boy Scouts of Laredo, I am hereby extending to you and your citizens friendly greetings, and calling upon you and the citizens of your fair city to join with us in the observance of Thrift Message Week.

"Avoidance of waste, wise saving, wise spending and wise investing on behalf of the citizens of any community assure prosperity for that community. We are studying the principles of thrift during this week and I hereby respectfully suggest that you and the residents of your fair city join with us and the other citizens of the Eleventh Federal District in this laudable purpose."

Buy a War Saving Stamp every day during Thrift Message Week.

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.

## ALL LAREDO SOLDIER BOYS WILL ATTEND THE SMOKER

Laredo Volunteer Fire Department Will Be Hosts to All Laredo Boys Who Wore Khaki During War.

On Friday evening, July 4, the Laredo Volunteer Fire Department, who gave about fifty of its members to Uncle Sam when he needed fighting men to meet the German foes, will celebrate the Glorious Fourth with a grand smoker and good time generally at Firemen's Hall, beginning at 8 o'clock in the evening.

On this glorious occasion the guests are not limited to members of the Laredo Volunteer Fire Department, BUT EVERY LAREDO YOUNG MAN WHO WORE THE UNIFORM OF THE U. S. A. is invited to attend, and an especial invitation is extended to those loyal Mexican-American boys who served their country or their adopted country so well during the war to be present on this occasion. EVERY LAREDO SOLDIER BOY IS INVITED TO BE PRESENT; COME IN UNIFORM IF YOU CAN. There will be plenty to eat, plenty of soft drinks and a royal good time is assured all the active and honorary members of the fire department and their guests, our soldier boys. Short talks will be made; everything possible will be done to show the soldier boys that the members of the Laredo Volunteer Fire Department are proud of them and want to show them a good time.

For Sale.  
A few nice young saddle horses; suitable for harness. Can be seen at stock pens for two days only. R. M. Johnson, Hamilton Hotel.

## GOVERNMENT SALE.

At 10:00 A. M., July 3, 1919, at the Customs Rooms, Laredo, Texas, I will sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, the following confiscated property, to-wit:

First:—1,000 Long Range 22 Cal. Cartridges, value \$4.00; 10 Pieces Silk Ribbon, value \$22.50; 1 Lot of Drugs, value \$18.35; 1 Lot of Drugs, value \$30.95; 1 Lot of Merchandise, value \$20.90; 24 Twelve-Gauge Cartridges, value \$1.00; 1 Lot of Drugs, value \$20.00; 6 Doz. Rubber Tubes, value \$9; 1 44-Cal. Revolver, value \$3.00; 1 Pistol and 15 Cartridges, value \$3.75.

Second:—6 Cans of Quinine Sulphate; 15 Boxes Potassium Iodide Merck; 7 Cans Saccharine, Refined Merck.

The above property will be sold in lots as listed above.

J. A. HERRING,

U. S. Marshal, S. D. T.  
By ALLEN WALKER, Deputy.

## SEVEN EMPLOYEES LET OUT OF PASSPORT DEPARTMENT

Work Formerly Done By These Special Employees Now Incumbent on Inspectors Immigration Service.

Primarily because of the fact that no appropriation had been made providing for their salaries, and in accordance with instructions received by the immigration service here several days ago, seven special employees or inspectors of the passport department were dismissed this morning.

Except for the fact that one man is now doing the work formerly done by eight men, and who must depend on other members of the immigration service for assistance, there is no change announced in the status of the passport requirements and the same conditions that prevailed during the time that a "full force" attended to the business now continue in force.

## WEATHER FORECAST.

The following forecast from the United States weather bureau at New Orleans is furnished The Times by the Telephone Co. each day:

Tonight and Wednesday partly cloudy. Partly local showers.

## Local Weather Report.

The following are the observations taken at Fort McIntosh for the 24 hours ending at 7 a. m. today:

NO REPORT.

Used 40 Years

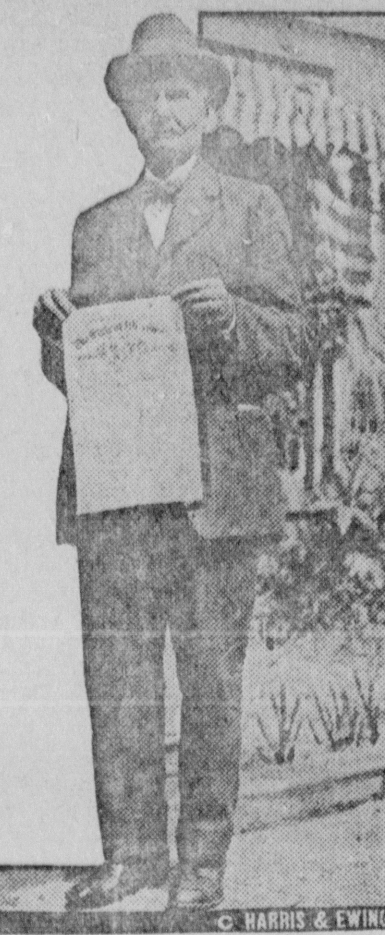
**CARDUI**

The Woman's Tonic

Sold Everywhere

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.

## WON RACE TO WASHINGTON



David G. James won by a nose for Wisconsin the race to be the first state actually to register its ratification of the constitutional amendment for suffrage. Mr. James is the father of Ada James, Wisconsin chairman of the National Woman's party, and he borrowed money to get away from Madison on a quick hop to Washington. He was just ahead of the alert Illinois messenger and is proudly showing his official receipt from the department of state.

## Limpet's Peculiar Power.

"To stick like a limpet," is an old saying, but few people know how it is that a limpet is able to stick as it does to the rocks upon which it passes its existence. The creature is able by means of the central portion of its body, which can be raised independently of the edge or frill which surrounds it, to create a vacuum, much in the same way that a piece of soft, wet leather can be made to adhere to a smooth surface by pressing out all the air. If taken by surprise with a smart, sideling blow, even a large limpet is easily enough dislodged, but given the slightest warning, its power of suction is instantly brought into play, and very often considerable force is then necessary to detach it.

## WEEKLY FINANCIAL REVIEW.

Prepared For The Times by the St. Louis Union Bank, St. Louis, Mo.

Exports of finished manufactures from the United States in the half year following the close of the war are three times as much in value as in the corresponding period preceding the war.

A compilation shows that the value of finished manufactures exported in the six months following the signing of the Armistice (November, December, January, February, March and April) aggregated \$1,161,000,000, or an average of \$193,000,000 per month, while the exportation of finished manufactures in the fiscal year immediately preceding the war averaged but \$61,000,000 per month.

In the last six months for which figures are now available, finished manufactures have been going out of the country at the rate of \$6,300,000 per day while in the year before the war they went out at the rate of about \$2,000,000 per day.

In the other group of manufactures, classed as "manufactures for further use in manufacturing," there has also been an increase but not as great as in the class "manufactures ready for consumption." Of the group "manufactures for further use in manufacturing," the exports after the war have averaged about \$2,500,000 per day, while in the year preceding the war they averaged about \$1,000,000 per day.

Lame Shoulder. This ailment is usually caused by rheumatism of the muscles. All that is needed is absolute rest and a few applications of Chamberlain's Liniment. Try it.

## THE PLATFORM.

Sam and Rastus were seated in a Jim Crow car on a Southern railway, en route to a plantation for the cotton picking season. They were discussing politics, with particular reference to the coming state elections. Rastus was a rabid partisan of the incumbent representative.

"Well," said Sam, "Ah likes him all right, Ah guess, but his platform ain't no good."

"Platform!" snorted Rastus. "Platform! Say, nigger, doan' you know dat a political platform is jes' like a platform on one o' dese yere railroad cars—hit ain't meant to stan' on; hit's jes' meant to git in on!"

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.

## HAVE CONCLUDED THE WORK OF EQUALIZING VALUATION

County Board of Equalization, After a Two Weeks' Session, Have Concluded Work and Adjourned.

The commissioners court of Webb county, which has been in session at the county tax assessor's office at the courthouse the past two weeks sitting as a board of equalization, having up for consideration the passing on and equalizing of values of Webb county property, has adjourned for the term.

During their session the board of equalization thoroughly went into the matter of examining into the valuations placed on various properties in both the city and county subject to taxation and brought about a better equalization than heretofore existed, lowering the valuation placed on some property, but in most instances raising the valuation on property that was not justly valued.

## The War Taxes the Nerve Energy of the Country

To win the war every energy of body and mind must be concentrated to the purpose. It will not do for you to become stale. If the necessary high rate of speed exhausts you, if you forget things and cannot sleep nights, if your digestion is impaired and you are irritated by small things, that is a sign your nervous system is breaking down, and it is time for you to take

## SENSAPERSA

which will help rebuild the worn-out nerves and tissues, and put you in the front ranks. The properties of this blood tonic and nerve sedative should double your nerve health in ten days and you will be able to vigorously attack your daily problems with renewed strength and ability to resist the strain caused by the conditions of to-day. Two sizes, 50c. and \$1.00 at your Druggist or from City Drug Co.

## IN THE DAY'S NEWS.

JULY 1.  
The Marquis of Salisbury, who is to serve as chief of staff to the Prince of Wales on the latter's visit to America, is 37 years old and a son of the late British premier, whom he succeeded in the title in 1903. Soon after he completed his education at Oxford he began his political career as a member of the House of Commons. Since then he has held several important posts under the British Government. He served with distinction in the Boer war and was several times mentioned in despatches. The Marquis is a stalwart, good-looking nobleman, and quite a fitting representative of the house of Cecil, has held a leading position for several centuries in England, the founder being Elizabeth's high treasurer. Lord Salisbury has been an extensive traveler and is a master of several languages.

## REGULAR SESSION MONDAY CO. COMMISSIONERS' COURT

Will Pass Order Authorizing Issue of Good Roads Bonds of \$300,000 and Also Provide Sinking Fund.

The commissioners' court of Webb county will be convened in regular monthly session on next Monday morning by County Judge Page at his office in the county courthouse, when business of considerable importance will come up for consideration.

At this session of the commissioners court an order will be passed authorizing the issuance of the good roads bonds voted at a recent special election here and also the levying of a tax for the creation of a sinking fund to take care of the bonds.

## HIDALGO GETS FIRST BALE OF COTTON OF THE SEASON

Rio Grande Valley Country Again Captures Honors for Growing and Marketing First Bale of Cotton.

Hidalgo county, located in the fertile valley of the Rio Grande, again enjoys the distinction of having grown, ginned and marketed the first bale of cotton of the 1919 season, which was sold on the market in Houston yesterday at a high price and with a premium to the grower, a farmer named Salvador Cardenas, who has a farm in Hidalgo county.

In this section, especially around Laredo, the cotton crop is not far advanced at this time and it will be several weeks before harvesting time will arrive here, in fact it will not be until the latter part of July or early in August that the picking of the fleecy staple will start. Indications at this time are favorable for a yield that will produce at least 1,500 bales in the country immediately around Laredo.

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.

## LOCAL NEWS

—Alfred Campbell, another Laredo boy who saw service with the American expeditionary forces in France, has returned to his home in Laredo and his many friends are glad to see him back in his old home town.

—There will be a meeting of the Federal Employees Union in the federal building this evening beginning at 8 o'clock, and all members are urged to be present, as business of importance will be transacted.

—The latest news received from San Luis Potosi state that many foreigners are leaving that place to remain away until after the election on Friday. Reports of rioting and bloodshed in San Luis Potosi as a result of the election excitement are confirmed by arrivals from that section, who also state that many Chinks, who have been threatened with death if they remain, are "beating it" out of that state.

—Tomorrow we reach the "mitanita" stage of the calendar—that is at midnight tomorrow one-half of the year is passed and the other half is yet to come. In other words, at midnight tomorrow 183 days of 1919 will have passed away and 183 days yet remain before the year ends; that is really mid-year.

—Henry Schwartz, another Laredo young man who laid aside his civilian duties when the tocsin of war resounded and donned the uniform of the U. S. A. and saw service in France and Germany, has returned to his home in Laredo and has resumed his position as dispatcher with the Texas-Mexican Ry. Co. here.

—R. R. Wilkes is the proud father of a fine girl baby who arrived at his home yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Mother and child are doing fine and father is going about wearing broad smiles.

—The importations through this port from Mexico yesterday afternoon consisted of three carloads of hite, three carloads of skins, one carload of calamine and one carload of beer, the latter in bond to Juarez, Mexico.

## OF INTEREST TO WOMEN.

The woman suffrage organizations in the United States are planning for a big jubilee next February in celebration of the ratification of the Federal suffrage amendment and in honor of the centenary of the birth of Susan B. Anthony, to whose early efforts is due much of the credit for the victory recently achieved in Congress.

A community sewing room, a community valet room, a community laundry and community kitchenettes are to be included among the features of a mammoth hotel for business and professional women which it is planned to erect in New York City. Rooms in the hotel will rent for an average rate of \$25 a month and may be obtained either furnished or unfurnished.

Bhopal, the second greatest Mohammedan state in India, has been ruled over by a woman for several generations. The present Begum is the granddaughter and the daughter of ruling Begums, and she is said to be in many respects the most remarkable of the three. Among her other claims to distinction is the discarding of the purdah, or veil, which, among Mohammedan women especially, is considered the only correct manner of appearing in any public place. The Begum, moreover, has displayed marked loyalty to British rule and was a liberal contributor to the cause of the empire during the late war in Europe.

## "A SPLENDID TONIC"

Says Hixson Lady Who, On Doctor's Advice, Took Cardui And Is Now Well.

Hixson, Tenn.—"About 10 years ago I was..." says Mrs. J. B. Gadd, of this place. "I suffered with a pain in my left side, could not sleep at night with this pain, always in the left side..."

My doctor told me to use Cardui. I took one bottle, which helped me and after my baby came, I was stronger and better, but the pain was still there.

I at first let it go, but began to get weak and in a run-down condition, so I decided to try some more Cardui, which I did.

This last Cardui which I took made me much better, in fact, cured me. It has been a number of years, still I have no return of this trouble.

I feel it was Cardui that cured me, and I recommend it as a splendid female tonic."

Don't allow yourself to become weak and run-down from womanly troubles. Take Cardui. It should surely help you, as it has so many thousands of other women in the past 40 years. Headache, backache, sideache, nervousness, sleeplessness, tired-out feeling, are all signs of womanly trouble. Other women get relief by taking Cardui. Why not you? All druggists.

NO-123

During the last few months of the war as many as 200,000 American soldiers passed through England in a month.

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.



## NOT SUPPOSED TO THINK.

A sailor who was being reprimanded by an officer started to defend himself.

"But I thought, sir—"  
"You are not supposed to think." About a week later the same officer sent this man ashore to get him some cigarette papers, and, as he did not have any change, he gave him a \$20 bill.

"What have you got there?" asked the officer.

"Cigarette papers," came the reply. "You didn't say how many, sir. You gave me the bill and said, 'Get me some cigarette papers.'"

"What do you think I want with \$20 worth of cigarette papers?"

"I am not supposed to think."—Columbus (Ohio) Dispatch.

## PESSOA'S VISIT.

The arrival in the United States of Dr. Epitacio M. Pessoa, president-elect of Brazil, affords an opportunity to demonstrate the kindly feeling existing between this country and South American republics. Dr. Pessoa comes from Paris, where he was president of Brazil's delegation to the peace conference. Evidence of his popularity is the fact that he was elected president of Brazil in April, while he was in Paris and out of touch with the progress of his campaign.

It is rightly to be inferred that he is one of the foremost men in Brazil. He has risen by his own efforts from a professorship in law in a leading Brazilian university. He entered politics through the national congress, became a member of the cabinet, attorney general and then judge in the supreme court. Leaving the bench, he became a senator, and was a senator when sent to Paris. This career has enabled him to acquire a thorough knowledge of South American affairs, and, judging by his friendly attitude toward the United States, he is cognizant of the advantage accruing to both countries from their long friendship.

Dr. Pessoa is the guest of the government. His experiences in this country under government auspices will enable him to take to the people of Brazil a true account of America's prosperity and friendliness. Through him a great deal can be done to counteract the effect of anti-American agencies working throughout South America to break down the foundations of a pan-American understanding. It is to be regretted that his stay will not be long enough to permit of visits to all of the prominent cities, but by going as far west as St. Louis he will gain a fair idea of the country, and certainly he will be here long enough to observe the progress of democracy among free peoples.—Indianapolis News.

## ODD AND INTERESTING.

The sound of a heart-beat is caused by the closing of the valves in the heart during the pumping process. Fourteen million roses were distributed in London on the occasion of the recent Alexandra Day celebration.

Blinded Australian soldiers are to be provided by their Government with houses at a weekly rental of one shilling.

In the Scottish Highlands it is taken as a terribly unlucky sign if a dog should run between the bridal pair on their wedding day.

The traditional association of cats with maids is believed to have originated in the Middle Ages, when cats were always kept in nurseries.

During the past year or two an average of one hundred and fifty married have taken place every week between Australian soldiers and British women.

## RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

**Texas-Mexican.**  
Train No. 1 leaves for Corpus Christi at 12:50 p. m.  
Train No. 2 arrives from Corpus Christi at 3:35 p. m.

**International & Great Northern.**  
Through fast train for St. Louis leaves at 8:30 a. m. and arrives at 2:50 p. m.

**Night Train.**  
Leaves at 9 p. m. and arrives at 8 a. m.

**Rio Grande & Eagle Pass.**  
Train No. 1 leaves Laredo daily except Sunday at 8:30 a. m. Arrives at Minera at 10:20 a. m.  
Train No. 2 leaves Minera daily except Sunday at 11 a. m. Arrives at Laredo at 3:15 p. m.

## How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Medicine.

Hall's Catarrh Medicine has been taken by catarrh sufferers for the past thirty years, and has become known as the most reliable remedy for Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Medicine acts thru the Blood on the Mucous surfaces, expelling the Poison from the Blood and healing the diseased portions.

After you have taken Hall's Catarrh Medicine for a short time you will see a great improvement in your general health. Start taking Hall's Catarrh Medicine at once and get rid of catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.  
Sold by all Druggists, etc.



Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt  
Society Editor

Phone 76 ..... Phone 43

## SOCIAL CALENDAR.

**Wednesday.**  
The Knights of Columbus will entertain with their regular weekly dance at the K. of C. Hall in Fort McIntosh in the evening.

**Thursday.**  
There will be a general meeting of the W. M. U. of the Baptist Church at the church at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.  
The Ladies Aid Society of the Christian Church will meet with Mrs. E. F. Hamilton at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

## Give Service.

If you stop to find out what your wages will be,  
And how they will clothe and feed you,  
Willie, my son, don't go on the sea,  
For the sea will never need you.

If you ask for the reason of every command,  
And argue with people about you,  
Willie, my son, don't you go on the land,  
For the land will do better without you.

If you stop to consider the work you have done,  
And to boast what your labor is worth, dear,  
Angels may come for you, Willie, my son,  
But you'll never be wanted on earth, dear.

—Kipling.

## General Mention.

Mrs. Clarence Jefferies and sons returned Monday from Seabrook, Texas, where they visited Mrs. Jefferies' mother.

Mrs. O. H. Guinn and two sons left this morning for San Antonio and from there will go on to East Texas to spend the rest of the summer.

Mrs. Gus D. Becker expects to leave on Saturday for San Antonio to visit relatives.

Miss Evelyn Moore expects to leave this week for San Antonio to visit relatives.

Mr. Louis Becker has returned home from Bryan and will remain for the summer.

Steve Simon Jr. has just returned from the A. & M. College after having spent several days with his mother, who is ill in San Antonio.

Mrs. Hudson and daughter, Miss Oia, expect to leave tonight for their home in Pearsall after a pleasant visit to Mrs. B. F. Walker.

Rev. Albert Beddoe returned Monday night from Devine, where he has been conducting a revival meeting.

Mrs. Elvira Cardenas Vda. de Saenz and little daughter and Miss Otilia Cardenas left this morning for Mexico and expect to be absent several months. Mrs. Saenz and daughter will go to Lagos, Jalisco, to visit her sister, Mrs. Luis Anaya y Anaya and Miss Cardenas will go to Tampico to visit relatives and friends.

## Announcements.

The regular weekly dance at the K. of C. Hall will be given this evening, and the hostesses and chaperones will be Mesdames Ryan, Convery, Mulally, G'Sell, Cullinan, Simpson, Mussetti and Devine of Fort McIntosh.

There is going to be a program given at Fort McIntosh at 10 o'clock in the morning, Friday, July 4th, in the band stand on the parade ground. The program will be quite attractive and every one is cordially invited to attend.

## Club Notes.

The Sunbeam Band of the Baptist Church held its regular weekly meeting yesterday afternoon at the church at 4 o'clock. The devotional services were conducted by Mrs. Sallee and Mrs. H. L. Guinn. After the services were concluded the remainder of the time was devoted to pasting pictures in a scrap book. There were twelve members present.

The B. Y. P. U. of the Baptist Church held its annual business meeting last night at the home of Mrs. Horner. After the business session and election of officers a pleasant social time was enjoyed on the lawn, games were played and iced watermelon was served. About twenty members were present.

## TIMES WANT ADS.

\*\*\*\*\* Money Makers \*\*\*\*\*

BAND CONCERTS PROGRAMS  
THURSDAY-FRIDAY NIGHTS

Band Concert Tomorrow Night on Martin Plaza and on Friday Night on Parade Ground Ft. McIntosh.

The following is the program which will be rendered at the band concert on Martin Plaza tomorrow (Thursday) night by the Thirty-seventh Infantry Band under the direction of Lieut. Carl Everlof, the program beginning at 7:45 o'clock:

- No. 1. March, "The Flying Squadron," ..... Scouton
- No. 2. Overture, "Merry Wives of Windsor," ..... Nicolai
- No. 3. Waltz, "Velvet of the Roses," ..... Barnard
- No. 4. Transcription, "Beethoven's Moonlight Sonata," ..... Tobani
- No. 5. Selection, "The Wizard of Oz," ..... Tietjens
- No. 6. One Step, "Ragtime Volunteers," ..... Hanley

## Concert Friday Night.

The following program will be rendered by the Thirty-seventh Infantry Band at Fort McIntosh on Friday evening beginning at 7:45 o'clock:

- No. 1. March, "Thunder and Blazes," ..... Laurendeau
- No. 2. Overture, "Le Macon," ..... Auber
- No. 3. Waltz, "The Silvery Brook," ..... Brahm
- No. 4. Idyll, "Pure as Snow," ..... Lange
- No. 5. Selection, "Woodland," ..... Luder
- No. 6. One Step, "Carry On," ..... Pierson

## THERE'S GLORY ENOUGH TO GO ALL AROUND.

Our Texas Lads are coming back from the War!  
Meet them with a smile wide as a door,  
Though a tear may insist on running wild,  
'Tis that the heart's so full all the while.

Not all come back—bloody battles took their toll,  
Downhearted were they? They were not.  
The American soldier knows no Retreat—tis foreign to his soul.  
"Kamerad!" is Hun's—not American's dastard blot!

Mothers, fathers, brothers, sisters, wives, sweethearts—all beside,  
Hail! to the Texas Heroes!—they are their Country's pride.  
Some may come back with wounds—those lasting souvenirs,  
Like sunshine—meet them the more tenderly twist smiles and tears.

Then welcome all with love and awesome pride!  
Nobly they have fought—giving life beside  
To save a world from bitter crush under Tyrant's heel!  
That, winning not, would have come sure as thieves will steal!

With hugs and kisses, however smutty be their beaks,  
Meet the lads who fought for placid you, many weary weeks.  
Then, for the homing Laddies, with thatches all of tin,  
Let the sounds of revelry now begin!

—EL TEJANO.  
Laredo, Texas, July 1, 1919.

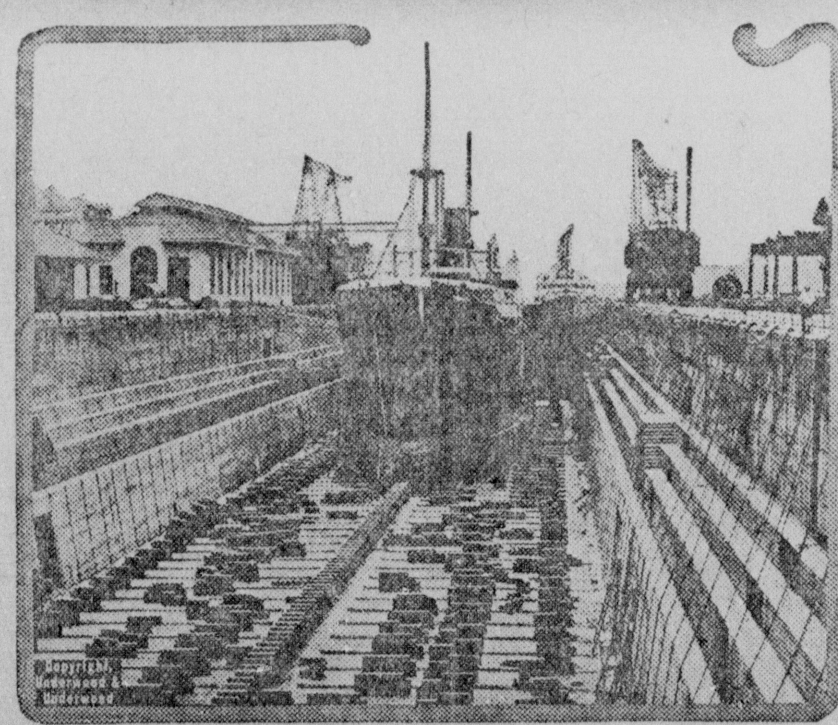
## "PARSMAGNAFUING."

The New York Times has coined a new word—"parsingmagnafuing." It's a good one, particularly as the Times applies it, to Ludendorff. For the curious, we may add that it's a lift from Virgil. When old Aeneas was spinning his yarn about Troy to Lady Dido, he remarked, "Quorum pars magna fui," i. e., "of which events I was a great part." Implying in his artless way that he was the Main Guy. Henceforward, when any one tells us he was the Big Cheese in any series of events, we are going to say he's parsingmagnafuing. We are not above snapping up such a good coinage.—Philadelphia Evening Ledger.

**DOCTORS NEW SCHEDULE OF FEES.**  
A new schedule of fees adopted by the Doctors of Laredo to take effect on and after July 1st, 1919:  
Day visits, 7 a. m. to 9 p. m., \$3.00 up  
Night " 9 p. m. to 7 a. m., 7.50 up  
Office visits ..... 2.00 up  
Telephone consultation ..... 2.00 up  
Certificate in proof of death ..... 3.00 up  
Certificate of disability ..... 1.00 up  
Confinement cases ..... 40.00 up  
Visits out of town limits ..... \$2.00 per mile  
Consultation ..... \$15.00  
Anesthesia ..... 10.00  
6-27-6t.

**For Sale.**  
A few nice young saddle horses; suitable for harness. Can be seen at stock pens for two days only. R. M. Johnson, Hamilton Hotel.  
7-1-2t.

## BIG CONCRETE DRY DOCK AT BALBOA



A 6,000-ton sea-going steamer undergoing repairs in the concrete dry dock at Balboa, the Pacific entrance to the Panama canal. This is the largest dry dock in the world.

## WEEKLY FINANCIAL REVIEW.

Prepared For The Times by the St. Louis Union Bank, St. Louis, Mo.

The Federal farm loan system is now doing about 15 per cent of all agricultural land loan business in the United States. A report of the farm loan board at the conclusion of the second year of operation shows that loans closed in the last twelve months amounted to \$120,233,000. The aggregate of farm loans made by all agencies, public and private, is estimated at about \$800,000,000 annually.

The Spokane district has closed more than \$30,000,000 in loans, more than any other. The Omaha district is second with more than \$29,000,000; St. Paul third, with more than \$28,000,000, and Houston fourth, with more than \$22,000,000. By States Texas leads with \$22,531,000; Iowa has \$14,385,000; North Dakota, \$14,086,000, and Kansas, \$9,007,000.

## CHEESE-PARING ECONOMY.

In point of timeliness, or lack of it, preaching economy to a special session of the legislature called chiefly for the purpose of making appropriations is somewhat like locking the stable door after the disappearance of the horse. Such sins of extravagance as a legislature is chargeable with are committed, for the most part, during its regular session or during a called session that is not concerned with the appropriation bills. The truth of this is shown in the present instance. The estimates for existing departments and institutions for the next two fiscal years are \$2,000,000 less than the appropriations made by the preceding legislature, so that if only the expenditures required by the estimates were to be made, it would be possible to make the total of appropriations for the next two years that much less than they were for the preceding two years, and this without scaling their estimates. But this legislature during its regular and first called session made appropriations in excess of \$7,000,000, and this amount is, in the practical sense, as much gone as is the water that has passed over the wheel. The only economy which it is now possible for the legislature to practice is of the cheese-paring kind, and the practice of that kind of economy usually does more harm than good. Governor Hobby speaks earnestly in urging on the legislature the need of economy, but the time to make that counsel effective has passed.—Galveston News.

## BUT THIS WAS IN ENGLAND.

"And so your father is working now and getting nearly three pounds a week. How nice! And how much does he put away on Saturday night?"  
"Six beers and four whiskies, ma'am," the little girl replied.—Pearson's Weekly.

## DOCTORS NEW SCHEDULE OF FEES.

A new schedule of fees adopted by the Doctors of Laredo to take effect on and after July 1st, 1919:  
Day visits, 7 a. m. to 9 p. m., \$3.00 up  
Night " 9 p. m. to 7 a. m., 7.50 up  
Office visits ..... 2.00 up  
Telephone consultation ..... 2.00 up  
Certificate in proof of death ..... 3.00 up  
Certificate of disability ..... 1.00 up  
Confinement cases ..... 40.00 up  
Visits out of town limits ..... \$2.00 per mile  
Consultation ..... \$15.00  
Anesthesia ..... 10.00  
6-27-6t.

**For Sale.**  
A few nice young saddle horses; suitable for harness. Can be seen at stock pens for two days only. R. M. Johnson, Hamilton Hotel.  
7-1-2t.

COMMUNISTIC FEMENT IN BERLIN CAUSES  
FEAR OF A POLITICAL INSURRECTION SOON

Strike is Becoming General and Threatens to Involve Railroads and Big Industrial Plants—Minister of Defense Increasing Patrols, Planting Barbed Wire and Preparing for Struggle.

TEXAS SOLONS WANT  
SOUTHERN MEN ONLY

ASK PRESIDENT TO APPOINT DIPLOMATS FROM THE SOUTH WITH KNOWLEDGE OF COTTON.

By Associated Press.

Austin, Texas, July 2.—A resolution memorializing the president of the United States and the secretary of state to select as many diplomats and ambassadors to foreign countries as possible from the South and instruct them to study the cotton situation and prepare statistics was adopted in the Texas house today and sent to the senate for action.

## Can't Join Corporation.

Austin, Texas, July 2.—State banks cannot, under the present banking laws, purchase and own capital stock in the proposed national Cotton Export Finance Corporation, according to the opinion of the attorney general's department given Commissioner of Insurance and Banking Briggs today.

## HOG PRICES SOAR.

Chicago, July 2.—Hog prices today reached the high figure of \$22 a hundredweight, a rise of 25c over night. Increased export demand for food products is generally accepted as the reason for the continued unprecedented advance.

## BAPTIST YOUNG PEOPLE'S UNION.

St. Louis, Mo., July 2.—An army of loyal Baptists of the United States and Canada, young and old but mostly young, is trooping into St. Louis today. The twenty-eighth international convention of the Baptist Young People's Union of America will be called to order here tomorrow, and already the hotels, boarding houses and private residences are crowded with the delegates and visitors, while many additions to the advance guard are still en route from the east, west and south.

The conventional sessions will continue several days, concluding on Sunday with special meetings and services in all of the local churches of the Baptist denomination. Reports of officers and committees will be submitted for the past year and much other routine business pertaining to the affairs of the organization will be transacted. How the union may assist in the work of reconstruction will be discussed and plans for a vigorous membership drive will receive attention. At the open sessions lay and clerical leaders of international reputation.

The Baptist Young People's Union is one of the largest and most influential of young people's organizations in any of the churches in America. Its main purpose is to promote a special spirit of loyalty and earnestness toward the Baptist denomination, to the end that, as the old supports of the church are gathered to their fathers, the ranks may be kept even and the Baptist army increased from the junior organization.

The reports to be submitted to the coming convention will show a splendid record of war service for the organization. The union officially cooperated in the work of the United States Food Administration, with the Committee on Temperance for camps and cantonments, and with the various other war service agencies. Through its efforts, also, tens of thousands of Baptist boys called into the service were furnished with copies of the New Testament.



TIMES WANT ADS.  
\*\*\*\*\* Money Makers \*\*\*\*\*

STAGE HAS BEEN SET  
FOR THE CONTENDERS

LAST NAIL DRIVEN TODAY IN GREATEST FIGHT STADIUM YET KNOWN IN THE WORLD.

By Associated Press.

Toledo, Ohio, July 2.—The last preliminary details of the Independence Day boxing exhibition were completed today. The principals have practically ceased training, doing only light boxing. The last nail, completing the greatest fight stadium ever constructed, was driven today. The great structure, costing \$150,000, required nearly 2,000,000 feet of lumber and hundreds of kegs of nails and bolts. It has approximately 24 miles of seats, accommodating nearly 100,000 persons.

## BARON RAYLEIGH DEAD.

By Associated Press.  
London, July 2.—Baron Rayleigh died last night.

## IOWA RATIFIED IT.

By Associated Press.  
Des Moines, Iowa, July 2.—The Iowa legislature today ratified the federal woman suffrage amendment.

## TO BEGIN LOCKOUT.

By Associated Press.  
Manchester, Eng., July 2.—Cotton employers of North Manchester have decided to begin a general lockout tomorrow unless their striking operatives return to work.

## FLIGHT HAS BEGUN.

By Associated Press.  
London, July 2.—The British dirigible R-34 left East Fortune, Scotland, under command of Major Scott today on the long-heralded trip to America. At 8 o'clock Greenwich time she was reported 325 miles off the Irish coast.

## FISHERMEN TO GO ON STRIKE.

Boston, Mass., July 2.—Unless there is an eleventh-hour settlement of the matters in dispute the fishermen of the Atlantic seaboard will go on strike tomorrow. It is estimated that more than 5,000 men now engaged in producing food fish, most of them "out of Boston and Gloucester," will quit work and New England and other sections of the country supplied by the New England fisheries will be forced to go fishless.

The proposed strike is not to affect the fishermen of Portland, Providence, New York and Atlantic City immediately, although these men, who are affiliated with the union, may be called out later.

The strike has been determined upon to enforce demands adopted by the union last November. These demands originally were announced to become effective on March 15, but any action to bring the changes about at that time was put off at the request of the War Labor Board, which took up some of the differences existing in the fish industry. The demands of the Fishermen's Union were not considered officially by the War Labor Board.

The establishment of minimum prices for fish, below which no fish may be sold, is the principal demand of the fishermen. It is claimed that an arrangement of this kind is the only method by which the fishermen can be assured of a reasonable living wage. It is also desired that there be no night fishing, and that the men in the crews of steam trawlers and hand-line vessels be given a larger share of the proceeds of catches.

## The Joy of Living.

To enjoy life we must have good health. No one can reasonably hope to get much real pleasure out of life when his bowels are clogged a good share of the time and the poisons that should be expelled are absorbed into the system, producing headache and indigestion. A few doses of Chamberlain's Tablets will move the bowels, strengthen the digestion and give you a chance to realize the real joy of living. Try it.

By Associated Press.

Berlin, July 2.—The communistic situation has again arrived at the fermenting stage in greater Berlin and there are indications that the strike movement may develop into a political insurrection. The strike is becoming general and threatens to involve railroad workers and big industrial plants. The minister of defense is increasing troops patrols, planting barbed wire at strategic points and generally tightening the martial law regulations.

## Causing Much Uneasiness.

Paris, July 2.—The Turkish situation is giving the peace conference much uneasiness. Reports indicate that three Turkish armies, whose generals refuse to obey orders from Constantinople, have been organized and concentrated in three districts, those at Konia threatening the Italians and those at Balkesir opposing the Greeks.

## Commerce With Germany.

Paris, July 2.—The French authorities are considering the question of re-opening commercial relations with Germany, Execlior says. It is believed in authoritative quarters, the paper adds, that the ministries of foreign affairs and commerce are inclined to favor commercial liberty, the tariff to be protective but not prohibitive.

## Allen Succeeds Liggett.

Paris, July 2.—Major General Henry T. Allen will succeed Lieut. General Hunter Liggett in command of the forces on the Rhine, the new title of the American army of occupation at Coblenz, American military headquarters announced today. Allen formerly commanded the 90th division, consisting of Texas and Oklahoma troops.

## Germany to Ratify Treaty.

Paris, July 2.—The Germans expect to ratify the treaty next week, according to a note sent the allies.

## Germans Sent Home.

Charleston, S. C., July 2.—A trainload of Germans formerly interned at Fort Oglethorpe was embarked today for Rotterdam to be repatriated.

## Montenegro in Rebellion.

Berlin, July 2.—Virtually all Montenegro is in rebellion against the Serbian military occupation, and bloody encounters have occurred in many places, according to advices here. Guerrilla warfare is reviving in the mountains.

## Censorship Abolished.

Paris, July 2.—General Pershing today issued instructions that the military censorship be abolished immediately, it is announced at military headquarters here.

## Censorship Ends Tonight.

Coblenz, July 2.—All censorship over despatches of correspondents with the American army and censorship of soldiers' mail and telegrams ceases tonight.

## American Squadron at Tagus.

Paris, July 2.—The American squadron is anchored north of the river Tagus, according to a Havas Agency Lisbon despatch.

## STRIKE DECLARED OFF.

By Associated Press.

New York, July 2.—The commercial telegraphers' strike against the Western Union and Postal telegraph companies was declared off today.

## NO TROUBLE EXPECTED.

By Associated Press.

Washington, July 2.—Although presidential approval must await the president's return, no embarrassment of government departments from lack of funds is expected to result from the action of congress in enacting the appropriation bills needed by the government for the year which began yesterday.

**ONE YEAR AGO TODAY IN THE WAR.**  
JULY 2.  
German force started to cross Finland toward Archangel.  
Berlin reported 15,000 machine guns captured since March 21.  
Secretary Baker reported more than one million American troops in France or on sea.



## MORE TROUBLE IN BERLIN.

For some time past the Germans have complained that the delay in formulating the treaty has resulted in much disorder in their country, due mainly to industrial depression and lack of food owing to the blockade.

Now that the treaty is signed it is up to the Germans to prove that they are capable of suppressing disorders and that they are able to bring about order without too much use of the ready machine gun and the government's janissaries.

The German people are suffering from the unrest which always comes to a defeated nation if it has not the moral strength to accept defeat and bring itself to meet the new conditions.

France was more thoroughly defeated in 1871, yet the courage of the French people was not more demonstrated on the field of battle than it was in the struggle to again establish themselves on a self-supporting basis. And the French had an indemnity to pay which, added to the enormous losses inflicted upon them by the victorious Germans, was enough to daunt a less courageous people.

The Germans have a large amount of money to pay to repair the damage they inflicted on enemy nations during the war just ended. But they have not suffered any material losses themselves, except the self-inflicted ones since the overthrow of the empire.

Their factories are intact, and even the restoration of the machinery taken from France and Belgium will leave them with a sufficient number of effective plants to recommence industry and commerce.

Their country has not been devastated, and the slight damage inflicted by the British and French aviators was mostly confined to military depots and ammunition dumps.

But the moral courage is lacking. Ever since the armistice was signed and the German people began to realize that they were defeated, they have whined and complained, instead of going to work to restore the damage that comes from war, even to a victor. They have supinely sat down and waited for the allied governments to agree upon such terms as would be acceptable to them, and meanwhile they have busily engaged in the one activity that brings nothing to pass—the activity of the anarchist and the destroyer of all that is desirable in a commonwealth.

Instead of forming a government that could be depended upon to bring order out of chaos, the German people have devoted their energies to the work of destroying what little government they had, and then complaining at their hard fate.

They have demonstrated that they are hard losers. It is not that they do not know when they are whipped, like the Anglo-Saxons, the French and the plucky Belgians. They merely hoped against hope that the conquerors would be too merciful to do them much damage, and they whimpered like whipped schoolboys over the just punishment they have received, which is only too mild to be strictly just.

Now let them prove that they are capable of forming a government that shall be based upon the permission of the people to be ruled, not the fear of what the government will do to them if they do not submit.

It has been the boast of Germans for years that their government was the best on earth. Let them do something to make that boast good. Right now there is no government on earth that is so poor, unless it be that of the Bolsheviks, who reject all government.

If abuses must be put down, with a strong hand, let it be done, but do not let the rabble rule, simply because of the hatred they have for those who have proved themselves incompetent. The educated German, if there really is such a person outside of the Nibelungenlied, should be permitted to take his rightful place in the government and demonstrate his capacity—or incapacity—for ruling. The time has passed for the mob to govern any country.

## THE GLORIOUS DAY.

To many it has seemed a pity that the peace treaty with Germany could not have been signed on the Fourth of July, while others are glad that it was signed enough beforehand to permit the day to be celebrated in a fitting manner.

For some inexplicable reason the celebration of our Independence Day seems to have fallen into disuse in Laredo. There is nothing to be done here besides the celebration at the army post, and that is an observance of regulation, with very few of our citizens taking part.

There is actually more attention paid to the various Mexican holidays, even by the American citizens, than there is given to our own national festivals, with the single exception of Washington's Birthday.

But this year the Fourth of July gains added significance. Not only have our troops been victorious in battle with the foe, but they have also aided in freeing the world from the dread monster of German imperialism and militarism. And it is not only the independence of our country that is being celebrated this year—it is the freedom of many peoples who

have for centuries been dominated by monarchism and despotism.

The French are naturally desirous of making the most of the victory which frees them from the dread of invasion for years to come. Their national festival falls on the 14th, the anniversary of the fall of the Bastille. And so they propose the French festival as the most appropriate for the celebration of the end of the greatest war in history.

If ever there was a day that should be celebrated by the people of the United States it is the Fourth of July of this glorious year—the year of peace and the beginning of the new era.

It is true that the war practically came to an end when the armistice began on November 11 of last year, but all the work of the months that have intervened was but preliminary to the signing of the peace treaty, and this Fourth of July sees the greater part of our soldiers, especially those not in the old "regular army," at home and ready to rejoice that the fighting is over.

The signing of our declaration of independence was but the beginning of our fighting. But the anniversary of that signing this year marks the end of the fighting in the great war, and although there may be some scattered combats between the forces of law and order and the rabble of anarchy, most of the weapons may be turned into implements of peace.

The Fourth of July this year finds our nation greater than any of the Revolutionary Fathers could have dreamed it would be. It is the strongest nation on earth, and one of the reasons for its superior strength is its mercy toward the vanquished and its lack of vindictiveness.

On the memorable Fourth of July in 1776 a small band of patriots was assembled to consider the affairs of a few thousands of colonists who had objected to the abuses to which they had been submitted and who had been harshly treated because of that objection.

They were few in numbers, without arms or ammunition, with scanty supplies of clothing and other war materials, and with but limited resources and no foreign credit. They were opposed to the greatest nation on earth, a nation which had been successful in conflict with its foes and which undoubtedly had the greatest riches and the strongest credit in the then known world.

Yet the little band of colonists, "with a firm reliance on the protection of Divine Providence, pledged to each other their lives, their fortunes and their sacred honor." And they won, despite the greatest efforts put forth by their powerful enemy, and laid the foundation for the freedom of the world.

There is not a free nation on earth that does not remember the Fourth of July, no matter what their own festival day may be. Shall we fail in our manifest duty to observe the day with loyal and patriotic celebration in honor of the memory of those who made our nation possible?

## TODAY'S ANNIVERSARIES.

- JULY 3.
- 1737—John Singleton Copley, one of the greatest portrait painters of his time, born in Boston. Died in London, Sept. 9, 1815.
- 1852—A branch of the United States Mint was established in San Francisco.
- 1863—Great destruction of life and property by an earthquake in the Philippines.
- 1869—An Arctic exploring party under the leadership of Dr. I. I. Hayes sailed from St. John's Newfoundland.
- 1884—President Cleveland ordered Federal troops to Chicago on account of the great railroad strike.
- 1898—Admiral Cervera's Spanish fleet, attempting to escape from Santiago, was destroyed by the American squadron.
- 1915—Gen. Gouraud, commanding the French forces at the Dardanelles, reported wounded.
- 1916—Germans failed in attack on Thiaumont, near Verdun.
- 1917—Battalion of American troops enthusiastically welcomed in Paris.

## IN THE DAY'S NEWS.

JULY 3.

A man whose name is appearing frequently in the cable despatches these days is Rt. Hon. Ian MacPherson, Chief Secretary for Ireland, and the Minister responsible to the House of Commons for the current administration of the country. A native of Inverness, Mr. MacPherson was educated at Edinburgh university, where he won high distinction as a scholar. His public career dates from 1911, when he was returned to Parliament. As private secretary to two successive Undersecretaries for War, he proved his worth, filling his post with energy and capacity, and when, in 1916, Lord Derby vacated the office to take over the Ministry for War in Lloyd George's Government, Mr. MacPherson succeeded him as Undersecretary for War. This position he continued to fill until he was appointed to his present important post in

## TODAY'S BIRTHDAYS.

JULY 3.

Habibulla Khan, Ameer of Afghanistan, who has been making a display of hostility toward the British, born 47 years ago today.

John Alexander Steuart, well known novelist and journalist, born in Scotland, 58 years ago today.

Charlotte Perkins Gilman, noted author, sociologist and lecturer, born at Hartford, Conn., 59 years ago today.

Helen M. Warrum, celebrated operatic singer, born at Greenfield, Ind., 27 years ago today.

Dr. Joseph S. Ames, professor of physics in Johns Hopkins University, born at Manchester, Vt., 55 years ago today.

## A NOVELETTE.

As the first pale ray of dawn stole into his narrow bedroom, Chesterfield Jones' eyes opened.

He blinked dazedly, trying to remember.

Then, in a flash all came back to him. He listened intently, then, noiselessly, he threw back the bedclothes. Cautiously he put one leg out of bed, followed it by slow degrees until he was completely out.

Again he listened. Not a sound. He drew a long breath and crept along the cold, creaking hall, down the cold, creaking stairs, into the cold but not creaking parlor.

Warily he made his way to the mantel.

"Pest! There in the still dim light, he could see them!

"Ha, ha!" he chuckled. "He's left 'em again!"

He drew up a chair. It scraped with a harsh noise along the hardwood floor, and Chesterfield Jones, scarcely daring to breathe, cowered in fear until he was assured that no one had heard.

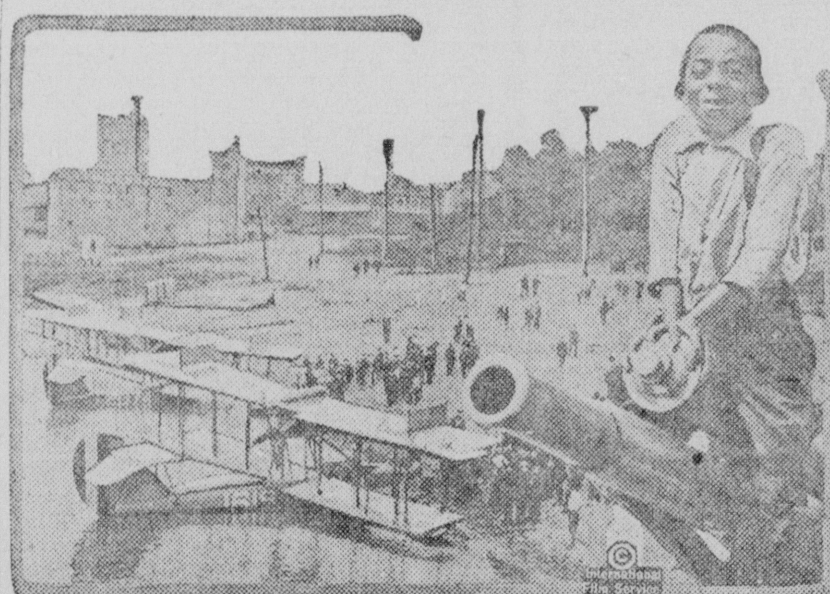
Climbing on the chair, he removed from the mantel the three cigars that his big sister Amelia's best bet had forgotten to tuck back in his vest pocket when he left the night before.

"They got bands on 'em," snorted Chesterfield Jones, ecstatically. "Pop'll gimme a dime for these!"

And he crept his cold and creaking way back to bed.—Detroit Free Press.

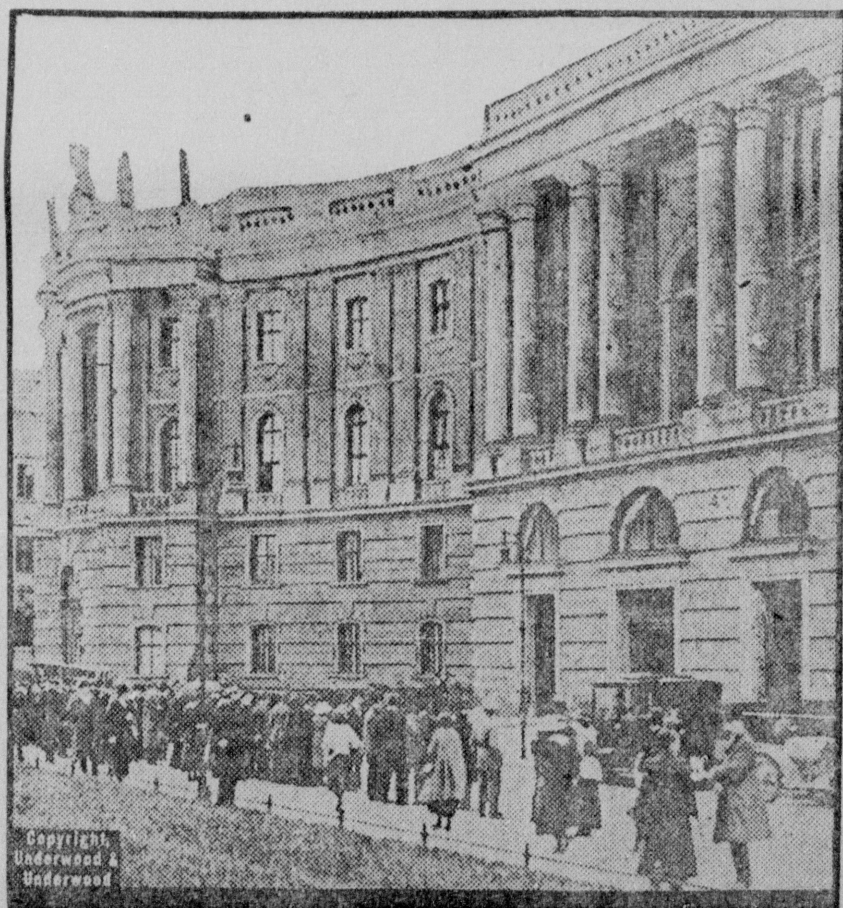
Trade-union organization is reported to have been greatly advanced among French women during the period of the war.

## NAVY PLANES ON MISSISSIPPI RIVER



Three naval seaplanes on the shore of the Mississippi river at Memphis being viewed by a crowd of spectators. The planes are part of the fleet which includes submarines, sub chasers and destroyers, sent on a tour of the Mississippi river towns and cities to stimulate recruiting for the navy. A little colored boy is astride a gun on a sub chaser.

## PRESENT SEAT OF GERMAN GOVERNMENT



This is the main building of the University of Berlin, which is now the seat of the German government.

## TO CELEBRATE THE FOURTH WITH ELABORATE PROGRAM

Soldiers of Fort McIntosh Will Observe Glorious Fourth Tomorrow With Exercises Various Kinds.

The soldiers of Fort McIntosh will observe the Glorious Fourth tomorrow with exercises commensurate with the observance of Independence Day and at this time when victory has come to the nations of the world through the help given for that purpose by the arms of the United States.

The exercises at the post will begin tomorrow morning with a concert by the 37th Infantry Band, followed by athletic events, addresses and other exercises in the forenoon, the firing of the national salute at noon, then boxing events, athletic events and baseball in the afternoon. Music will be furnished throughout the day by the 37th Infantry Band.

## HEBBRONVILLE BARBECUE FOR THEIR SOLDIER BOYS

Citizens of Jim Hogg Metropolis Will Give Glorious Feast on July 4 in Honor of Their Soldier Boys.

Tomorrow, the Glorious Fourth will be observed by the citizens of Hebronville, the metropolis of Jim Hogg county, with a grand barbecue and public speaking which takes place from 10 o'clock tomorrow morning until noon, the occasion being in honor of the soldier boys of Jim Hogg county who served as defenders of Old Glory in the recent world war.

Quite a number of Laredoites will attend as invited guests, and one of the principal speakers of the day will be Captain Robert Lee Eberhart of this city, while some of the Hebronville soldier boys will also make addresses and tell those assembled of their experiences "over there."

## Chamberlain's Tablets.

Those tablets are intended especially for stomach troubles, biliousness and constipation. If you have any trouble of this sort, give them a trial and realize for yourself what a first class medicine will do for you. They only cost a quarter.

**CHICHESTER'S PILLS**

THE DIAMOND BRAND.

Ladies! Ask your Druggist for Chichester's Diamond Brand Pills in Red and Gold Metallic Boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Buy of your Druggist. Ask for CHICHESTER'S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for 25 years known as Best. Sold Everywhere. SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

## TO WIDEN LAREDO STREETS IN THE BUSINESS SECTION

MOVEMENT EXTENDED TO ITURBIDE, LINCOLN AND HIDALGO.

Property Owners of Those Streets Realize They Must Get Busy to Hold Their Place in Business Section.

"The street widening propaganda started by the widening of Farragut street from Flores Avenue west to the I. & G. N. railway station is gaining impetus and bids fair to become widespread in Laredo," said Mayor Robert McComb in conversation with The Times reporter yesterday, "and right now there is a movement in its nucleus to have Iturbide street, one of the best business streets of the city, and also the narrowest, undergo the same widening process that has been undertaken on Farragut street. The owners of property along Iturbide street realize that widening is necessary if that street is to hold its place as a business thoroughfare, otherwise the business is going northward to streets that will not be congested when traffic becomes heavy. I hope that the property owners of Iturbide and other narrow streets will take into consideration the fact that it is to their interest to provide for the widening of Iturbide street to maintain its place as an important business thoroughfare."

Thus, in his foresight, Mayor McComb rejoices at the fact that wide-awake business men and property owners have come to a realization that there is nothing that adds to the general appearance and contributes to the commercial value of a business thoroughfare than a wide, roomy street where traffic is not obstructed by narrow pathways. Street paving

Kilrain in 75 rounds at Richburg, Miss.

Sept. 17, 1891—James J. Corbett knocked out Sullivan in 21 rounds at New Orleans.

Jan. 25, 1894—Corbett knocked out Charlie Mitchell in 3 rounds at Jacksonville, Fla.

Sept. 7, 1894—Corbett knocked out Peter Courtney in 6 rounds at Orange, New Jersey.

June 24, 1896—Corbett fought 4-round draw with Tom Sharkey at San Francisco.

March 17, 1897—Bob Fitzsimmons knocked out Corbett in 14 rounds at Carson City, Nev.

June 9, 1899—James J. Jeffries knocked out Fitzsimmons in 11 rounds at Coney Island.

Nov. 3, 1899—Jeffries won decision over Tom Sharkey in 25 rounds at Coney Island.

April 6, 1900—Jeffries knocked out Jack Finnegan in 1 round at Detroit.

May 11, 1900—Jeffries knocked out James J. Corbett in 23 rounds at Coney Island.

Sept. 17, 1901—Jeffries defeated Hank Griffin in 4 rounds at Los Angeles.

Sept. 24, 1901—Jeffries knocked out Joe Kennedy in 2 rounds at Los Angeles.

Nov. 15, 1901—Jeffries knocked out Gus Rublin in 5 rounds at San Francisco.

July 25, 1902—Jeffries knocked out Bob Fitzsimmons in 8 rounds at San Francisco.

Aug. 14, 1903—Jeffries knocked out James J. Corbett in 10 rounds at San Francisco.

Dec. 19, 1903—Jeffries failed to stop Jack Munroe in 4 rounds at Butte, Mont.

Aug. 26, 1904—Jeffries knocked out Jack Munroe in 2 rounds at San Francisco.

July 3, 1905—Jeffries retired and turned over title to Marvin Hart.

Jan. 15, 1906—Marvin Hart defeated Pat Callahan in 2 rounds at Butte, Mont.

Feb. 23, 1906—Tommy Burns defeated Marvin Hart in 20 rounds at Los Angeles.

Oct. 2, 1906—Tommy Burns knocked out Jim Flynn in 15 rounds, at Los Angeles.

Nov. 28, 1906—Tommy Burns fought 20-round draw with Jack O'Brian at Los Angeles.

Jan. 10, 1907—Tommy Burns won from Joe Grim in 3 rounds, at Philadelphia.

May 8, 1907—Tommy Burns won from Jack O'Brian in 20 rounds at Los Angeles.

July 4, 1907—Tommy Burns knocked out Bill Squires in 1 round at Colma, Calif.

Dec. 2, 1907—Tommy Burns knocked out Gunner McIr in 10 rounds at London.

Feb. 10, 1908—Tommy Burns knocked out Jack Palmer in 4 rounds at London.

March 17, 1908—Tommy Burns knocked out Jem Roche in 1 round at Dublin.

April 18, 1908—Tommy Burns knocked out Jewey Smith in 5 rounds at Paris.

June 15, 1908—Tommy Burns knocked out Bill Squires in 8 rounds at Paris.

August 24, 1904—Tommy Burns knocked out Bill Squires in 15 rounds at Sydney, N. S. W.

September 2, 1908—Tommy Burns knocked out Bill Lang in 6 rounds at Melbourne.

December 26, 1908—Jack Johnson defeated Tommy Burns in 14 rounds at Sydney, N. S. W.

October 16, 1909—Johnson knocked out Stanley Ketchel in 12 rounds at Colma, Calif.

July 4, 1910—Johnson knocked out James J. Jeffries in 15 rounds at Reno, Nev.

July 4, 1912—Johnson won from Jim

## CHAMPIONSHIP HEAVYWEIGHT BATTLES SINCE 1880.

May 30, 1880—Paddy Ryan defeated Joe Goss in 87 rounds at Collier's Station, W. Va.

Feb. 7, 1882—John L. Sullivan defeated Paddy Ryan in 9 rounds at Mississippi City.

April 20, 1882—Sullivan knocked out John McDermott in 3 rounds at Rochester, N. Y.

July 4, 1882—Sullivan knocked out Jimmy Elliott in 3 rounds at New York.

May 14, 1883—Sullivan defeated Charlie Mitchell in 3 rounds at New York.

Aug. 6, 1883—Sullivan defeated Herbert Slade in 3 rounds at New York.

Nov. 10, 1884—Sullivan defeated John M. Laflin in 3 rounds at New York.

Nov. 17, 1884—Sullivan defeated Alf Greenfield in 2 rounds at New York.

Jan. 19, 1885—Sullivan-Paddy Ryan bout in New York stopped by police in first round.

June 13, 1885—Sullivan defeated Jack Burke in 5 rounds in Chicago.

Aug. 23, 1885—Sullivan defeated Dominic McCaffrey in 6 rounds at Cincinnati.

Sept. 18, 1886—Sullivan knocked out Frank Herald in 2 rounds at Alghenya, Pa.

Nov. 13, 1886—Sullivan knocked out Paddy Ryan in 3 rounds at San Francisco.

Jan. 18, 1887—Sullivan fought 6-round draw with Patsy Cardiff at Minneapolis.

March 10, 1888—Sullivan fought 39-round draw with Charlie Mitchell at Cantilly, France.

July 8, 1889—Sullivan defeated Jake Kilrain in 75 rounds at Richburg, Miss.

Sept. 7, 1892—James J. Corbett knocked out Sullivan in 21 rounds at New Orleans.

Jan. 25, 1894—Corbett knocked out Charlie Mitchell in 3 rounds at Jacksonville, Fla.

Sept. 7, 1894—Corbett knocked out Peter Courtney in 6 rounds at Orange, New Jersey.

June 24, 1896—Corbett fought 4-round draw with Tom Sharkey at San Francisco.

March 17, 1897—Bob Fitzsimmons knocked out Corbett in 14 rounds at Carson City, Nev.

June 9, 1899—James J. Jeffries knocked out Fitzsimmons in 11 rounds at Coney Island.

Nov. 3, 1899—Jeffries won decision over Tom Sharkey in 25 rounds at Coney Island.

April 6, 1900—Jeffries knocked out Jack Finnegan in 1 round at Detroit.

May 11, 1900—Jeffries knocked out James J. Corbett in 23 rounds at Coney Island.

Sept. 17, 1901—Jeffries defeated Hank Griffin in 4 rounds at Los Angeles.

Sept. 24, 1901—Jeffries knocked out Joe Kennedy in 2 rounds at Los Angeles.

Nov. 15, 1901—Jeffries knocked out Gus Rublin in 5 rounds at San Francisco.

July 25, 1902—Jeffries knocked out Bob Fitzsimmons in 8 rounds at San Francisco.

Aug. 14, 1903—Jeffries knocked out James J. Corbett in 10 rounds at San Francisco.

Dec. 19, 1903—Jeffries failed to stop Jack Munroe in 4 rounds at Butte, Mont.

Aug. 26, 1904—Jeffries knocked out Jack Munroe in 2 rounds at San Francisco.

July 3, 1905—Jeffries retired and turned over title to Marvin Hart.

Jan. 15, 1906—Marvin Hart defeated Pat Callahan in 2 rounds at Butte, Mont.

Feb. 23, 1906—Tommy Burns defeated Marvin Hart in 20 rounds at Los Angeles.

Oct. 2, 1906—Tommy Burns knocked out Jim Flynn in 15 rounds, at Los Angeles.

Nov. 28, 1906—Tommy Burns fought 20-round draw with Jack O'Brian at Los Angeles.

Jan. 10, 1907—Tommy Burns won from Joe Grim in 3 rounds, at Philadelphia.

May 8, 1907—Tommy Burns won from Jack O'Brian in 20 rounds at Los Angeles.

July 4, 1907—Tommy Burns knocked out Bill Squires in 1 round at Colma, Calif.

Dec. 2, 1907—Tommy Burns knocked out Gunner McIr in 10 rounds at London.

Feb. 10, 1908—Tommy Burns knocked out Jack Palmer in 4 rounds at London.

March 17, 1908—Tommy Burns knocked out Jem Roche in 1 round at Dublin.

April 18, 1908—Tommy Burns knocked out Jewey Smith in 5 rounds at Paris.

June 15, 1908—Tommy Burns knocked out Bill Squires in 8 rounds at Paris.

August 24, 1904—Tommy Burns knocked out Bill Squires in 15 rounds at Sydney, N. S. W.

September 2, 1908—Tommy Burns knocked out Bill Lang in 6 rounds at Melbourne.

December 26, 1908—Jack Johnson defeated Tommy Burns in 14 rounds at Sydney, N. S. W.

October 16, 1909—Johnson knocked out Stanley Ketchel in 12 rounds at Colma, Calif.

July 4, 1910—Johnson knocked out James J. Jeffries in 15 rounds at Reno, Nev.

July 4, 1912—Johnson won from Jim

Flynn in 9 rounds at Las Vegas, N. M.

June 27, 1914—Johnson won from Frank Moran in 20 rounds at Paris.

April 5, 1915—Jess Willard knocked out Johnson in 26 rounds at Havana.

March 26, 1916—Willard defeated Frank Moran in 10 rounds at New York.

July 4, 1919—? ? ? ?

## BRITISH GENERALS IN WAR.

Just what were the movements of Lord French before the battle of the Marne which "filled the British cabinet with consternation," according to Mr. Asquith, is told plainly in French's own account. On Aug. 30, 1914, says Viscount French:

"I dispatched a letter to Lord Kitchener in which the following passage occurs: 'I feel very seriously by the absolute necessity for retaining in my hands complete independence of action and power to retire toward my base, should circumstances render it necessary.'"

It was undoubtedly this suggestion that Lord French contemplated breaking away from the French army and bringing about a situation like the one that the world feared after Ludendorff's drive for Amiens in the spring of 1918, which brought Kitchener to Paris. Lord French's statement to Kitchener on Aug. 30 is all the more remarkable because of his own account of a meeting of the British commanders at Compiègne the day before:

"Sir Horace Smith-Dordrien gave it as his opinion that the only course open to us was to retire to our base, thoroughly re-fit, re-embark, and then to land at some favorable point on the coast line. I refused to listen to what was the equivalent of a counsel of despair."

Apparently Kitchener thought the same thing when the same plan was put forward the next day by French himself—New York Evening Post.

## A SWISS SYSTEM DEMONSTRATION.

"The Junior Plattsburg," which has opened as a private venture as a boys' training camp, is this summer to come under the control of Major General John F. O'Ryan, who returns to the command of the National Guard of New York, and according to a formal announcement, is to be made a practical demonstration of the Swiss system of military training, with the necessary adaptations to American conditions. This system was strongly advocated by the late Colonel Roosevelt and is supported by Dr. Charles W. Eliot, president emeritus of Roosevelt



# TODAY'S BIRTHDAYS.

JULY 4.

Lord Sydenham of Combe, former member of the British War Ministry, born 71 years ago today.

Stephen T. Mather, director of national parks of the United States Government, born in San Francisco, 52 years ago today.

Lieut. Col. Ulysses S. Grant, 3rd, U. S. A., grandson of the victor at Appomattox, born in Illinois, 38 years ago today.

Calvin Coolidge, the present governor of Massachusetts, born at Plymouth, Vt., 47 years ago today.

Joseph Pennell, celebrated artist, illustrator and author, born in Philadelphia, 59 years ago today.

George M. Cohan, actor, manager and playwright, born at Providence, R. I., 42 years ago today.

# TODAY'S EVENTS.

Today begins the 144th year of the independence of the United States.

Independence Day is to be celebrated in Washington with a grand international pageant and peace festival.

American troops overseas will celebrate Independence Day with a parade in Paris, to be reviewed by the President of the French Republic.

Manistee, Mich., plans to celebrate Independence Day by launching the first ocean-going vessel ever built at the shipyards in that city.

The annual convention of the Texas Good Roads Association will open at Corpus Christi today and continue in session over tomorrow.

The annual convention of the National Education Association, which held forth in Milwaukee this week, will conclude its sessions today.

Maj. Gen. William M. Wright, U. S. A., is to be the chief speaker at a Statewide celebration to be held in Topeka today in honor of the returned Kansas soldiers.

The Duke of Westminster's famous portrait of "Mrs. Siddons as The Tragic Muse," by Sir Joshua Reynolds, is to be offered for sale at public auction in London today.

The highest peak in the Black Hills is to be named today Mount Theodore Roosevelt, with mountain-top ceremonies at which Gen. Leonard Wood will be the orator and which will be attended by Governor Norbeck and members of the South Dakota legislature.

# Chamberlain's Tablets.

These tablets are intended especially for stomach troubles, biliousness and constipation. If you have any trouble of this sort, give them a trial and realize for yourself what a first class medicine will do for you. They only cost a quarter.

# IN THE DAY'S NEWS.

JULY 4.

Sir Thomas Shaughnessy, who may become the first Governor General of Ireland if that country is made a Dominion, is the president of the Canadian Pacific Railway, and one of the greatest figures in the entire railway world. Sir Thomas was born in Milwaukee in 1853. He began the battle of life on his own account when 16 years of age, obtaining employment in the purchasing department of the Milwaukee and St. Paul road. His progress was steady and rapid and promotion followed promotion. In 1882 he entered the service of the Canadian Pacific as general purchasing agent. Optimism and tireless energy, combined with unique ability in railroad management, were the keynotes of his success. In 1899 Mr. Shaughnessy became president of the Canadian Pacific and the controlling genius of the great road. In 1901 King Edward conferred on him the order of knighthood. During the late war Sir Thomas rendered invaluable services to the allied cause, placing the great resources of the Canadian Pacific and his own wonderful organizing and administrative ability at the disposal of the empire.

# NO MORE USE.

Breakfast time was still a poem to the young couple, when he would sit and beam as she poured out the coffee daintily.

"Darling," she said, when they had finished, "will you do a little business for me in town today."

He vowed he would do anything.

"I want a mouse trap," she told him.

"Another, pet?" he asked, in surprise. "Why, I bought you one only the day before yesterday."

"I know you did, darling," she cooed, "but there's mouse in that one."

Queen Wilhelmina of Holland is one of the few European rulers whose popularity with her subjects appears to have been enhanced by the war. Everywhere Her Majesty appears these days she has been hailed as the emblem and symbol of Holland's unity.



Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt  
Society Editor

Phone 70 . . . . . Phone 43

# SOCIAL CALENDAR.

Friday.

There will be a program given at 10 o'clock in the morning at Fort McIntosh in the bandstand on the parade ground. Every one is cordially invited to attend.

The Methodist Sunday School will hold a picnic on the Seminary Campus beginning at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

Saturday.

The Boy Scouts of Troop No. 2 will have a called meeting at 8 o'clock in the evening. There will be a dance at the Soldier's Club in the evening.

# The Wharves of God.

I will discover all of you some day. In a cool darkness, if so Heaven wills, My fingers shall be flocks over your hills.

My kisses birds that light and flash away; And in a rose bay fringed with golden-rod.

Beyond a sea most infinitely deep, I'll ride at anchor at the port of sleep And stand, a man, before the wharves of God!

All this shall be when earth and sea and sky Have claimed your every loveliness they gave;

Their beauty, touched of you, will hidden lie In perfectness that only I shall know. Until that day, the world's paths or the grave—

All's one to me, the selfsame daily woe.

—Salomon de la Selva.

# General Mention.

Miss Maxine Taylor left at noon yesterday for Houston to spend the week-end with friends.

Julian M. de Villar Jr. of Kansas City is visiting his father, Prof. Julian M. de Villar.

Rev. J. Ward and grandson, Edward Higgin, have returned from a short visit to San Antonio.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Christian Church did not meet yesterday afternoon as announced on account of the inclement weather.

Mrs. G. R. Weber and little son, Raymond Westbrook, will arrive in the city Saturday for a two weeks' visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Westbrook.

Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Bobbitt are expected Saturday from Hebronville, where they attended the grand barbecue given for the returned soldiers.

Edward Wright and Pat Eistetter left yesterday for Corpus Christi for a short stay. While there, they will be the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Wright.

Genral Claude B. Gullette, after a short stay left last night for San Antonio and Houston, where he will visit his mother for a few days.

Dr. and Mrs. Jerry Ward and family left yesterday morning to visit relatives near Yorktown, Texas.

Mrs. L. Daiches and children, accompanied by the Misses Kleinsmith of Victoria, went to Corpus Christi for a few days.

Col. and Mrs. Brooke Payne are expected in the city tomorrow, to be the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Asher Smith.

Mrs. Sue Smith will leave on Monday for Tyler, Texas, to enter the Tyler Commercial College.

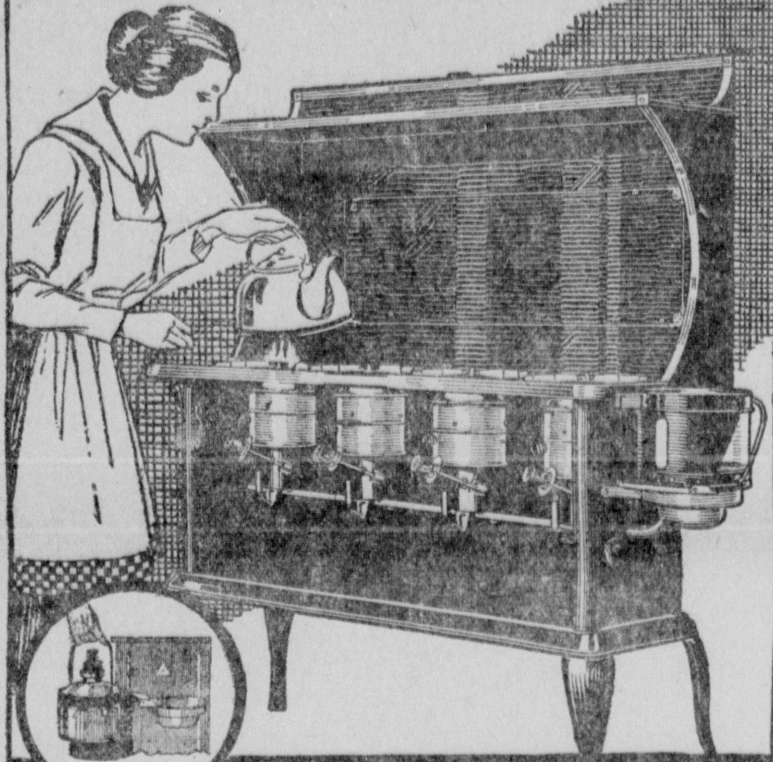
Mr. P. T. Wiggins arrived in the city yesterday from Sulphur, La., to join his family in a visit to Judge and Mrs. Hal W. Greer.

Victor Sauvignat left last night for San Antonio to visit his aunt, Mrs. Benavides. He will also visit his aunt Mrs. Desco, in Dallas, before returning home.

# Club Notes.

The four circles of the W. M. U. had a general meeting at the church yesterday afternoon. The regular mission study was conducted by Circle C, and led by Mrs. J. G. Burr, with "Planning for the Year's Work," as the subject. The regular business session followed the mission study. The members later adjourned to the home of the pastor, where an informal reception was held to meet Mrs. W. S. Patrick, who was Miss Lena Franklin until last Sunday. Circle B served a dainty ice course, and the plate favors were sprays of daisies tied in white and yellow, the colors of the circle. The personnel included the honor guest, Mrs. W. S. Patrick, and Miss Annie V. Pace, Mesdames Guinn, Sallee, Henry, Witting, Craig, Beddoe, Clafin, Beaman, Pullin, Windrow, Burr, Jennings, Bell and Pratt of Ft. Worth.

# PURITAN OIL COOK STOVES



"BOILING, simmering and baking can all be done at the same time—the Puritan gives just the right heat for each. You set your utensil in a clean, hot flame that comes up through the grate—like gas."

From Puritan advertising—Country Gentleman—May 3, 1919.

Easy cooking hours—and a clean, cool kitchen always. Flame indicator on each burner shows low, medium, high—at full heat the indicator's automatic wick stop prevents smoking. Burners are brass—last for years.

# Reversible Glass Oil Reservoir

A clean, quick way to handle the ideal cooking fuel—kerosene oil.

Puritan stoves are sold by reliable dealers everywhere. Look for the Triangle trade mark.

See your dealer or write for free Puritan booklet No. 24.

THE CLEVELAND METAL PRODUCTS CO.  
7310 Platt Avenue Cleveland, Ohio

# DEALERS NOTE—

The Magnolia Petroleum Company is the distributor of these products in your locality. Complete stocks are carried by them at conveniently located points.



# JACK DEMPSEY IS CHAMPION OF THE WORLD WILLARD THROWING UP SPONGE IN DEFEAT

After Third Round the Former Champion Acknowledged Dempsey's Victory by the Conventional Signal, and Gave Up the Unequal Fight--Heat Kept Many Away from the Great Arena.

# NEGRO TROOPERS IN ARIZONA ARRESTED

FIGHT STARTED WHEN NEGRO SOLDIER MADE REMARK IN FRONT OF CLUB HOUSE.

By Associated Press.

Bisbee, Ariz., July 4.—Fourteen soldiers of the Tenth United States cavalry (colored) are under arrest today as the result of a fight last night between the negroes and civilians, during which over a hundred shots were fired. Three colored soldiers, Deputy Sheriff Hardwick and a Mexican woman were wounded. The trouble started over an alleged remark of a military policeman while passing the club. The negroes are here for a parade from Fort Huachuca under command of Colonel White.

# PREMIER'S REPORT CAUSED SURPRISE

CHIEF JUSTICE WHITE MAY BE AMERICAN JUDGE TO TRY THE FORMER KAISER.

By Associated Press.

London, July 4.—The only surprise in Premier Lloyd George's report on the peace conference to the house of commons yesterday was the announcement that the former German emperor would be tried in London. The decision to bring the ex-monarch to London with other prominent accused persons was a well-kept secret, and it is understood that Lloyd George is responsible for the proposal. Five judges, representing the American, British, French, Italian and Japanese governments, will constitute the court, according to the terms of the treaty. Earl Reading, lord chief justice, will sit for Great Britain, and Edward Douglas White, chief justice of the supreme court of the United States, is regarded as the logical choice of the American government.

# Surprise to Conference.

Paris, July 4.—Premier Lloyd George's statement yesterday regarding the trial of the former German emperor was a surprise to the American peace delegation and conference members generally. It was freely stated in these circles that nothing had been communicated to them regarding the decision of the council of three as to the details of the trial. It is declared that nothing is known here further than what is provided in the peace treaty terms.

Be Approved Unconditionally. Zurich, July 4.—The peace treaty will be approved unconditionally by the German national assembly in Weimar tomorrow, according to the Nouvelle Gazette.

# FEW OBEYED CALL

By Associated Press. Chicago. Few of the city's negroes obeyed the call today for a parade in honor of the late President Wilson.

# REVOLUTION IN PERU WITHOUT BLOODSHED

HEADED BY FORMER PRESIDENT CACERES AND CONTROL TURNED OVER TO PRESIDENT-ELECT.

By Associated Press.

Lima, Peru, July 4.—A revolution broke out here at 3 o'clock this morning. President Pardo and members of his cabinet have been imprisoned. A presidential election was held in Peru in May, the result of which has been disputed.

The revolutionary movement was headed by General Caceres, the former president, and was accomplished without bloodshed. Caceres later relinquished control to Señor Legia, the president-elect.

# WASHINGTON POLICE TAKE PRECAUTIONS

PUBLIC BUILDINGS AND HOMES OF OFFICIALS GUARDED AGAINST BOMB OUTRAGES.

By Associated Press.

Washington, July 4.—Every possible precaution has been taken here today to prevent possible anarchist outrages. All public buildings and homes of public officials are guarded and individuals suspected of anarchistic tendencies are under close surveillance.

Hief. The start of the fight, set for 3 o'clock, was delayed an hour.

Dempsey entered the ring at 3:57 and Willard entered at 3:58. Dempsey took the corner with the sun at his back. Pictures of the fighters were taken at 4:07 o'clock. Referee Pecord gave his instructions, and time was called at 4:09 1/2.

# First Round.

Willard landed first blow, a light left to head, following with right and left to head. Dempsey hooked a left to the stomach. Dempsey knocked Willard down with right to jaw twice, the champion taking the count of six each time. Just as the round ended Dempsey again knocked Willard down with left and right to chin.

# Second Round.

Dempsey rushed Willard to his corner, pounding his jaw with rights and lefts. The champion's right eye was closed from the blows. Dempsey walked around Willard, measuring him up. Willard seemed dazed and staggered.

# CANDIDO AGUILAR DENIES THE REPORT

SAYS HE D







Established  
June 14, 1881.

# Laredo Weekly Times.

Laredo, Texas. — The Future  
Great Railroad Centre and Grand  
Gateway of International Com-  
merce.

VOL. XXXIX.

LAREDO TEXAS, SUNDAY, JULY 6, 1919—TWELVE PAGES.

NO. 4

## RICHTER'S

The Fall assortment of Royal Society Packages is on display--the spring line is on sale at 1-3 regular price.

Sanitol Toilet Preparations  
Special at 19c.

Laces have come into their own lately, are used extensively, and when you think of laces, come and see the large assortment we show you at bargain prices.

**AUG. C. RICHTER**  
The store that closes at 9 P. M. Saturdays

Palm Beach Suits, Sicilian  
Suits, Silk Suits,  
Serge Suits

PANAMA HATS—  
STRAW HATS—(PLAIN AND FANCY)

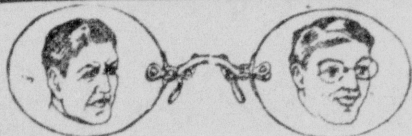
SILK SHIRTS—Crepe Silk, Tub Silk, Fibre  
Silk, Linen and Silk Madras, also in many  
new cloths, in an almost endless assortment.

Fine Light Underwear, in Silk, Fancy  
Madras, Nainsook and Lisle Thread.

**FANCY SOCKS HAVE COME BACK!**

Handsome line of Low Quarter  
Shoes, in all the popular  
leathers and lasts.

**I. Alexander**  
CLOTHIER & FURNISHER



## KRYPTOK

They are double vision lenses with one solid piece glasses you can see far and near.  
Let us examine your eyes, we grind the glasses and guarantee to give perfect satisfaction.  
Our prices are the most reasonable.

**LAREDO OPTICAL Co.**  
516 Flores Ave. (Opposite City Hall.)

A. B. Galo, optician and optometrist. Graduated in Italy and the U. S.

## GERMAN CONSERVATIVES DECLARE THEY WILL HELP TO RE-ESTABLISH MONARCHY

Proclamation Signed by Party Leader in the Reichstag Declares  
the Party will Make War on the Government—Von  
Hindenburg Declares He is Responsible for  
Acts of German Headquarters.

### WANTS DESTROYERS TO HELP TOW HIM IN

COMMANDER OF BRITISH DIR-  
GIBLE MET HEAD WINDS  
AND RAN SHORT OF  
PETROL.

By Associated Press.  
Washington, July 5.—The commander of the British dirigible R-34 asked the navy department today if American destroyers could meet her at the Bay of Fundy and take under tow if required. The message stated that the ship was flying across Nova Scotia against a strong head wind and that the petrol supply was getting low. Two American destroyers were ordered to proceed immediately from Boston.

Arrive Sunday Morning.  
Mineola, L. I., July 5.—The R-34 will arrive at Roosevelt Field Sunday morning, according to a wireless message from Major Scott, the commander, received here by Lieut. Col. Lucas, representing the British admiralty in the arrangements for his reception.

BODIES RECOVERED.  
By Associated Press.  
Madison, S. Dak., July 5.—Nine bodies have been recovered from the wreck of the pleasure boat Reliance which foundered near the shore of Lake Madison early today. It is estimated that 32 persons were aboard when the accident occurred. Reports say that seven bodies are still unrecovered.

WILL ARRIVE TUESDAY.  
By Associated Press.  
New York, July 5.—A wireless message received here today said the transport George Washington, bearing President Wilson, would reach Ambrose Channel lighthouse at noon Tuesday and dock at Hoboken at 3 p. m.

Addresses Senate Thursday.  
New York, July 5.—President Wilson will address the senate Thursday, according to his present program. Secretary Tumulty announced here today.

LONG TRIP FOR ARMY MOTOR TRAIN.

Washington, D. C., July 5.—All arrangements have been completed by the Motor Transport Corps of the United States Army for the first transcontinental trip of an army motor truck train. The journey will be started from this city on Monday next, and will end at San Francisco the latter part of August. As far as possible the truck train will follow the Lincoln Highway. In the train will be five passenger cars, 35 trucks of all army types, two ambulances, six motorcycles, two tank trucks, two kitchen trailers, two water tank trucks, one engineer shop truck, one officer work truck and one searchlight truck.

One of the chief purposes of the enterprise will be to test the several standardized principal types of motorized army equipment used to transport troops and cargo. The trip will also serve as a demonstration of long distance motor post and commercial transportation, and will provide an opportunity for extensive studies in terrain observation, particularly by the 151st artillery, air service and engineer corps. In addition, the journey will afford an exhibition of the development of motor vehicles for military purposes, which is conceded to have been one of the principal factors in the winning of the world war.

By Associated Press.  
London, July 5.—The German conservative party has issued a proclamation over the signature of Ernest von Heydebrand, the party's Reichstag leader, stating that the party declares war on the government and intends to use its whole strength to re-establish the monarchy, according to a Copenhagen Exchange Telegraph despatch.

Hindenburg as Scapegoat.  
London, July 5.—Field Marshal von Hindenburg, former chief of the German staff, declares he is responsible for the acts of the German main headquarters since August of 1916 and also the proclamations of the former Emperor William concerning the waging of warfare. He asks President Ebert of Germany to inform the allies to this effect, according to an Exchange Telegraph Copenhagen despatch.

Germany Asked for Conference.  
Paris, July 5.—Germany has indicated a desire to begin immediately the compliance with the terms of the peace treaty regarding reparations. Her request for conferences of German economics experts with allied experts has been granted. The conferences will begin next week.

Armistice Signed.  
Copenhagen, July 5.—Through the mediation of allied representatives an armistice between the Estonians and the Germans was signed at Riga, providing that all German troops leave Riga and that the Germans evacuate Latvia at the earliest possible moment.

Disorders in Florence.  
Florence, Italy, July 5.—Carabinieri fired upon the crowds here yesterday. The disorders are increasing and the ransacking of shops is widespread. Strengthened by rowdies, the crowd abandoned itself to sacking all shops without distinction, destroying the merchandise they were unable to carry away. One entire street was flooded with petroleum, gasoline, wine, beer and olive oil. Large quantities of supplies and money taken from shops have been turned over to the municipal authorities or the chamber of labor. Thousands of boxes of matches were distributed free among the crowds.

Americans Guarded Foch.  
Pershing Stadium, July 5.—Marshal Foch and General Pershing presided over the international games today. Marshal Foch was given as guard of honor a regiment from the American forces on the Rhine.

France May Have Lottery.  
Paris, July 5.—A bill was introduced in the chamber of deputies yesterday providing for the organization of a national lottery with an issue of tickets to the value of thirty billion francs and prizes totalling six billions. Drawings will be held monthly during the next five years if the bill is passed.

CALL FOR STATEMENTS.  
By Associated Press.  
Washington, July 5.—The comptroller of the currency today issued a call for the statement of condition of all national banks at the close of business June 30.

TO ARBITRATE DIFFERENCES.  
By Associated Press.  
Rio Janeiro, July 5.—The commercial association met today in honor of the American Independence Day. An agreement with the American Chamber of Commerce to submit all commercial differences between the two countries for arbitration was signed at the meeting.

EQUALS.  
He—Your cousin refused to recognize me at the Jazz last night; thinks I'm not his equal, I suppose.  
She—Ridiculous! Of course you are; why, he's nothing but a conceited idiot!—Brightly (London).

### PERU REVOLUTION WAS SUCCESSFUL

PROVISIONAL PRESIDENT LEGUIA  
SUPPORTED BY VIRTUALLY  
THE ENTIRE ARMY  
AND NAVY.

By Associated Press.  
Lima, Peru, July 5.—August B. Leguia yesterday assumed the office of provisional president of Peru and took up his residence in the government palace, following the successful overthrow of President Pardo and his cabinet. Pardo, his ministers and a number of high officials of the army and navy were imprisoned. Virtually no fighting or casualties marked the overthrow of the government. Leguia is supported by virtually the entire army and navy forces and public opinion apparently is behind him.

READY TO START "BIG LINE"  
RACING.

Cleveland, O., July 5.—Quartered at the beautiful racing plant at North Randall are several hundred fast horses who are to furnish the sport that will mark the first link of the "Grand Circuit." The meeting will open Monday and will mark the beginning of the light harness campaign of 1919 on the "Big Line." From the initial day at North Randall until October 18, the date of the closing day at Atlanta, the kings and queens of the trotting and pacing world will contest for stakes and purses worth more than half a million dollars, and new turf history and records will be registered. The meeting at North Randall will continue through the coming week and will be followed in turn by the meetings at Kalamazoo, Toledo and Columbus. This will bring the season up to August 4, on which date the circuit followers will return to North Randall for the second season there. Then will come the meetings on the eastern end of the circuit, including Philadelphia, Poughkeepsie, Roadville, Hartford and Syracuse. From Syracuse the fast steppers will return to Columbus for the Ohio State Fair meeting. Lexington will be the next link and the meeting there will be followed by the close at Atlanta.

ANTLERED HERD AT ATLANTIC CITY.

Atlantic City, N. J., July 5.—Purple and white bunting envelops this famous resort and Elks heads and clocks with their hands pointing to the mystic hour of eleven are in almost every available niche in honor of visiting members of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, who have been coming into town by the hundreds today from every section of the country.

Elkdom's part in the world war will be the keynote of the peace and victory convention of the Grand Lodge, which will get under way Monday for a week's session. Governor Lowden of Illinois has accepted an invitation to deliver the peace oration before the convention.

Among the delegates already arrived there is considerable campaigning going on preliminary to the election of new Grand Lodge officers. Most interest centers in the contest for the office of Grand Exalted Ruler, to succeed Bruce A. Campbell of East St. Louis. The candidates whose names are most frequently heard among the delegates are Frank L. Rain of Fairbury, Neb., and Albert T. Brophy of Brooklyn.

## STATEMENT OF THE LAREDO NATIONAL BANK LAREDO, TEXAS.

At the Close of Business, May 12, 1919, as rendered to the Comptroller of the Currency  
CONDENSED.

RESOURCES	LIABILITIES
Loans and Discounts.....\$1,649,718.56	Capital Stock.....\$200,000.00
United States Bonds.....246,544.50	Surplus Fund.....100,000.00
U. S. Treasury Certificates.....100,000.00	Undivided Profits, net.....133,722.24
Other Bonds and Securities.....14,467.58	Reserved for Taxes.....10,000.00
Stock in Federal Reserve Bank.....9,000.00	Circulation.....196,300.00
Redemption Fund with U. S. Treasurer.....10,000.00	Other Liabilities.....653.55
Bank Building, Furniture and Fixtures.....50,000.00	Deposits.....2,912,951.15
Cash and Exchange.....1,473,806.30	
Total.....\$3,553,626.94	Total.....\$3,553,626.94

J. K. Beretta, President  
B. M. Alexander, Vice-Pres.  
Sam W. Brown, Cashier

M. W. Brennan, Asst. Cashier  
A. L. Vidaurri, Asst. Cashier  
J. R. Fasnacht, Asst. Cashier

## KNIGHT TIRES

AUTOMOBILE TIRES

Guaranteed 10000 Miles

SIZES FROM

: : 30x3 to 35x5 : :

AT

FACTORY COST

TUBES JUST AS CHEAP

SEE OUR WINDOW DISPLAY.

**A. DEUTZ & BROTHER**

## Watches, Bracelet Watches.

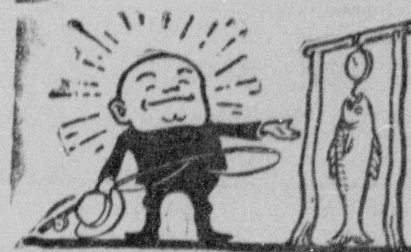
Is something you can not do without.

We have a very large line of all makes. ELGIN, WALTHAM, HAMILTON, HOWARD, ILLINOIS, and the GRUEN VERYTHIN.

We are still selling them at the old price. It will be to your own interest to make your watch purchase now. We save you the new price.

Each watch is fully guaranteed.

**L. DAICHES, The Jeweler**



**OH BOY!! SOME FISH!!**

Better lay in a supply of  
tackle and try your luck.  
Let us show you our line  
of Vacuum bottles, Guns,  
Ammunition, Fishing tackle, etc.

**JOSEPH NETZER HARDWARE COMPANY.**

## ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

WHERE EVERY BODY GOES

Today—June Elvidge in "THE SOCIAL PIRATE." Elaborate settings, gorgeous gowns, a powerful society story.

Ford Educational Weekly and Lyons-Moran comedy, "HAPPY RETURNS."

Admission 10c and 20c.  
Bring the family; you are safe at the Royal—15 exits leading to the street always clear—always cool—always worth while.



From Friday's Daily

INDUSTRIAL RECONSTRUCTION

Editor Lottner of the Saturday Evening Post thinks that industrial reconstruction has been held in abeyance for the months that the peace conference has been in session, and that it would have been better to get Europe's feet and at work as soon as possible.

But this is not so sensible as it sounds. For after all, the main idea behind all the peace conference talk was to arrange things that Germany might not interfere with the reconstruction or make it off little or no credit by another war.

It seems as if something might have been done in the way of reconstruction while the peace conference was in session, but it needed more than a few hands at work to bring about even the inception of that reconstruction.

Behind all reconstruction there must be capital, and behind all capital there must be credit. In other words, rich. And there was no rich possible while the most ruthless nations of the world have ever known were still unrepentant and not even tried before the bar of public opinion for its many crimes.

There is even yet some doubt as to what the Germans will do in the way of keeping their treaty obligations. They have been taught that there is no such thing as national honor or national honesty. Anything from the German viewpoint is permissible if it is for the good of the nation, and that is why some people still wonder when the German people will make sense of the new treaty.

Reconstruction cannot begin even now. The French and Belgian people have been dependent upon the credit which will be theirs with the acceptance of the treaty by the German people, and while the American people have much sympathy for the unfortunate sufferers from the war, still they would not be willing to advance the huge sums necessary for the work of rebuilding railroads and towns and farm houses without some substantial security that they would get their money back.

Reconstruction in Europe is also waiting upon demobilization, and so far this has not progressed far enough to give back to the stricken nations their entire working force.

After this peace treaty has been ratified by all of the nations concerned, there will still be a period—during all that will not be long—during which the railroads will be needed to haul back the allied soldiers from the German frontiers and to send back the German prisoners. There is also much material to be handled without which the work of reconstruction cannot be undertaken.

The peace treaty have been seemingly delayed, but now that they are ended the work of reconstruction can begin. But without the parties, on which so much depended, there could have been no hope of reconstruction.

The war was not ended until the Germans got their pens to the peace treaty. There was always the danger that the treaty would have been rejected because of what the Germans felt were superficially harsh terms, but which the allies claimed were not severe enough considering the justification.

But it should be recognized that everything has not stood still because the formulation of the terms was delayed. There has been a great deal accomplished, and now that the treaty is an accomplished fact, all the preliminary work that has been done will aid greatly in getting the various nations on their feet again.

So far the Austrian and Finnish treaties have not been adopted. The Italians do not yet know where they stand with regard to the territory promised them before the armistice was signed. And there is almost as much reconstruction work necessary in Italy and the restored provinces as there is in Belgium and France.

CIVIL SERVICE.

It is now proposed—as it has been many times before—to put Texas in the civil service class, making all applicants for appointment to state positions take an examination to prove their fitness and taking the official jobs out of the patronage class.

Civil service is not by any means perfect, but it is a long way ahead of the old way of letting certain high officials give out the jobs as a reward for service rendered.

Nearly all of the states in the union now have civil service to govern the employment of necessary help, and New York City and Chicago have city civil service covering even such positions as those on the police force and fire department.

One reason for civil service is urged by some of its advocates, that "no one shall have a life claim on a job." But if civil service is properly conducted, the man who proves himself competent cannot be discharged except for cause.

The old system does not give a life lease on a job. It only awards a party's henchman by giving him or one of his friends a position, while some one else may give to his friend as soon as there is a rotation in the higher offices.

As the state administration changes every four years, if not oftener, there are few men who could hope to hold a job longer than that, and as a result the competent man who would establish himself in a position where there is some hope of per-

INDUSTRIAL RECONSTRUCTION

Editor Lottner of the Saturday Evening Post thinks that industrial reconstruction has been held in abeyance for the months that the peace conference has been in session, and that it would have been better to get Europe's feet and at work as soon as possible.

But this is not so sensible as it sounds. For after all, the main idea behind all the peace conference talk was to arrange things that Germany might not interfere with the reconstruction or make it off little or no credit by another war.

It seems as if something might have been done in the way of reconstruction while the peace conference was in session, but it needed more than a few hands at work to bring about even the inception of that reconstruction.

Behind all reconstruction there must be capital, and behind all capital there must be credit. In other words, rich. And there was no rich possible while the most ruthless nations of the world have ever known were still unrepentant and not even tried before the bar of public opinion for its many crimes.

There is even yet some doubt as to what the Germans will do in the way of keeping their treaty obligations. They have been taught that there is no such thing as national honor or national honesty. Anything from the German viewpoint is permissible if it is for the good of the nation, and that is why some people still wonder when the German people will make sense of the new treaty.

Reconstruction cannot begin even now. The French and Belgian people have been dependent upon the credit which will be theirs with the acceptance of the treaty by the German people, and while the American people have much sympathy for the unfortunate sufferers from the war, still they would not be willing to advance the huge sums necessary for the work of rebuilding railroads and towns and farm houses without some substantial security that they would get their money back.

Reconstruction in Europe is also waiting upon demobilization, and so far this has not progressed far enough to give back to the stricken nations their entire working force.

After this peace treaty has been ratified by all of the nations concerned, there will still be a period—during all that will not be long—during which the railroads will be needed to haul back the allied soldiers from the German frontiers and to send back the German prisoners. There is also much material to be handled without which the work of reconstruction cannot be undertaken.

The peace treaty have been seemingly delayed, but now that they are ended the work of reconstruction can begin. But without the parties, on which so much depended, there could have been no hope of reconstruction.

The war was not ended until the Germans got their pens to the peace treaty. There was always the danger that the treaty would have been rejected because of what the Germans felt were superficially harsh terms, but which the allies claimed were not severe enough considering the justification.

But it should be recognized that everything has not stood still because the formulation of the terms was delayed. There has been a great deal accomplished, and now that the treaty is an accomplished fact, all the preliminary work that has been done will aid greatly in getting the various nations on their feet again.

So far the Austrian and Finnish treaties have not been adopted. The Italians do not yet know where they stand with regard to the territory promised them before the armistice was signed. And there is almost as much reconstruction work necessary in Italy and the restored provinces as there is in Belgium and France.

CIVIL SERVICE.

It is now proposed—as it has been many times before—to put Texas in the civil service class, making all applicants for appointment to state positions take an examination to prove their fitness and taking the official jobs out of the patronage class.

Civil service is not by any means perfect, but it is a long way ahead of the old way of letting certain high officials give out the jobs as a reward for service rendered.

Nearly all of the states in the union now have civil service to govern the employment of necessary help, and New York City and Chicago have city civil service covering even such positions as those on the police force and fire department.

One reason for civil service is urged by some of its advocates, that "no one shall have a life claim on a job." But if civil service is properly conducted, the man who proves himself competent cannot be discharged except for cause.

The old system does not give a life lease on a job. It only awards a party's henchman by giving him or one of his friends a position, while some one else may give to his friend as soon as there is a rotation in the higher offices.

As the state administration changes every four years, if not oftener, there are few men who could hope to hold a job longer than that, and as a result the competent man who would establish himself in a position where there is some hope of per-

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS

DR. J. T. HALL, JR.  
Physician and Surgeon  
Office—Hocher Building  
Hours—11 to 12 and 4 to 5  
Phone—Office 184, Res. 180.

DR. H. M. AUSTIN  
Physician and Surgeon  
Office—Hocher Building  
Hours—11 to 12 and 4 to 5  
Phone—Office 184, Res. 180.

DR. H. STOW GAHLICK  
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat  
Office—Hocher Building  
Hours—11 to 12 and 4 to 5  
Sundays, 10 to 12 and by appointment.  
Phone—69.

OSTEOPATHS

DR. C. E. and H. E. KENNEY  
Residence and Office  
1802 Matamoros. Tel. 187.

LAWYERS

HICKS, PHELPS, DICKSON AND BOBBITT  
Attorneys at Law  
Office—Hicks Building, San Antonio, Texas  
Hicks Building, Laredo.

JOHN L. GEORGE  
Attorney at Law  
Office—Second Floor Alexander Bldg.  
Laredo.

WARD & OMEARA  
Lawyers  
Office—2120-22 Alexander Bldg.  
Phone 1047.

E. A. ATTLEE  
Attorney at Law  
Office—New Alexander Building,  
next to Laredo Nat'l Bank.  
Phone 771.

PAUL W. EVANS  
Attorney at Law  
Office—1015 Barragut Street.

DENTISTS

DR. A. E. McGUIRE  
Dentist  
Office—Vileco Block,  
Telephone 228.

J. K. THOMPSON  
Dentist  
Office—Hocher Building N. W. Corner  
Market Plaza.  
Phone 945.

DR. W. J. WILSON  
Dentist  
Office—Valeco Bldg., over People's  
Pharmacy.  
Telephone 746.

DR. A. G. THOMPSON  
Dentist  
Office—Over City Drug Co., cor.  
Hidalgo St. and Flores Ave.  
Phone—Office 945, Res. 672.

UNDERTAKERS

JOHN CONVERY  
Funeral Director  
Complete Auto Equipment,  
Garage Plaza, Phone 95.

MUSIC

Adelaide Gebhardt Ansdonaid, B. M.  
Pianist—Soprano,  
Director Royal Concert  
Orchestra.  
Phone 1082.

PROF. JULIAN A. DE VILLAR  
Teacher of Piano,  
Orchestra for all Classes of  
Entertainment,  
402 San Antonio Avenue.

MISS ANNIE THOMSON  
Teacher of Music,  
1320 Houston St. Phone 220.

"\$500 WOULD'NT BUY THE GOOD IT DID ME"

MRS. HUNT DECLARED TANLAC IS WORTH ITS WEIGHT IN GOLD—SHE HAD SUFFERED FOR FIVE LONG YEARS.

"Five hundred dollars wouldn't buy the good that five bottles of Tanlac have done for me and I just think it's worth its weight in gold," said Mrs. Nannie Hunt, of 6019 New York Avenue, Nashville, Tenn.

"I was told repeatedly that my nervousness couldn't be cured and that I was dependent so that I didn't know what to do. Even the noise of a passing street car would upset me so that I would shake like a leaf. My heart fluttered and palpitated and many times I would faint and have to lie down for hours. My stomach was in such a bad condition that I couldn't even digest an egg, and this had gone on for five years until I was on the verge of nervous prostration.

"A friend of mine who knew that my case had been given up as hopeless, made me a present of three bottles of Tanlac and it proved to be a priceless gift. I have taken five bottles altogether and have gained eleven pounds in weight and haven't had a nervous spell since. I can do anything I want and am building up every day. If I just can't say too much in praise of Tanlac."

Tanlac is sold by leading druggists everywhere.

ACRONSO LOOKS FOR VIOLENT DEATH.

London, July 4.—Still another attempt, according to Madrid dispatches, has been made on the life of King Alfonso of Spain. The latest effort to do away with the king occurred a week ago, at the opening of the new Spanish parliament. Fortunately, the authorities were forewarned of the plot of the anarchists and by a change of plans at the opening of the session the conspiracy was frustrated.

King Alfonso, although the fifth ruler of his dynasty, has borne a charmed life since his accession to the throne of Spain. At least a dozen attempts against his life have been made, and as many more anarchist plots have been nipped in the bud by the vigilance of the secret police.

One of the most recent attempts upon his life was in Madrid, in 1902, when an anarchist plot with ramifications extending throughout the city was uncovered by the police. Dynamite cartridges, which were to have been used in the attempt, were seized.

On June 3, 1905, an anarchist attempt to assassinate Alfonso while he was visiting in Paris. As the king, accompanied by President Loubet, drove away from a gala performance of the opera in anarchist threw a bomb in the direction of the royal carriage. The projectile struck a soldier belonging to the emperor's escort on the shoulder, and then fell to the ground and exploded without injuring the king or the President, who continued their drive to the Palais d'Orsay.

On May 8, 1906, the king and his sister, Infanta Maria Theresa, were stopped as they were riding in an automobile from the railway station in Madrid to the royal palace. The princess was slightly injured.

Alfonso's narrowest escape came a few weeks later on the day of his marriage in Madrid to Princess Ena of Battenberg. Shortly after the royal bride procession left the cathedral a bomb was thrown from the window of a high building, and probably would have exploded in the crowd except that its course had been deflected by an electric light wire. A score of persons were killed and twice that number injured. But neither the king nor the queen escaped a scratch.

Many other attempts have been made on the life of the king. In 1903 a fanatic fired a shot at him as he was returning from church with his mother.

CHALLENGER HAS ARRIVED FROM TRAINING IN MEXICO

Capt. Bob Roper, Who Trained Under Jack Johnson at Mexico City, Challenges Winner of Big Fight.

Captain Bob Roper, U. S. A. retired, whose home is in Chicago, and who passed through Laredo en route to Mexico City several weeks ago to start training under Jack Johnson for a championship battle, arrived in Laredo yesterday and will be here for a day or two.

Through his manager in Toledo to day Roper issued a challenge to the winner of the Willard-Campsey fight and says that he is confident he can wrest the title from the winner. Roper is in excellent condition. From here he will go to New Orleans, where he has an engagement to meet some well known boxers on the evening of July 7.

The Joy of Living.

To enjoy life we must have good health. No one can reasonably hope to get much real pleasure out of life when his bowels are clogged, a good share of the time and the poisons that should be expelled are absorbed into the system, producing headache and indigestion. A few doses of Chamberlain's Tablets will move the bowels, strengthen the digestion and give you a chance to realize the joy of living. Try it.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

TEXAS-PACIFIC.

Train No. 1 leaves for Corpus Christi at 12:30 p. m.  
Train No. 2 arrives from Corpus Christi at 3:35 p. m.

International & Great Northern.

Through fast train for St. Louis leaves at 8:30 a. m. and arrives at 2:50 p. m.  
Night Train.  
Leaves at 9 p. m. and arrives at 8 a. m.

Rio Grande & Eagle Pass.

Train No. 1 leaves Laredo daily except Sunday at 8:30 a. m. Arrives at Miners at 10:20 a. m.  
Train No. 2 leaves Miners daily except Sunday at 12 a. m. Arrives at Laredo at 3:15 p. m.

NOTES ABOUT THE BIG FIGHT.

Title at Stake—Heavyweight championship of the world.  
Contestants—Joe Willard, champion of the world.  
Challenger—Bob Roper, challenger.  
Place—Specially constructed arena at Toledo, Ohio.  
Attendance—Forecasted to exceed 10,000 spectators.  
Admission Charge—From \$5 to \$50, according to location of seat.  
Gate Receipts—Expected to amount to \$1,000,000—\$1,000,000.  
Fighters' Shares—Willard, \$300,000; Roper, \$27,000.  
Time—Fighters will enter ring at 8 p. m. on July 4.  
Length of Bout—Twelve rounds.  
Unusual Knockout—Anticipated contest will be a knockout.

Rules—Marquess of Queensbury.  
Decision—If both men are knocked out, the fight will be decided in points.  
Promoter at Laredo—"Tex" Rickard.  
Referee—Ally P. Corbett, of Toledo.  
Judges—"Tex" Rickard and Maj. A. J. Cresswell, of Philadelphia.  
Antagonists—Roper—Jack Sully, of London, N. Y.  
Timekeeper—W. Warren, of New York City.

How the Butlers Compare.

Willard—  
Age, 37 years.  
Weight, 197 pounds.  
Height, 6 feet, 4 1/2 inches.  
Reach, 82 1/2 inches.  
Chest (normally), 45 inches.  
Chest (expanded), 69 1/2 inches.  
Neck, 17 1/2 inches.  
Waist, 40 inches.  
Calf, 17 inches.  
Shin, 15 inches.  
Shoe, 13 1/2 inches.  
Weight, 59 inches.

Roper—  
Age, 24 years.  
Weight, 197 pounds.  
Height, 6 feet, 2 inches.  
Reach, 78 inches.  
Chest (normally), 44 inches.  
Chest (expanded), 68 inches.  
Neck, 17 1/2 inches.  
Waist, 38 inches.  
Calf, 15 inches.  
Shin, 14 1/2 inches.  
Shoe, 13 1/2 inches.  
Weight, 59 inches.

They have seen the miniature Theda Bara in her personification of many a vampire, demon and woman of the world, and therefore you have seen her show a vulnerability that no actress is a pure and chaste one, but if you failed to see her in the role of "Salome" last night you failed to see her at her best.

This old Biblical play dealing with ancient times and how Salome dominated King Herod with her cynical charm, and how at last she secured from Herod the promise to give her anything she craved, resulting in the bringing in of the head of John the Baptist that Salome may fulfill her desire to kiss his lips followed by the death of Herod upon the temple of Herod, was all ably portrayed by a strong cast comprising Theda Bara. The play is on at the Regal again this afternoon and tonight, and so forth the splendid opera house will again be crowded, rain or shine, for Theda Bara is there in her strongest role—Salome.

Wm. Burns' Letter.

There is a letter that is certain to prove of interest to people in this vicinity, in cases of this sort occur in almost every neighborhood, and people should know what to do in this circumstance.

Saratoga, N. Y., Oct. 12, 1914.

"I used a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy about two years ago and it cured me of that ailment. I had another attack of the same complaint some time of about two years ago and a few doses of this remedy cured me. I have recommended Chamberlain's Colic and Cholera Remedy as a means of people since I first used it."

TIMERS WANT ADS.

11111 Honey Makers 11111

LOCAL NEWS

—Harrison Chaffin, one of Laredo's soldier boys of the 116th Infantry, returned to his home here this morning from overseas duty.

—It will be in the city several days, showing a sample line of the famous "Winona Mills" sweaters, underwear and hosiery. Please phone or drop card for appointment to show in your home. T. A. Simons, at Slaughter Hotel. 7-4-14.

—Second hand furniture bought and sold. 1270 Hidalgo St. 4-14-14.

—On account of the disagreeable conditions prevailing and muddy streets, the band concert by the Thirty-seventh Infantry Band did not take place last night at Santa Plaza.

—Vernon G. Navarro, Notary Public with Webb County Lumber Co. 4-6-14.

—Globe Tree—A complete line, all sizes in stock. "As good as the best and better than the rest." R. R. Wilkes, phone 463. 4-4-14.

—In observance of the Glorious Fourth, all the government branches of the city, together with some of the county and city branches, the banks of the city and many of the business houses remained closed today. Many of the employees attended the athletic exercises at Fort McPherson today.

—For seven thousand mile guarantee on auto-omnibus at very low prices see Citizens Auto Company. Remember we guarantee and adjust here. 4-4-14.

—Thirty years a Roof Man. I paint and stop all leaks under a guarantee on the paper and shingles. Al J. Nolan, P. O. Box 568, Laredo, Texas. 4-23-14.

—While there was no bombastic celebration held in Laredo today, there was no just cause either, for old Laredo P. interfered this year and put the kibosh on the best goods for Independence Day and those who were looking for a celebration were not blinded by the dust, at least.

—If you want a plumber in a hurry phone Alvarez No. 1203. 4-14-14.

—A buy and sell anything from a pin to a locomotive. This includes farms and ranches. J. L. Fierman, 102 Fairmount street. 4-17-14.

—Quite a large crowd of Laredos left for Corpus Christi yesterday to attend the Glorious Fourth listening to view the wild wives of the city. They remained here or say. There are something like excursion rates on for the night on the coast and many good advantages of it.

—The Belmont, rooms and apartments. 402 Main Ave. Phone 574 or 1017. 4-20-14.

—We paint automobiles, also make auto tops. Phone Canon, Phone 202. 4-15-14.

—The front part of the business office of The Times was provided with seats intended in the chairs of the Willard-Campsey fight this afternoon, and much interest was manifested in such bulletin came in announcing some big feature of the fight. The fight was reported round by round as it occurred by the Associated Press.

—Do you desire comfort? See the new lights and fans. 4-14-14.

—The many friends of W. P. May, who was brought from Mexico on Monday night 11, will be pleased to learn that he is doing nicely at his home on the Heights and will be up and about again in a few days.

—W. H. G. Grogg, society public, at Times office, residence 412 Fairmount street. Residence phone 143. 4-17-14.

—Ray B. Becker, of Co. B, 1st Infantry, and George Beckenhauer, of another command, were among the Laredo boys returning home from overseas service this morning. Other Laredo boys are en route home and will reach here either this afternoon or tomorrow morning.

—If it is true and accurate and printing that you want send your letters to The Times on September 25. Expect workmanliness and the best of materials. 4-4-14.

—The military in Fort McPherson is observing the Glorious Fourth with a program of music, speech-making, athletic events and other features, which are being attended by a large number of Laredo people and soldiers.

—Should take precaution if you "wounded" today.

Health Officials Issue Warning to People Who Become Injured in the Celebration Today.

Last the over-enthusiastic celebration of the Fourth this year had to be increased number of persons being injured by the crackers, fireworks, pistol and cannon shot wounds. Surgeon General Blue of the U. S. Public Health Service has issued a reminder that injuries of this character are often followed by tetanus (lockjaw), unless they are promptly and properly treated by a physician.

In addition to adequate skilled surgical treatment by the physician, treatment of all such wounds should include an injection of tetanus antitoxin, and this can almost always be obtained from the State Health authorities.

ATTENTION

AUTOMOBILE OWNERS

I am selling a lot of Pennsylvania Casings and tubes at the following reduced prices:

Casings guaranteed for 6,000 miles.

30 x 3 Tubes	\$1.75	Casings	\$13.50
30 x 3 1/2 "	\$2.00	"	\$17.25
32 x 3 1/2 "	\$2.25	"	\$20.00
34 x 4 "	\$3.00	"	\$27.00
32 x 4 "	\$3.15	"	\$27.25
33 x 4 "	\$3.25	"	\$29.00
34 x 4 "	\$3.50	"	\$29.25
32 x 4 1/2 "	\$4.00	"	\$37.75

J. ARMENGOL

TELEPHONE 63 304 CORTEZ ST.

THRIFT IS POWER

BUY W.S.S. SAVE AND SUCCEED

I CAN SAVE YOU 25%

CARBON PAPERS

TYPEWRITER RIBBONS

J. W. FALVELLA

Laredo Times Office. Phone 45.



## HONORED PORFIRIO DIAZ WITH MEMORIAL SERVICE

### MEXICAN COLONY PAID TRIBUTE TO DEPARTED CHIEF.

Strand Theater Crowded to Doors on Occasion of Velada in Honor of the Great Mexican President.

A magnificent tribute to the memory of the illustrious patriot and president of Mexico, General Porfirio Diaz, was paid by the Mexican colony of Laredo last night at the Strand theater. The house was crowded to the doors, and there was not even standing room left when the program began with an overture by the select orchestra under direction of Prof. Julian M. de Villar.

The discourse of the evening was by Lic. Nemesio Garcia Naranjo, a brilliant speaker well known in Laredo, where his father lived for a number of years. Space is too short to attempt even an outline of the magnificent eulogy paid to the departed chieftain.

Sr. David Martinez, a noted baritone of Mexico City, now resident here, rendered the prologue to "I Parliaci," accompanied by Prof. Villar on the piano.

Sr. Jose Luis Velasco, a well-known Mexican journalist of El Paso, gave an original poem, which was given merited applause.

Prof. Francisco Hernandez, of San Antonio, accompanied by Prof. Villar, gave two beautiful selections on the violin, one of them his own composition, and was wildly applauded.

Then came "Estrofas" by Guillermo Aguirre y Fierro, which demonstrated that he is a great poet and the favorite of the Mexican people.

The second part was opened by the Peer Gynt Suite-Grieg by the orchestra, after which Lic. Rafael Trujillo, a young Mexican attorney now residing in Laredo, recited a poem of his own composition, which but more firmly established his reputation here as a poet of fire as well as of pathos.

Then the orchestra played a funeral march, followed by another selection by Prof. Hernandez, these latter being two pieces by Sarasate and an original composition by the violinist himself.

Owing to the illness of Sr. Manuel Muzquiz Blanco of San Antonio, he was not able to be present, and the public missed what is certain to have been a great address.

The evening closed with the Mexican National Hymn, and the audience departed, feeling that they had participated in a worthy commemoration of their great chief and president, whose memory will be brighter as the years bring greater knowledge of what he really was to Mexico.

## LOCAL NEWS

The importations through the port of Laredo from Mexico yesterday consisted of five carloads of cattle.

The smoker that was to have been given by the Laredo Volunteer Fire Department tomorrow night in honor of the Laredo fireboys and other Laredo young men who served during the war with the U. S. A., has been postponed until a number of other Laredo boys now en route home reach here.

Rev. F. Gaylord Roberts will preach a special patriotic sermon next Sunday night at the Christian church. Subject: "The Glories and Perils of National Life." An appeal is made to the patriotic American citizenship of Laredo to attend this service.

The United States consulate in Nuevo Laredo, Mexico, will remain closed throughout the day tomorrow in observance of the Fourth of July.

Cornelius Ferris, Jr., United States consul at San Luis Potosi, who has been visiting his old home in this country, arrived in Laredo this morning and proceeded on his way to his post of duty at San Luis Potosi.

Colonel Beaumont B. Buck, commander of the Laredo District, and Colonel V. E. Murphy, recently assigned to station at Fort McIntosh, will be among the army officers who will make addresses during the Fourth of July festivities at Fort McIntosh tomorrow morning.

The big prize fight takes place tomorrow afternoon beginning at 3 o'clock Toledo, Ohio, time when Champion Jess Willard will face Jack Dempsey, the contender for the heavy weight championship of the world. In Laredo there is very little betting done on the big slugfest.

Reports received in Laredo indicate that this whole section of country has been visited by heavy rains in the past few days. In fact the Texas-Mexican reports that rain along its line from Laredo to Corpus has been general and the ground is thoroughly soaked everywhere.

Rain! Rain! Rain! Today again finds plenty of rain falling in Laredo and surrounding country. Too much rain at this time might prove disastrous to the cotton crop, for if the rain continue the weeds will become rank in the cotton fields and then it will be a case of "adios, algodón."



Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt  
Society Editor

Phone 76 ..... Phone 42

## SOCIAL CALENDAR.

Thursday.

There will be a general meeting of the W. M. U. of the Baptist Church at the church at 4 o'clock in the afternoon. The Ladies Aid Society of the Christian Church will meet with Mrs. E. F. Hamilton at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

Friday.

There will be a program given at 10 o'clock in the morning at Fort McIntosh in the bandstand on the parade ground. Every one is cordially invited to attend.

The Methodist Sunday School will hold a picnic on the Seminary Campus beginning at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

Lord of Thyself.

Atm not too high at things beyond thy reach.

Nor give the rein to reckless thought or speech.

Is it not better all thy life to bide Lord of thyself than all the world beside?

Then if high Fortune far from thee take wing.

Why shouldst thou envy counselor or king?

Purple or buckram—wherefore make ado

What coat may cover, so the heart be true?

But if at last thou gather wealth at will.

Thou best shall succor those that need it still;

Since he who best doth poverty endure.

Should prove, when rich, heart's brother to the poor.

—Alfred Perceval Graves.

General Mention.

Mr. and Mrs. David Craven left today for Benavides to spend the Fourth of July.

Mrs. Dan Hickey and two children left at noon today for Benavides to spend a few days with relatives.

Mr. Jack McCormick has recently returned to Laredo after being overseas with the A. E. F.

Mrs. E. J. Black has returned from San Antonio, where she has been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Casey, for the past month.

Mrs. Paul Evans and two children arrived in the city yesterday from Memphis, Tenn., where they have been visiting relatives for the past two months and a half.

Mrs. J. S. Tratt of Fort Worth is in the city visiting her sister, Mrs. A. F. Beddoe.

Mrs. J. S. Denike has returned from San Antonio, where she enjoyed a pleasant visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Paulus.

Cards have been received from Mr. and Mrs. Horace E. Watson from Los Angeles, California, en route to San Francisco. They are having a delightful trip, and will also visit Yellowstone Park before returning to Texas.

Prof. B. Richardson has returned from Bryan, where he attended the County Superintendents' convention at the A. & M. College.

Mr. and Mrs. Dave Clark left yesterday morning for Tampico, Mexico, where they will make their home.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Walker of Brownsville left last night for their home, after a short stay in the city.

Mr. Joe Condren and children left today for Corpus Christi, where the children will remain for a week's stay.

Mrs. Laura DaCamara left today for Corpus Christi to visit her brother, Mr. Berry, and will be his guest for a week.

Miss Kathryn MacGregor expects to leave on Sunday night for New York, where she will be the guest of her sister, Miss Margaret MacGregor, for the remainder of the summer. She will go via Galveston on the Mallory line.

August Wormser, Philip Moore and Bernardino DaCamara left today for short stay in Corpus Christi.

Br. A. E. Youakin and Messrs. H. W. Johnston, J. B. DaCamara, J. R. Moore and W. C. Greenstreet left today for Corpus Christi for a several days' fishing trip.

Mr. and Mrs. Max Yesner expect to leave the latter part of the week for Dallas to visit their son.

Mrs. H. G. DeCamara and children.

left today for Corpus Christi and will be the guests of Mrs. Shirley.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Woodson of San Antonio have returned home after a delightful visit to Prof. and Mrs. F. M. Malley.

Miss Grace Leatherwood has gone to San Antonio in response to the news of the serious illness of her sister.

Mrs. J. B. Morton and daughter, Miss Dorothy, accompanied by Miss Mildren Leyendecker, left today for Corpus Christi. Miss Mildren will be the guest of Mrs. Morton for two weeks and will then visit her aunt, Mrs. Julius Derby, for the remainder of the month. Mrs. Morton and daughter have taken a cottage and will remain for some time.

Mr. Stucky is in the city from Mexico for a short visit to his family.

Announcements.

The Blue Birds will not meet again until the first Friday in September.

Dance at the Soldiers Club in the evening.

There will be no meeting of Troop No. 2, Boy Scouts, on Friday evening, but a called meeting will be held on Saturday evening at 8 o'clock. An announcement of this meeting will be made later.

Entertainment.

The dance at the K. of C. Hall last evening was a delightful affair. Good music made dancing very enjoyable and a nice crowd was in attendance.

Fourth of July.

The following delightful program will be given at Fort McIntosh at 10 o'clock in the morning:

Boxing Bout, ..... Louis Paster and Truman Phelps.

Reading, ..... Mrs. Norman Polkinhorn.

Songs, ..... Mrs. A. C. Hamilton.

Trombone Solo, ..... Mr. Taylor.

Songs, ..... Mrs. A. G. Macdonald.

Ukelele, ..... Misses Ofelia Garcia, Irene Leyendecker, Evelyn Ryan, Antoinette Ligarde, Lucille Lent.

Songs, ..... Jimmy Condra and other soldier boys.

Boxing Bout, ..... Roscoe Harrell and Fred Rogers.

PERSONALS

Judge G. A. Wolhausen of La Salle county, arrived in the city this morning and is visiting at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Alfred Matthews.

STOP ITCHING SKIN

Zemo the Clean, Antiseptic Liquid, Gives Prompt Relief

There is one safe, dependable treatment that relieves itching torture and that cleanses and soothes the skin. Ask any druggist for a 35c or \$1.00 bottle of Zemo and apply it as directed. Soon you will find that irritations, pimples, blackheads, eczema, blotches, ringworm and similar skin troubles will disappear. Zemo, the penetrating, satisfying liquid, is all that is needed, for it banishes most skin eruptions, makes the skin soft, smooth and healthy.

The E. W. Rose Co., Cleveland, O.

DOCTORS NEW SCHEDULE OF FEES.

A new schedule of fees adopted by the Doctors of Laredo to take effect on and after July 1st, 1919:

Day visits, 7 a. m. to 9 p. m., \$3.00 up

Night " 9 p. m. to 7 a. m., 7.50 up

Office visits ..... 2.00 up

Telephone consultation ..... 2.00 up

Certificate in proof of death for insurance ..... 3.00 up

Certificate of disability ..... 1.00 up

Confinement cases ..... 40.00 up

Visits out of town limits

Consultation ..... \$2.00 per mile

Anaesthesia ..... \$15.00

6-27-6t.

TODAY'S EVENTS.

The annual meeting of the Descendants of the Signers of the Declaration of Independence will open today in Philadelphia.

Union fishermen of the North Atlantic seaboard, most of them "out of Boston and Gloucester," have voted to go on strike today.

The annual State encampment of United Spanish War Veterans, Department of Oregon, will be entertained at Salem today and tomorrow.

"The Contribution of Teachers to the Development of Democracy" will be the general theme at today's sessions of the National Education Association, in Milwaukee.

Secretary of the Navy Daniels is scheduled as the principal speaker at the annual midsummer meeting of the Indiana Democratic Editorial Association, opening today at Fort Wayne.

Five thousand delegates are expected in St. Louis today when the Baptist Young People's Union of America begins the sessions of its twenty-eighth international convention.



1 cent per word for Rent, Found, For Sale, Lost or Exchange.

For Sale or Rent:—Rooms, apartments, bungalows, hotels, lots, blocks. J. Maxcy Pace, 920 Salinas Ave. Phone 576.

For Rent:—Light housekeeping rooms. 1320 Juarez avenue. 6-4-tf.

Oil Leases Wanted:—We are paying cash for oil leases, if you have not leased your land call and see us at once. International Land & Leasing Co., 611 Flores Ave. 6-14-tf.

For Rent:—After July 5th an apartment with southeast exposure and modern equipment for light housekeeping. Phone 587 or 617 Flores avenue. 6-19-tf.

For Sale:—One eighteen room house furnished, and three smaller frame houses, all producing very good rent. Very centrally located. If interested address Box 3, Laredo, Texas. 6-23-10t.

For Sale:—A well improved 150 acre irrigated farm; close to Laredo. Apply "P" Times office. 6-25-tf.

For Sale:—One Fairmont 4 H. P. railroad gasoline motor car in first class condition. R. W. Davis, Dolores, Texas. 6-25-10t.

For Rent:—Three furnished rooms with bath. Inquire at Times office. 6-25-tf.

For Sale:—One Maxwell touring car and one Davis seven passenger car; both in good condition. Apply H. Dublin, phone 417. 6-25-tf.

For Sale:—My two large brick apartment houses on Victoria street, with or without furnishings. H. Dublin, phone 417. 6-25-tf.

Money to Loan:—Clients have placed \$8,000 with me to loan upon land security at ten per cent. A. C. Hamilton. 6-26-tf.

For Sale:—One lot, four room cottage and small house of two large rooms on Heights; in good repair. City water and gas. Rented at \$15.00. Price \$1,500. Terms. Inquire 1620 Hidalgo street. 6-30-tf.

For Sale:—Horse, wagon and harness; game cocks; guinea pigs. Phone 1045. 6-30-tf.

For Rent:—New house 513 Zaragoza street. 7-1-5t.

For Rent:—House 1708 San Agustín avenue. Apply 809 Victoria street. 7-1-5t.

Rooms for Rent:—With or without bath. Apply Dr. C. E. Kenney, 1603 Matamoros street. 7-2-tf.

For Sale:—Porto Rico Yam slips or cuttings, at \$2.00 per thousand. Apply to F. C. Masterson, South Laredo. 7-2-tf.

For Sale:—Some choice residence lots; close in. Apply Laredo Realty Co., T. A. Bunn, Manager. 7-2-6t.

For Rent:—A piano. Phone 216. 7-3-6t.

For Sale:—One high grade player piano; used a short time only. Will sell at a bargain. Call or phone C. C. Conner, Travelers Hotel. 7-3-tf.

MIS ULACED ADMIRATION.

A lot of them were fishing close to Richmond railway bridge, when suddenly a lad of the party lost his balance and fell into the river. Immediately an old fisherman standing by threw off his coat, plunged into the stream, and after a struggle brought the boy safely to land.

"Noble individual!" cried a gentleman, who was passing by at the time of the accident. "Generous preserver! But for thy timely help my poor boy's spirit would now be in the land of—"

"Stow that, guv'nor!" interrupted the old fisherman. "I didn't care nuffin, 'bout the boy. But the young beggar had got all the bait in his trousers pocket!"—Pearson's Weekly.

HE KNEW THE ANSWER.

"Where's your ticket?" demanded the collector.

The sleepy yokel opened an eye, looked at the collector, and closed it again.

"Now, then where is it? Haven't you got one?" exclaimed the collector.

The traveler shifted, and opened his other eye. Then he shook his head and resumed his recumbent posture.

"All right," said the collector, consulting the book. "You'll have to pay. Five and six, please!"

The sleeper took no notice.

"Don't you hear me?" cried the inspector, shaking him angrily. "Five and six!"

For a moment the weary eyes opened again. Then a slight dawning of intelligence broke upon the yokel's countenance, and he answered: "Eleven!"—London Tit-Bits.

WEATHER FORECAST.

The following forecast from the United States weather bureau at New Orleans is furnished The Times by the Telephone Co. each day:

Tonight and Friday partly cloudy.

Local Weather Report.

The following are the observations taken at Fort McIntosh for the 24 hours ending at 7 a. m. today:

NO REPORT.

# FORMER GERMAN KAISER WILL BE PLACED ON TRIAL, LLOYD GEORGE TOLD THE COMMONS

## British Premier Said German Officers Who Committed Apalling Infamies would Also be Placed on Trial—German Army Inadequate, He Said, to Disturb the Peace of Germany's Feeblest Neighbor.

### HALF WAY ACROSS.

By Associated Press.

Washington, July 3.—The latest reports from the British dirigible R-34 give its position as over half way across the Atlantic and going well. It is expected to arrive at New York Friday morning.

### MISSOURI RATIFIED.

By Associated Press.

Jefferson City, Mo., July 3.—Missouri today ratified the federal woman suffrage amendment.

### TO DEDICATE MOUNT ROOSEVELT.

Deadwood, S. Dak., July 3.—Arrangements have been completed for the ceremonies to be held tomorrow at the christening of Mount Theodore Roosevelt. The mountain is the highest peak in the Black Hills and overlooks the country where Roosevelt spent his ranching days. Governor Norbeck will preside at the exercises, and Maj. Gen. Leonard Wood will be one of the speakers. Other participants will include State officials from Wyoming, Montana and Nebraska and a number of personal friends of the late Col. Roosevelt.

### PREPARING FOR BIG FARM SHOW.

Kansas City, Mo., July 3.—When the doors are opened for the fourteenth annual International Soil Products Exposition to be held in this city next fall the public will be given opportunity to view one of the largest and most comprehensive agricultural shows ever given in America. In addition to agricultural products and livestock, a wide range of industrial and commercial exhibits will be shown.

The exhibition will be held in conjunction with the annual meeting of the International Farm Congress. Delegates from a majority of the American States, from the Canadian Provinces, and from many foreign countries are expected to be present. Through the action of the Mexican Government, the agricultural, natural and mineral resources of Mexico will be shown, and a large delegation, including some of the officials of the Mexican Government, are expected to accompany the exhibit and represent their government. A large exhibit is being prepared by the Province of Manitoba, while the Canadian Government will also be represented.

The government of the United States, through its joint committee on exhibits, will be represented by a large and interesting display, to which the departments of Agriculture, War, Navy, Interior, Labor and Commerce will contribute.

A special demonstration and lecture room is being planned, wherein experts will illustrate approved modern methods in special canning and various process work.

Majority for Ratification.

Copenhagen, July 3.—A majority for ratification has been secured and the German national assembly will act on the peace treaty Saturday, according to a Weimar despatch.

Complain of Bela Kun.

Paris, July 3.—A report from the inter-allied food council on the tactics

FIGHTERS MUST NOT USE KIDNEY PUNCH

RULES INTERPRETED AT MEETING TODAY OF PRINCIPALS AND JUDGES OF TOLEDO EXHIBITION.

By Associated Press.

Toledo, Ohio, July 3.—The rules governing the heavyweight championship contest between Willard and Dempsey here tomorrow were officially interpreted at a meeting today between Tex Rickard and Major Biddle, judges in the contest, the boxers themselves and Jack Kearns, manager of the challenger. The only blow barred is the kidney punch, which under the rules of the Toledo boxing commission is prohibited at all matches here. Every train arriving is unloading scores and hundreds of boxing fans. Every hotel, rooming house, bath house and similar establishments report accommodations all taken, costs being at a minimum charge of \$5. With the training grind completed, the fighters spent today in complete rest. Willard went automobile riding, as did Dempsey after a brisk walk.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Medicine.

Hall's Catarrh Medicine has been taken by catarrh sufferers for the past thirty-five years, and has become known as the most reliable remedy for Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Medicine acts thru the Blood on the Mucous surfaces, expelling the Poison from the Blood and healing the diseased portions.

After you have taken Hall's Catarrh Medicine for a short time you will see a great improvement in your general health. Start taking Hall's Catarrh Medicine at once and get rid of catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

### GUARDING NEW YORKERS.

By Associated Press.

New York, July 3.—Many public buildings and homes of persons of wealth on Fifth avenue are being guarded by the police as a protection against a threatened renewal of the bomb outrages, it was learned today.

### INDEPENDENCE DAY AT CAPITAL.

Washington, D. C., July 3.—Arrangements now completed for tomorrow's celebration of Independence Day in the national capital give promise of the most memorable event of its kind in the history of the United States. A unique feature will be the co-operations of the foreign governments allied with America in the world war.

The celebration will be in the nature of an international festival, in which the various countries will be represented by floats and other symbolic expressions of satisfaction in the return of peace.

The arrangements for the affair have been made by a committee headed by Franklin K. Lane, Secretary of the United States Department of the Interior. Gen. Peyton C. March, chief of staff of the United States Army, will act as grand marshal of the parade, which will be one of the notable features of the day's program.

Approximately 15,000 persons will participate in the pageants and other exercises to be given at several points simultaneously. The pageants will symbolize the call to service, industry, labor, art, agriculture, and reconstruction. Plans are being discussed for repeating the celebration later in New York, Chicago, Philadelphia and other cities.

Text of Agreement.

Paris, July 3.—The text of the agreements between France and the United States and between France and Great Britain has been given out by the foreign office. The agreement with the United States cites the articles of the peace treaty prohibiting Germany from fortifying either bank of the Rhine and provides that in case this does not assure France proper security and protection the United States is bound to come immediately to the aid of France if any unprovoked act of aggression is made against her by Germany. It provides that the treaty be submitted to the council of the league of nations, which shall decide whether to recognize it as an engagement in conformity with the league covenant, and also provides that the treaty be submitted to the United States senate and the French parliament for approval.

The agreement between Great Britain and France corresponds with that between the United States and France, with the additional provision that the treaty imposes no obligation upon any of the dominions of the British empire until and unless approved by the parliament of each dominion represented.

Official French Losses.

Paris, July 3.—The French losses in killed and missing on land and sea, as officially established up to November 11, 1918, were 1,366,235.



From Wednesday's Daily.

## AN ACT OF CONFISCATION.

Our state department nowadays is not mincing words with regard to the Mexican government, and it declares the recent act of the Carranza government in sending soldiers to forcibly prevent Americans from drilling wells on land owned by American individuals or corporations as "an overt act of confiscation."

For months past the Mexican government has sought to have the American and other foreign owners of oil lands in Mexico recognize the claim established by the decree of February, 1917, that the oil lands were all "the property of the nation."

Finally an attempt was made to secure this recognition by a roundabout method; that is, the foreigners were required to pay a tax without which they could neither produce nor export petroleum or its products. But in paying the tax the foreigners would thus recognize the right of the government to the title to the lands, and they consistently refused to pay or to recognize the right to demand of the government.

Repeated complaints directed by our government to the Mexican government resulted in nothing, Carranza even refusing to answer our state department until after our troops crossed at Juarez in pursuit of the Villa forces, and then he said no permits to drill would be granted until the companies "complied with the law."

But as compliance with the law in this case meant recognition of the right of the Carranza government to the property which the Americans had bought and paid for, and since had developed at a further cost of some millions of dollars, it was out of the question for them to accede to the demand.

It is evident that we may not look to the present Mexican government for gratitude for favors received. The recent incident at Juarez, even though it was not intended for aid to the Carranza faction, was in effect a great help to the Juarez garrison, yet we are treated as if it was an unwarranted invasion of Mexican supremacy.

We are asking nothing of Mexico but justice. It is the rank injustice to attempt to confiscate property legally purchased by Americans who have done nothing since to warrant that confiscation. That is, they have done nothing more than to earn a profit on their investment and pay the extremely high taxes of the Mexican government. It is true that they have also paid blackmail to the Pelaz insurgents who are in control of the territory where the oil men are operating. But this is not charged by the Mexican government as being in violation of any law, as they pay the taxes at the port of export and pay them in American gold, the Carranza officials refusing to accept their own money for taxes.

Two things always stamp a government as unjust and corrupt—confiscation of private property and repudiation of public debt. And the present Mexican government is guilty of both these offenses.

Meanwhile, our government is piling up the evidence as to the incapacity of the Mexican government, and the bill is constantly mounting upward. Sooner or later there will have to be a reckoning, and the more the Mexican government does to the Americans running their legitimate business in Mexico, the higher the bill will be.

The Americans are paying taxes, presumably for the same privileges and protection that people pay taxes elsewhere to secure. But they have no protection from the Mexican government. They have to pay for every guard on a paymaster's boat, they have to pay blackmail to Pelaz for protection in the producing region, and they are robbed right and left despite the taxes which they pay, the greatest amount of money paid to the government in all Mexico.

But of one thing the Mexican government may rest assured. They may confiscate the American properties, but they will never get the American owners or the American government to acknowledge that there is the slightest foundation for the Mexican claim of ownership of the property.

## UNCLE JOE EXPLAINS.

In a recent interview "Uncle" Joe Cannon, the veteran Republican leader who for years was one of the most prominent figures in Washington, said: "I don't know a damn thing about the league of nations and nobody else does."

It was evident from his attitude that this remark was intended as a rebuke to those who are at present criticizing the league covenant and demanding that it be separated from the peace treaty.

Uncle Joe is at least honest in his expression. He does not pretend to know more about the league than the men who framed its covenant, and in this he differs from certain Republican leaders who are attempting to convince the people that they do know all about it and that the rest of the world is mistaken in differing with them.

Many prominent Republicans are taking the same view that Mr. Cannon takes. They are willing to wait to have the league covenant explained before they announce their attitude on the subject, and most of them so far express their satisfaction with the league as they understand it.

It must be remembered that the bulk of the Republican voters, the same as the Democratic voters, are opposed to any more wars, and that they are determined to lend their hearty support to anything which promises to put an end to wars in the future.

But above all, the people are learning that much smoke from the senate chamber does not necessarily mean anything more than a spindling little fire which can easily be put out. They have learned from past experience that the senate is fond of pyrotechnic displays that, like Goldberg's cartoons, "don't mean anything."

It is a question if Uncle Joe Cannon is not as well informed as any of his confederates in the senate as to the league of nations, and perhaps better informed than some of them. He was noted in the past for a grasp of affairs that was seldom equalled by that of any of his colleagues.

But he is honest and outspoken enough to say that doesn't know anything about it, meaning thereby that he is willing to learn. And his attitude is a good example for some of the people who are attacking the league before they are really informed as to its constitution and its meaning.

It is doubtful if there is any American more loyal than Joe Cannon. He went through the four years of the Civil War in a hotbed of secession sympathizers who at all times were disposed to make things warm for anyone who differed with them. Yet he was state's attorney for his county and he made a record of loyal patriotic service that has rarely been equaled.

It is hardly likely that he is now on the wrong side of the fence when it comes to standing up for his own country, and while he has always been a strong partisan, he is one of those who have always put country before party.

Perhaps Messrs. Borah, Knox, Lodge, et al. will change their views when they are really informed as to the league, but how much better it would have been for them to acknowledge their ignorance, as Uncle Joe has done, and wait for information before telling the world how little they knew of the subject in hand.

The opponents of the league are not enough to form a ward caucus, yet they are arrogating to themselves the privilege of dictating to the rest of the country concerning it.

They have no voice in the making of the treaty, yet they have declared that they are "agin it." They have nothing to say concerning the league, yet they are saying a great deal, and most of it useless and futile.

They are in the same boat with Uncle Joe. They don't know a well, a flame thing about the league, yet they are telling what it is and what it is not, just as if they had raised it from a pup.

And a few months from now they are going to find themselves discredited and ridiculed. The people are too smart to be fooled for very long.

## TODAY'S EVENTS.

Today is the 275th anniversary of the battle at Marston Moor, where Cromwell changed the history of England by his decisive victory over the royalists.

The 150th anniversary of the first religious service conducted in English at St. John's, N. B., will be celebrated in that city today.

A big celebration is to be held today in Dallas, Texas, in honor of the return of the soldiers of the Ninetieth Division from France.

The annual convention of the Wisconsin Letter Carriers' Association is to be entertained in Milwaukee during the three days beginning today.

Governor Gardner has called a special session of the Missouri legislature to meet today to take action in regard to the ratification of the Federal woman suffrage amendment.

St. Louis is prepared to welcome several thousand visitors today in anticipation of the opening in that city of the international convention of the Baptist Young People's Union of America.

Plans for the \$75,000,000 campaign to be conducted by Southern Baptists are to be considered at a conference in Nashville today of leaders of the denomination from 8 States.

At today's sessions of the National Education Association, in Milwaukee, representatives of France, England and the United States will discuss "Education for the Establishment of a Democracy in the World."

## GOVERNMENT CHECKS HELD FOR OWNERS.

Jennie Norman, Rose Bruegger, Edna Allen Hale, Eva Brown, Deliah Lee Klapotowskie, Lupe Chiles, Velma Graybill,

Nettie Miller, Alice McKinney, Luella Parson, Gertrudis Canales Vela, Rose Seymour.

Government checks for the above named are being held at the Office of the Civilian Relief Dept., American Red Cross, 1214 Farragut St., subject to claimant's call. Any information as to the address of these parties will be greatly appreciated.

Chairman Civilian Relief, American Red Cross, Webb County Chapter. (Other papers please copy.)

## KAISER WILLIAM AT METZ



Some time ago William Hohenzollern, then kaiser of Germany, had placed at the entrance of the cathedral of Metz this extraordinary statue of himself. Since his abdication some one has hung upon it the placard with the Latin inscription, "Sic Transit Gloria Mundi."

## The Flower She Wore.

As blossom time comes around again we instinctively recall those that have figured in fiction, says the New York Evening Post. The flower that she wore! In all literature nothing stands out like the magnonette of Anna Karenina (for seer and reformer what an adept Tolstoy was at describing women's dress! Few story tellers pure and simple have equaled him). We are not allowed to forget the carnations of a certain lady, nor the scent of a jasmine flower in Paris at the opera, there, and we confess to remembering with joy the red, red rose in "The Complete Life of John Hopkins." We should be glad to forget "Rappacini's Daughter," with her purple poison flower, but we defy anyone who has fallen under the spell of that dread story to be able to do so. And "Always, Ophelia."

## LOCAL NEWS

The importations through this port from Mexico yesterday afternoon consisted of two carloads of beer (bafo) and one carload of calamine.

R. M. Johnson has a few nice young saddle horses, suitable for business, for sale. Can be seen at the creek pens for two days only. R. M. Johnson, Hamilton Hotel. 7-1-21.

The following marriage license has been issued by the county clerk since last report: Antonio Robles and Miss Elvira Correa.

Mr. and Mrs. Enrique W. Morton have purchased the cottage at No. 1224 Davis avenue and have moved their home there from 2003 Victoria street.

Heavy clouds hung over the southern portion of Laredo last evening for a while and there was some thunder and lightning, but the whole thing proved only a great big bluff, for nothing resulted from the disturbance. A good shower fell at noon today.

As will be seen by reference elsewhere, The Times will have read and post bulletins on the Willard-Dempsey prize fight which takes place in Toledo, Ohio, Friday afternoon. The Times invites everyone to come and see the results of the big fight round by round as it takes place.

The Mexican situation is looming high these days and Laredo, nestled here on the border, is much interested in developments that are taking place up Washington way.

## EASY.

I was hurrying home up the hill when a little boy came rushing down in such haste that he ran headlong into me. He was quite breathless and flushed.

"Have you seen my pa?" he managed to stammer.

"I don't know your pa, little boy," said I. He looked at me in round-eyed wonder and his pink cheeks fairly stuck out.

"You don't know my pa?" he said, incredulously. "Why, I know pa just as easy!"—New York Evening Post.

TIMES WANT ADS. Money Makers

## FOR BETTER MAIL SERVICE AND AGENT ON NIGHT TRAIN

REQUEST MADE FOR MAIL AGENT ON NIGHT TRAIN.

Additional Facilities For Postoffice Here Are Also Being Urged by Local Commercial Organization.

There have been so many requests directed to the Chamber of Commerce that the board of directors have made an investigation and have found that the people of Laredo are justified in demanding additional facilities for handling the business of this district. The argument filed with the postoffice department involves two distinct propositions.

First: Our night mail trains do not carry mail route agents. Hence there is no local mail between here and San Antonio on the night trains nor is there any registered mail possible between here and San Antonio on the night trains. While there may have been conditions ten years ago which justified omitting these night mail route agent facilities, it appears to the Chamber of Commerce that that time has passed, and they have filed an argument with the Postoffice Department requesting that mail route service be installed on the night trains. The postoffice business amounts to about \$60,000 to \$65,000 as compared to about \$20,000 six or eight years ago.

Second: The Chamber of Commerce committee has found that our postoffice is cluttered with overflow mail into Mexico, especially Parcel Post packages and registered mail, to an extent that is not fair to the business interests of Laredo nor to the trade relations with Mexico. During March this committee requested an inspection by the Supervising Architect of the Treasury Department and such an inspection was granted. During April estimates were made by the Inspector and designs submitted for providing additional floor space. It is now being urged that these additional facilities be granted with the least delay possible.

Developments have progressed far enough that our people should be posted on what the situation is, and what the Chamber of Commerce is attempting to accomplish. They ask the co-operation of all business men interested in the future of Laredo, as well as the greatest efficiency in handling the Postoffice and Mail Service into this important port. It will be necessary to command every influence possible in order that the proper authorities may be convinced that there is a popular demand for these additional facilities and for this improved service. No citizen of Laredo should fail to exercise that influence and co-operate along the lines indicated.

## BULLETINS OF BIG FIGHT.

Will Be Read and Posted, Round by Round, at Times Office on Friday.

Who will win the heavy-weight pugilistic battle on July 4—Jess Willard, the present champion, or Jack Dempsey, the contender for the honor?

There is much interest in the big fight which takes place beginning at 3 o'clock Toledo, Ohio, time, and The Daily Times, in order to give the lovers of the sport in Laredo an opportunity to get the results of the battle, will receive the news direct from the ring, side in bulletins, round by round, and the bulletins will be read and posted as fast as received. The Times invites all its patrons and friends (and enemies, too, if there be any) to come to this office about 2 o'clock Friday afternoon and hear the results of the great heavyweight championship battle.

## TWO IMPORTANT TELEGRAMS.

The following is a copy of an official telegram received last night by United States Consul Robertson and explanatory: Washington, D. C., July 1, 919. American Consul, Laredo, Texas.

Effective July 1 all control over export and import of wheat and wheat flour will be transferred from war board and vested in United States Wheat Director.

Phillips, Acting.

Another telegram was also received stating that the War Trade Board has been abolished and the functions and personnel have been transferred to the department of state.

**BREEDEN'S RHEUMATIC COMPOUND**  
FOR RHEUMATISM SOLD EVERYWHERE

Sold By Reed's Drug Store, People's Pharmacy and J. M. Ramos.

## REBELS CAPTURE CAPITAL AND LIBERATE PRISONERS

CARRANCISTAS DID NOT EVEN KNOW THEY WERE IN CITY.

Lopez and His Men Invade Victoria While Officers Are Having Good Time and Release Prisoners.

An American business man who arrived in Laredo several days ago from Tampico, and who stopped over at Victoria, capital of the state of Tamaulipas, while en route to the border, tells an interesting story of how a small band of revolutionists under command of a man named Lopez captured the capital of Tamaulipas on the night of Sunday, June 22, accomplished the purpose of their visit and got away before the Carrancista soldiers even knew that the rebels had come into the town and liberated all prisoners held by them.

The American says that on Sunday night, June 22, just as the band concert on the main plaza of Victoria ceased about 10:30 o'clock, a band of about eighty revolutionists in command of a man named Lopez rode into the outskirts of Victoria, captured the Carranza guards on duty on the outskirts, went to the Carranza garrison and there liberated a number of rebels held prisoners, then went into the center of the city and towards the casino, where Governor Osuna and other state officers, the commander of the Victoria garrison and other Carranza officers were having a gay time.

A messenger who had detected the presence of the strange men warned those at the casino that rebels had invaded the city in large force and that several thousand of them were headed for the casino. Governor Osuna and his staff and the Carranza officers made their escape through rear doors and windows of the casino, but in the meantime the rebels decided not to go into the casino, which was in darkness when they arrived there, and turned about and left the city as quietly as they had entered, having accomplished the object of their visitation, the liberation of all prisoners. While all this was going on the men of the Carranza garrison in Victoria were scattered about town, and when the alarm was finally sounded the rebels had left the city and had gone several miles to the eastward without having had as much as a shot fired at them by the Carrancistas who were supposed to be guarding the capital of the state of Tamaulipas.

## MEETING OF CITY COUNCIL CONSIDERS MANY MATTERS

Everything From Revaluation of Lot to Refusing to Pay for Bad Water Service Was Acted Upon.

A regular semi-monthly meeting of the city council was held last evening, when, in addition to routine business, several other matters of importance came up for consideration and were acted upon.

A petition asking that a fire plug be placed on a certain part of Guadalupe St. was referred to a committee. A petition for a revaluation of Lot No. 441, W. D. and a petition for a quit claim deed by James and Ada Keller from the City of Laredo for certain property purchased from a city, were also considered, the latter being referred to City Secretary Woodman.

A letter from the J. & G. N. Ry. Co. requesting the city to rescind its order providing for the opening up of Washington street was taken under advisement.

The council, by unanimous vote, instructed Mayor McComb to notify the Laredo Water Co. that unless they maintained a maximum pressure of water on the Heights the city will hereafter pay no warrants for water service to the Heights.

## IN THE DAY'S NEWS.

Governor Sidney J. Catts's announcement that he will be a candidate for the senatorial toga now worn by the veteran Duncan F. Fletcher means that an exciting primary campaign is in prospect in Florida. For the Governor has established a reputation as a hard fighter, a reputation that extends back to the days when he was a country Baptist minister fighting to extract dollars from his congregation for the advancement of the work of the church. Governor Catts is an Alabama man who attended Howard College and the Alabama Polytechnic Institute and studied law for a spell, before he entered the Baptist ministry in 1884. Prior to taking up his residence in Florida he filled several long pastorates in Alabama and incidentally was an unsuccessful candidate for Congress in that State. After going to Florida he continued his interest in politics and in 1916 won the gubernatorial nomination and election in one of the stormiest political fights in the State's history.

Lame Shoulder.

This ailment is usually caused by rheumatism of the muscles. All that is needed is absolute rest and a few applications of Chamberlain's Liniment. Try it.

## VERY CLOSE SURVEILLANCE ALONG THE MEXICAN BORDER

AIR SERVICE OFFICERS ASSIGNED TO DUTY AT BORDER POSTS.

Lieutenants Shields, Smith and Walthall Have Been Assigned to Duty With 37th Infantry Here.

The entire Mexican border is to be kept under strict surveillance by the United States war department through the Southern Department, who are now assigning air service officers to stations along the border with the troops already stationed at all border posts. Twenty-eight air service officers from Kelly Field, with their machines, have been ordered to proceed to their new stations, those assigned to the 37th Infantry at Fort McIntosh being Lieutenants Henry M. Shields, Milton J. Smith and Leroy Walthall.

Commenting on the assignment of the air service officers to border posts the San Antonio Express of yesterday contains the following:

That a closer watch will be kept on border conditions is further indicated by an order directing Maj. Roscoe B. Woodruff, Southern Department intelligence officer, to proceed to military posts and stations along the Rio Grande to instruct intelligence officers and arrange for better co-operation between these points and the main office of the department. Included in the list of posts to be visited are Nogales, Naco, Douglas, Huchita, Columbus, El Paso, Marfa, El Rio, Eagle Pass and Fort Clark.

Lieut. Col. Hans O. Olson, Signal Corps, recently of Camp Bowie, was ordered to Fort Sam Houston and assigned to duty in the department signal office. Capt. Albert S. Blatterman, Signal Corps, Fort Sam Houston, to Fort Bliss, El Paso, for duty in connection with Signal Corps installation on airplanes along border duty; Capt. John J. Gallagher, air service, assigned to duty in the office of the department intelligence officer at Fort Sam Houston.

## SENTIMENTALISM OR WHAT?

It may surprise some people to find a current of opposition against Wilson, the treaty and the league among the radicals. For instance, Townley of the non-partisan league, now so strong in five of the Northwestern states, bitterly denounces the peace treaty as undemocratic. There are similar evidences of opposition to the terms of the treaty—and consequently to the league, for the two can not be separated—from other radical sources.

That the so-called reactionaries and ultra-conservatives should quarrel with Wilson and all his works is to be expected. He has probably been the most radical president we have ever had, and common experience with human nature goes to prove that the dislike of policies soon translates itself into dislike of person, and that again becomes so intense that the personal and partisan motive is strong enough to shut off reasonable judgment on later policies. They are to be damned because they are Wilson's and regardless of their effects. But why the radicals?

A few months ago Townley's course would have resulted in a more emphatic reiteration of the charge that the non-partisans were pro-German. This is not the only radical organization against which this accusation was levelled and in some instances with rather more substantial reason. All such movements attract to themselves a fringe of chronic dissenters, sentimentalists, sapheads and hobby riders, who are trying to load themselves and their own social curculls onto the band wagon. Sooner or later they sink it. That there should be pro-Germans among such is wholly natural.

But in many cases the easy charge of the pro-Germanism will not rise as a satisfactory explanation for their attitude. The cause is probably deeper and psychological. In the days when Theodore Roosevelt was the dominant figure in the American reform movement he was assailed by those who are his present most ardent admirers as the destroyer of the American commonwealth with a vindictiveness only equalled by the lampooning he got from the socialist organs. Nor is his experience unusual.

There seems to be a streak in the mentality of the radical reformer which makes virtue an exclusive possession of himself and his own organization. His panacea is the only honest one. He regards anybody else who is effectively making progress not only as being crooked, but with intense jealousy. With his mind attuned to the theory that whatever is wrong, he falls into the easy habit of that denunciation which is too often only the cloak for ignorance or mental only laziness. It will probably be found that the radical organizations are more afflicted with this sort of temperament than with anything on the order of disloyalty or pro-Germanism.—Newark Evening News.

## Chamberlain's Tablets.

These tablets are intended especially for stomach troubles, biliousness and constipation. If you have any trouble of this sort, give them a trial and realize for yourself what a first class medicine will do for you. They only cost a quarter.

## TODAY'S ANNIVERSARIES.

JULY 2.  
1714—Christopher Gluck, a German operatic composer who made his greatest successes in Paris, born in the Upper Palatinate. Died in Vienna, Nov. 18, 1878.  
1767—Stephen Allen, mayor of New York City and one of the early leaders of Tammany Hall, born in New York. Perished in the steamboat "Henry Clay" disaster on the Hudson, July 28, 1852.  
1819—Lucius J. Knowles, whose inventions did much to develop the thread-making industry, born at Hardwick, Mass. Died in Washington, D. C., Feb. 25, 1884.  
1849—Father Mathew, the great Irish temperance leader, was welcomed in New York as the guest of the city.  
1867—Lord Monck took the oath of office as first Governor-General of the Dominion of Canada.  
1902—Cuba ceded to the United States two naval stations, and government of the Isle of Pines settled.  
1916—Main Austro-German forces drove Russians northward toward Lublin.  
1916—French drive hurled Germans back on 25-mile front along the Somme.  
1917—Russians broke through Austro-German defenses in Galicia.

## SOUNDED BAD.

W. R. Buckner, the memory expert, tells a good one on himself. A few weeks ago he alighted at the station of a small Oregon town, where he was scheduled to deliver a lecture on his system of "remembering things," says the San Francisco Chronicle. The aged dandy in charge of the decrepit hotel van approached him and inquired how many trunks he had.

"I don't use any trunks," said Buckner. "But you is a travelin' man, isn't you?" inquired the Jehu. "Yes—but I sell brains." "Well, suh," signed the old driver, "Ah've been totin' salesmen from dis depo' fo' nigh't twenty years, an' you'de do best one Ah ever struck what didn't carry no samples!"

## TODAY'S BIRTHDAYS.

JULY 2.  
Most Rev. George W. Mundelein, Roman Catholic archbishop of Chicago, born in Brooklyn, No. Y., 47 years ago today.  
William Le Queux, one of the most popular of present-day novelists, born in London, 55 years ago today.  
Crown Prince Olav, heir to the throne of Norway, born in England, 18 years ago today.  
Dr. Frederick P. Keppel, late Assistant Secretary of War, now director of foreign operations of the American Red Cross, born in New York, 44 years ago today.  
Dr. Grace Raymond Hebard, noted suffragist, professor of political economy in the University of Wyoming, born at Clinton, Iowa, 58 years ago today.  
Eugene Black, representative in Congress of the First Texas district, born at Blossom, Texas, 40 years ago today.

## RUINS IN NORTHERN FRANCE.

The statement that 550,000 buildings in Northern France must be reconstructed because of damage done to them in the war seems a total devastation incomprehensible to ordinary men and women. It dazes and does not enlighten.

In the great fire of London in 1666 the number of buildings destroyed was 13,350. When Moscow was burned in 1812 to thwart Napoleon's invasion of Russia, 30,800 buildings went up in flames. The fire of 1835 in New York City wiped out 674 houses and warehouses. Constantinople lost 2,500 shops and 500 dwellings in the conflagration of 1848; in Pera, the foreigners' quarter of that city, in 1870 fire destroyed 7,000 buildings. Flames caused the destruction of 17,450 buildings in the city of Chicago in 1871. Boston lost 776 buildings, of which 709 were brick, in the fire of 1882. In 1892 St. John's, N. F., saw 600 buildings go up in smoke. The Baltimore fire of 1904, to help extinguish which fire apparatus was sent from this city, cost 2,500 buildings. One-third of San Francisco was burned in 1906. The conflagration in Osaka, Japan, in 1912, accounted for 5,000 buildings. When, in 1914, Salem, Mass., burned, 1,000 buildings were sacrificed to the flames.

These historic conflagrations, which bring to mind terrible hardships suffered by thousands of persons, offer a standard by which to judge the condition to which Northern France and its population were reduced by the war. Without some standard of this kind with which to make comparison, the record of 550,000 razed or ruined buildings is almost meaningless.

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.





Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt  
Society Editor  
Phone 70 ..... Phone 48

## SOCIAL CALENDAR.

**Tuesday.**  
The Sunbeam Band of the Baptist Church will meet at the church at 5 o'clock in the afternoon.  
Community Singing at the Soldiers Club in the evening.

**Wednesday.**  
The Knights of Columbus will entertain with their regular weekly dance at the K. of C. Hall in Fort McIntosh in the evening.

## Words.

Words, when their masters bid them—what are they?  
Wings for a soul's adventure with a star;  
Keys that unlock the inner gates of truth;  
Seeds that refruit the furrows of all time;  
Ships that put forth across uncharted seas;  
Jewels for Beauty's throat;  
Lightnings that rive and cleanse;  
Torches that fire a world;  
Bells,  
Bugles,  
Drums,  
And swords of puissant steel!

—Hilton R. Greer.

## General Mention.

The ladies of the W. M. U. of the Baptist church will entertain informally for Mrs. W. S. Patrick Thursday afternoon after the regular meeting at the home of Mrs. A. F. Beddoe.

The regular weekly dance will be held at the Knights of Columbus hall at Fort McIntosh tomorrow night.

Secretary M. J. Flynn and Secretary J. E. Dorais arrived in the city yesterday morning to help in the border activities lately taken up by the Knights of Columbus.

Mrs. J. T. Murphy and daughters, Misses Lucille and Ruth expect to leave tomorrow for San Antonio for a few days visit and then to Houston where they will attend the Murphy-Franks wedding on the 9th of July. Mr. Harris Murphy will join them in San Antonio and accompany them to Houston.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Jennings are in the city from the ranch for a short visit and are stopping at the Hamilton.

Mr. and Mrs. R. M. Johnson returned this morning from a several days visit to San Antonio are guests at the Hamilton.

Mr. Wilbur Allen of Hebronville is in the city and will return to the Josefinia ranch tomorrow. He will be accompanied by Misses Mary Cook and Rosita Barlow, who will remain for a two weeks' stay, the guests of Miss Florence.

Dr. J. T. Ward and little daughters, Margaret and Mary, and niece Barbara Biggio are expected home this week from a delightful motor trip to different points in the state.

Mr. Alfred Campbell will leave tomorrow for Corpus Christi to spend a few days with his mother.

Major Claude Gullette arrived in the city this morning for a short stay.

Mr. H. B. Gullette of Mexico is in the city for a few days.

Mr. Aubrey T. Adkins of Refugio returned home Monday after a short visit to his sister, Miss Adkins and Mrs. A. H. Camp.

Mr. A. H. Camp of Hebronville is in the city spending a few days with his family.

Mrs. F. H. Lusk and two little granddaughters, Dorothy and Marion Jackson of Austin, arrived in the city yesterday. Mrs. Lusk has been the guest of her daughter, Mrs. Clarence Jackson of Austin, for the past four weeks.

Rev. J. Ward is in San Antonio for a short stay.

Miss Louvina Siros has returned from Austin where she has been attending the University the past year.

Miss May Netzer, who has been in Austin the past year attending the University, remained there to attend summer school.

Col. and Mrs. E. A. Roche expect to leave this week for Manitou Springs, Colorado, for a several months stay.

Mrs. Buck and children of Memphis, Tenn., are expected to arrive in the

city on July the 4th to join General Buck at Fort McIntosh.

Miss Virginia Roach has returned home after a visit of several weeks to her sister, Mrs. H. M. Curbello, Freeport, Texas, and Mrs. Allen Hall, Corpus Christi, Texas.

## Club Notes.

The Blue Birds enjoyed a delightful splash party at Bella Vista yesterday afternoon. After the swim a delicious luncheon was enjoyed under the arbor. The young folk were chaperoned by Mesdames A. Poggenpohl, Ward, Burnett, Copeland, and Sauvignat. Those who enjoyed the outing were Margaret and Eugenia Copeland, Evelyn Kerr, Evelyn Randolph, Mary Condren, Leonore Cross, Kewpie Macdonald, Chub Macdonald, Doris and Dorothy Wilson, Bess Bryant, Jennie May Gallahan, Dorothy Borchers, Gladys Sauvignat, Clare Derby and Madonna Sorrell.

## Entertainment.

The Woman's Club entertained with their regular weekly at home dance at the Market Hall last night. The hall was prettily decorated in red roses and ferns. The delightful feature of last evening was the songs given by Miss Courtney Slaughter. Good music and a large attendance made the affair very pleasant. The hostesses were Mesdames Shahady and Slaughter.

## Dancing Party.

Miss Mary Paul Goldmann of Austin, the attractive house guest of Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Fish, was delightfully complimented last evening with a dancing party given by Mrs. E. J. Foster. The rooms were prettily decorated in white jack bean blossoms and ferns. The color note of white and green was reflected in the refreshment course. Delicious fruit punch was served throughout the evening. Among those who enjoyed the delightful hospitality of the occasion were Miss Mary Paul Goldmann, the honor guest; and Misses Marjorie Lou Fish, Willie Brennan, Pollie Yates, Merrell Lake, Virginia Penn, Eva Scratchley, Evelyn Ryan, Elsie Werner, Phyllis Bunn, Irene Leyendecker, Selma and Hilda Klein-smith, Laura Taylor, Dorothy Morton, Will Sames, James and Philip Moore, Ernst Buenz, Clyde Brennan, Sam Johnson, Dave Slaughter, Danny Boone Lowry, Ted G'Sell, Aaron Moser, August Wormser, Edwin Wormser, Hugh Yates, C. C. Mathes, Juan Gongora, Felix Gongora and Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Fish and others.

## Vacation Party.

Yesterday afternoon from 4 to 6:30 Mrs. C. H. Kehl entertained a crowd of young folks, the occasion being the eighth birthday of Master Robert Paul Kehl. Games were played and the time was passed pleasantly by all. In breaking the piñata Master Jack Younkun was the winner, receiving a toy auto filled with candy. In cutting the birthday cake Ethel Puster cut the ring, Woody Bunn cut the dime and Edward Fasnacht cut the button. Ice cream cake and candy were served after breaking the piñata. Those who enjoyed the delightful hospitality were: Evans and Jack Younkun, Woody and Nettie Bunn, Virginia Lee and Merle Anne Netzer, Joe, Theresa and Edward Fasnacht, Fay Kerr, Anita and Ethel Laue, Mary Anderson, Ethel and Alta Gracia Puster, Palmer, Anna Louise and Baby Haynie, Ralph Cook, Jack, Eleanor and Horace Kehl. Those assisting Mrs. Kehl were Mesdames Anderson, Kerr and Haynie, Mary Cook and George Kehl.

## Watermelon Party.

The young men of the Christian Endeavor of the Christian Church entertained their friends last night with a watermelon party on the lawn at the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Hamilton. A very enjoyable time was had.

## TODAY'S EVENTS.

National Buttermilk Day in the United States.  
Celebration of Dominion Day throughout Canada.

Beginning of the fiscal year of the United States.

Forty-fifth anniversary of the abduction of Charles Ross, in Philadelphia, the most celebrated kidnapping case in history.

Centennial anniversary of the birth of Reuben E. Fenton, who served as governor of New York during the last year of the civil war.

The old rates on first-class mail matter in the United States, which were in effect prior to Nov. 2, 1917, will be resumed today.

A special election is to be held today in the Fourth Minnesota congressional district to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Representative Van Dyke.

The eighth biennial supreme convention of the National Order, Daughters of Isabella, will meet at Utica, N. Y., today for a four-day session. A meeting is to open at New Orleans today to perfect the organization of the American Cotton Association, an outgrowth of the cotton acreage reduction movement.

"The New World and the Demand It Will Make Upon Public Education" is to be the general theme at today's sessions of the National Education convention in Milwaukee.

## TIMES WANT ADS.

\$\$\$ Money Makers \$\$\$

## NEW RAIL PLANS ON SOUND BASIS

Congress Determined to Make Certain Future Growth of Transportation Facilities.

PLANS AGREE ON PRINCIPLES.

Return of Roads to Owners With Assurance of Adequate Revenues.

Washington.—One of the big problems before the new Congress is getting the railroads back on a peace basis. These 260,000 miles of steel highways were taken over by the Government as an indispensable arm of the national defense; but now that their war service is over, there is a country-wide demand that the Government restore them to their owners to be operated on normal American business standards of efficiency.

But, as has been pointed out by President Wilson as well as by many men in public life who have given this subject years of careful study, it is not enough simply to say to the railroad companies, "Take these railroads and give the country the best transportation service that money and brains can provide."

## Old Laws Obstruct Growth.

The President recently said that it would be a serious mistake to return to the old conditions of railroad regulation without reforming the antiquated laws that were obstructing the free development of transportation facilities. The Director General of Railroads has recently made an inspection trip from coast to coast, and he has been telling the people that the time has now come to put the railroads on a sound foundation.

The plans for a better system of national control of railroads are as varied as were the plans for banking and currency reform when Congress received a mandate from the people to provide insurance against financial panics. The public now demands insurance against a breakdown of railroad transportation, and the new Congress is undertaking this work as secondary only to insurance against international warfare. Congress solved the banking problem seven years ago as a non-partisan issue, in which all the people had a common interest, and Congress evidently is tackling the railroad problem with the same spirit.

While the many plans that have been proposed differ in the methods to be adopted in reaching the desired goal, it has been pointed out by Senator Cummins of Iowa that all these plans have really very much in common—so much so that he is confident that Congress will have little difficulty in framing a bill that will meet with popular approval, and that will take the railroad question out of politics for many years to come.

## Many Plans With One Aim.

The Iowa Senator has a commanding position in this Congress because he is the ranking member of the Interstate Commerce Committee of the United States Senate, and it is in this committee that the new railroad bill will take final form. In an address before a national meeting of business men at St. Louis Senator Cummins stated that since the close of the war fully thirty complete plans for new railroad legislation had been submitted to him by business men, economists, bankers, railroad officials and owners, Government officials, railroad workers and just plain citizens.

The basic principles upon which all of these plans, with one exception, agree are as follows:

1. Private operation is more efficient and more economical than Government operation, and the public interest will therefore be served by a return of the roads to private management.

2. To make certain that new capital will be attracted to the expansion of railroad facilities, there ought to be greater certainty that a fair return will be earned on the investment.

3. The merging of weak and strong roads into large competing systems should be encouraged.

The making of a formula to provide a fair return on railroad capital seems likely to be the phase of the problem most thoroughly debated in Congress. The Director General has been urging that the Government ought to guarantee a certain return and share in any excess earnings. Leading bankers, especially some of the international bankers in Wall street, who have in the past marketed many hundreds of millions of railroad securities, also look favorably on the suggestion of a Government guarantee, which will make it easier to sell new securities, and will also stabilize the market for the old bonds and stocks.

## Government Guarantee Opposed.

But the proposal that the Government shall guarantee the interest and dividends on private capital invested in railroads will undoubtedly meet with very vigorous opposition in many quarters. Even railroad executives, who might be supposed to take kindly to the idea of a Government guarantee against failure, have frankly stated that they do not want it, because they believe it is un-American in principle, would tend to lessen efficiency, and would involve the roads in a Government partnership that would inevitably lead to Government ownership.

## COAL SHORTAGE ON WAY; GOVT. SAYS BUY NOW

May Be Repetition of 1917-18 Conditions Next Winter Says Geological Survey.

MINES IDLE WITHOUT ORDERS.

Those Who Delay Ordering Longer May Not Get Their Fuel Later On.

The United States Geological Survey announces from Washington the probability of another general coal shortage next fall and winter. The announcement is based, the Survey states, upon a nation-wide study of conditions in the bituminous field. Unless steps are taken at once, the Survey says, to place the mines upon a basis of increased production there is every prospect of a repetition to some degree of the situation that prevailed in the United States during the winter of 1917-18.

The only way production can be stimulated at the present time, it is said, is by placing orders with the mines for coal which will be needed later on. "Production during the first five months of the year," reads the statement, "fell 57,292,000 net tons, or approximately 25% below production during the first five months of 1918. Mines are producing coal now at the rate of from 8,000,000 to 8,500,000 tons a week. An average output of 10,700,000 tons a week must be maintained from June 1 to January 1 next if the country's estimated needs of 500,000,000 tons this year are to be met."

## Evil of Delayed Orders.

At no time during this year has the rate of production approached the required tonnage. The tendency on the part of buyers to hold off placing their orders is limiting production, as the mines cannot store coal at the point of production, and when the rush of orders for the winter's needs comes next fall there is grave danger that the mines, with depleted labor forces and the probability of less adequate transportation, will be unable to meet the demands. The result of such a situation would be an insufficient supply for the requirements of domestic consumers, public utilities and industrial users generally.

"It is believed that requirements for this year," reads a Survey statement to Fuel Administrator Garfield, "will be about 530,000,000 tons of bituminous coal, of which approximately 30,000,000 tons have been used from stocks accumulated last year, leaving 500,000,000 tons to be produced. Of this 500,000,000 tons 178,000,000 tons were produced during the first five months, leaving 322,000,000 tons to be produced in the remaining 30 weeks, or an average of 10,700,000 tons a week.

"Thus far this year production has been at the rate of \$200,000 tons a week. In 1918 production was at the rate of 11,300,000 tons a week.

"This production will be difficult of accomplishment. The capacity of operating mines at the present time with labor now on the payroll is about 10% lower than it was last year. This deficiency may be made up in part or wholly if the mines have orders sufficient to run them five or six days a week unless the threatened exodus of foreign-born labor occurs.

## May Be Car Shortage.

"Present wage agreements between operators and miners expire with the proclamation of peace by the President. A suspension of mining operations while a new wage agreement is being negotiated would, of course, seriously interfere with the production of coal and if it should occur during the fall would cause a panic among buyers and consumers of coal."

There is no use in gambling upon this or any other contingency, fuel administration officials say. The firm or individual who wants to be sure of an adequate coal supply next winter can be certain by buying coal now. There is no other way such assurance can be obtained. Transportation also promises to be a limiting factor if the flood tide of demand comes at a time when the country's record crops are being carried. In some districts it would appear certain that, notwithstanding the utmost endeavors of the Railroad Administration and the utilization of its experience last fall, car shortage will be a cause limiting bituminous coal production, and for that reason it is problematical whether the expected production of 500,000,000 tons can be attained this year.

Shortage of labor already is a factor that is cutting down the output in some coal producing sections, according to the Survey's report. The operators report that from 36,000 to 40,000 foreign-born miners expect to return to Europe as soon as they can get passports and that many have already returned. If continued this movement will be capable of producing but one result—a reduction of the amount of coal mined in districts where the mine labor is largely foreign-born, and there are many such districts.

He who needs coal should hesitate no longer. Now is the time to buy coal.

## MEXICO COMMITTED OVERT ACT IN ORDER TO PREVENT AMERICANS DRILLING OIL WELLS

Act of Mexican Government Amounts to Confiscation, Says Our State Department, and Carranza Refused to Grant Permits to Drill Unless Americans Comply with the Mexican Law.

## TEN KILLED TODAY IN RAILROAD WRECK

UNKNOWN TRAMP SHUT OFF AIR CONNECTION AND CAUSED SERIOUS COLLISION.

By Associated Press.

Dunkirk, N. Y., July 1.—Ten persons were killed and a score injured in a rear-end collision of two New York Central passenger trains here early today. Twenty injured were taken to a hospital here. Many others less severely hurt are proceeding on their journey after receiving surgical attention.

## Tramp Caused It.

Washington, July 1.—An unidentified tramp, killed in the New York Central wreck at Dunkirk today, probably caused the tragedy, according to reports to the railroad administration. The mechanism controlling the air from the locomotive to the brakes was found shut off at the place where the tramp was riding.

## J. G. HOLLAND CENTENARY.

Springfield, Mass., July 1.—The present month will witness the one hundredth anniversary of the birth of Dr. J. G. Holland, who established for himself a high rank among New England's men of letters. A large part of Dr. Holland's best literary work was accomplished while he was a resident of Springfield and it is proposed by the local literary and historical societies to suitably commemorate his centenary.

Dr. Holland was born at Belcher-town, Mass., and received his education in the public schools of his native town. In selecting a career himself, he knew that he must depend upon his own resources, so he decided to become a physician, and entered the printing office of a Springfield newspaper to earn money to pay for his medical studies. In 1843 he obtained his degree, but he soon found that he had no enthusiasm in his work.

He tried journalism for a time, saying that he undertook this work as "a refuge from congenial pills, and a still more congenial lack of opportunity for dispensing them." His first attempt in the newspaper field did not meet with much greater success than marked his early career as a physician. He tried to establish a hospital for women, but this venture likewise failed of success, and he went to Richmond, Va., to teach in a private school. From Richmond he was called to Vicksburg, Miss., to become superintendent of schools in that city.

In the meantime Dr. Holland had married most happily, and at Vicksburg his wife taught in the primary department of the schools, while he was grading these after the public school system of Massachusetts. The two were invited to pay a visit to one of the large plantations in Louisiana, and the doctor wrote his "Sketches of Plantation Life" and sent them to the Springfield Republican.

The last illness of Mrs. Holland's mother brought them back to Springfield, and not long after this, and when he was about 30 years of age, Dr. Holland was offered the assistant editorship of the Springfield Republican.

Samuel Bowles was the editor under whom Holland served, and it was Bowles who suggested that Holland should write the series of letters that afterward became so famous—letters to people in all the everyday walks of life, and signed by "Timothy T. comb." At the time of Dr. Holland's death 500,000 copies of this and the other books of his that followed it had been sold by the publishers.

When Abraham Lincoln was as-

\*\*\*\*\*  
ONE YEAR AGO TODAY  
IN THE WAR.  
\*\*\*\*\*

JULY 1.

American troops advanced in Chateau Thierry region.

American and British marines landed in Kola, Russia.

United States transport Covington torpedoed, with loss of 66 of her crew.

By Associated Press.

Washington, July 1.—The Mexican government committed an overt act of confiscation in preventing American oil well drillers working lands owned by American individuals or companies by sending soldiers into the fields and driving workmen away, state department officials said today. Complaints to the Mexican government against the refusal of the Mexican government to grant permits to oil companies to drill brought no reply until after the Juarez incident, when Carranza announced that no permits would be granted until the companies complied with the law. Compliance with the law, the state department officials said, would constitute recognition by the companies that the Mexican government owned the oil lands.

## RAILWAY OPERATORS MAY WIRE MESSAGES

RESCINDED ORDER PREVENTING HANDLING OF MESSAGES OF COMMERCIAL COMPANIES.

By Associated Press.

St. Louis, Mo., July 1.—Members of the Order of Railway Telegraphers throughout the country were notified today to resume the handling of business of the Western Union and Postal telegraph companies, cancelling the order which went into effect June 12 in connection with the nation-wide strike of the Commercial Telegraphers' Union.

## FEDERAL OFFICERS BRING TEST CASES

FEDERAL PROHIBITION LAW TO BE RIGIDLY ENFORCED, THE OFFICIALS DECLARE.

By Associated Press.

Washington, July 1.—Test cases on the sale of beverages containing over one-half of one per cent of alcohol will be brought immediately by the department of justice in all jurisdictions where such cases are not now pending.

## Sustained Demurrer.

Baltimore, July 1.—Judge Rose in the United States district court here today sustained a demurrer to the indictment against the Standard Brewery of Baltimore which charged the concern with manufacturing a beverage containing at least half of one per cent alcohol.

assassinated Dr. Holland delivered a eulogy in the city hall at Springfield on the day of the funeral at Washington. This was a masterly effort and it commanded the attention of the entire country. This led to his writing the "Life of Abraham Lincoln."

The latter years of Dr. Holland's life were passed in New York City, where he attained fame as an editor of leading magazines. His death occurred in 1881, due to a heart attack he had long anticipated.

The famous writer lies buried in the Springfield cemetery—in sight of Mount Holyoke that formed the background of all his early imaginings and of which he has written: "It is a field laid out by God's own hand as a sleeping-place for his children." Above his grave stands a monument of granite, which bears an accurate bronze medallion of the author. The capital is crowned by a wreath of bluish-sweet, which in one of his books he immortalized.

## THE TROUBLE.

At a teachers' institute in an Eastern city a speaker said that, in his opinion, "the trouble with the public school system of today is the teachers are afraid of the principals, the principals are afraid of the superintendent, he is afraid of the school committee, they are afraid of the children, and the children are afraid of nobody!"—Life.

## MOTOR BOAT WAITS FOR CROWN PRINCE

MONARCHIST FACTION WANTS HIM TO LEAD TROOPS IN THE COUNTER REVOLUTION.

By Associated Press.

London, July 1.—German counter revolutionists have a motor launch in readiness to rescue the former German crown prince, wishing him to head the military forces of Germany, according to a Rotterdam despatch to the Daily Mail. The despatch adds that the Dutch queen sent her consort to persuade the former prince that his participation in the German revolt was detrimental to Holland, which grants him hospitality.

## Denied Prince Had Left.

London, July 1.—It was emphatically denied during a telephone conversation yesterday with an aide to the former crown prince that the latter had left the island of Wieringen, according to a Reuter Amsterdam despatch. A Brussels despatch quoting an Amsterdam telegram received last night stated that the former German crown prince escaped from the island Sunday.

## Congratulated Cerretti.

Rome, July 1.—Archbishop Bonaventura Cerretti, papal under-secretary of state, returned from Paris Saturday and made a full report to the Vatican of his mission to the peace conference. Archbishop Cerretti had lengthy conversations with the Pope and Cardinal Gasparri, papal secretary of state, who congratulated him warmly on the success of his mission, which is reported to have dealt with changes in the peace treaty regarding Catholic missions in former colonies and protection of their property. Archbishop Cerretti expressed the greatest pleasure with the reception he received in Paris, especially by members of the American delegation.

## Baron Goto in Paris.

Paris, July 1.—Baron Goto, former Japanese foreign minister, arrived here yesterday. No statement as to the purpose of his visit has been made public.

## Aiming at Moscow.

London, July 1.—Anti-Bolshevik forces are advancing against Kursk, 250 miles south of Moscow, and Voronezh, with the object of reaching Moscow, according to a wireless Russian message.

## URGE RATIFICATION.

By Associated Press.

Austin, Texas, July 1.—The Texas senate considered as the special order of business today the house resolution urging the United States senate to ratify the peace treaty.

## COTTON FORECAST.

By Associated Press.

Washington, July 1.—Cotton production this year was forecast today at 10,985,000 equivalent to 500-lb. bales by the department of agriculture, basing the estimate on the June 25 condition of the growing crop, which was 70.2 per cent of normal. The area under cultivation is 33,960,000 acres.

## DISCOVERY TO COME LATER.

"I thought you said this bathing suit was in fast colors," said Binks, indignantly, to the hostess of whom he had bought his suit that morning.

"Yes, sir, that's what I said," returned the hostess.

"Well, every wretched stripe on the thing has come off on my back," retorted Binks.

"Ah, but wait until you try to get 'em off your back," smiled the hostess, suavely. "Then you'll see."—Tit-Bits.



# THE LAREDO TIMES

PENN PUBLISHING COMPANY  
Publishers and Proprietors.

Daily.—Published every evening except Sunday daily by mail postpaid, to any point in the United States, Mexico or Canada, or delivered by carrier to any part of Laredo, or New Laredo, Mexico:

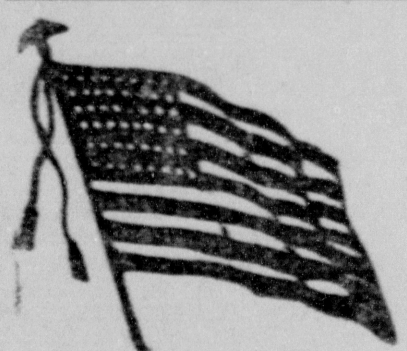
One copy, one month..... 50 cts.  
One copy, one year..... \$5.00

Weekly.—Published Sunday, by mail postpaid to any point in the United States, Mexico or Canada:  
One copy, one year.....\$2.00  
One copy, six months..... 1.00  
One copy, three months..... .50  
Subscriptions invariably due and payable in advance.

Address communications to  
PENN PUBLISHING CO.  
Telephone 43, . . . . Laredo, Texas.

## MEMBERS OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for republication of all news dispatches credited to it or not otherwise credited in this paper and also the local news published herein.



... This paper has enlisted with the government in the cause of America for the period of the war .....

From Monday's Daily.

## THE PEACE TREATY.

Germany having signed the peace treaty, it remains to be seen whether the Germans will make of it another "scrap of paper," for it is well known that the Germans are notorious treaty evaders.

During the negotiations which have lasted for so many months, the Germans have consistently sought to evade any responsibility for the world war, any stipulations for reparation or indemnity, any acceding to the demands that German colonies be given up and in fact, have done everything which they ought not to have done. The insolence with which the allies' demands were treated; the insolence—the studied insolence—of the demands made by the Germans; the violation of the armistice in sinking the German fleet and the violation in advance of signing of the terms of the treaty by burning the French battle flag of 1870—all these indicate an intention on the part of the Germans to evade such of the peace terms as they can get away with, and to ask for the modification of such others as do not please them.

The only time the Germans have ever kept a treaty was when it would benefit them, and it is needless to say that practically everyone expects them to use every possible evasion in every possible way to get out of what is to their disadvantage in the present treaty.

It is precisely for the reason that some force must be exerted to keep the Germans up to the strict fulfillment—in spirit as well as letter—of their treaty obligations that we should accept the covenant of the league of nations and place every safeguard about the treaty that human ingenuity can devise.

Of course we do not expect the Germans to change their nature over night merely because they have signed the treaty or because we have the means to force them to keep it. The leopard can as soon change his spots. But whether they keep their obligations willingly or under the menace of penalties to meet every violation, it matters not.

There are at present a few members of the house and senate who are disposed to help the Germans evade their obligations if by so doing they can discredit the administration and bring about a change in the government. And they will have the moral backing, if not the outspoken commendation, of all the German sympathizers in this country.

Some of the labor organizations of Europe are disposed to take the socialist view that the Germans are not to be forced into making reparation for the wrongs they have done because labor is international and national.

Fortunately for this country our labor element is not disposed to take this view. Even the radicals among our workmen feel that each country is entitled to its national existence without permission of the workmen of another country who would dictate to their neighbors.

But the great bulk of the American people is in favor of the league of nations, for all of us have come to realize the menace of German militarism and the danger that unless it is completely destroyed it will again force the world into a new conflict.

The threat of some of the German people that another war will have to be fought inside of ten years is rendered futile by the league of nations, for all the Germans in existence will hardly dare to attempt a new war in the face of such a powerful combination as the proposed covenant brings into existence.

The league of nations is proposed to prevent wars, not to foster them. And those who oppose the league on the ground that it constitutes a menace to our free institutions are well aware that their statement is false.

The ratification of the treaty and the adoption of the covenant of the league of nations will enable the great powers, aided by the lesser nations, to force Germany to keep the treaty, whether she wants to or not.

## WHAT'S NEXT.

Now that the peace treaty has been signed, the world is anxiously asking: "What's next?"

There are a number of important world problems that have been delayed as to consideration pending the final settlement of the war. Among those of first importance to the people of America is the Mexican question.

During the past few years many solutions of this vexing problem have been offered. Among all of them the proposition of intervention is the one that has been most frequently offered. But this does not seem to be desirable, either to our citizens or to the Mexicans who are dissatisfied with things as they are and are trying to improve them.

One proposition that has frequently been advanced by the Mexicans who seem to have their country's interests most at heart is that we "shut our eyes" as to Mexico. That is, they want us to stop all interference with Mexican intrigue on this side of the border; to refrain from a strict observance of "neutrality," which they declare is always exercised on behalf of the present government; to sell arms and ammunition impartially to both parties and let the Mexicans fight it out among themselves. And they believe the whole affair would be settled in a short time—some think within two months or so.

But it must be remembered that there was a much longer period during which all the Mexican factions were able to purchase arms in this country, and when filibustering was the daily occupation of many thousands along the border; yet the problem was no nearer solution through that method than it was under a strict observance of neutrality.

To recognize the belligerency of one of the Mexican factions would

displease all the others, for it must be remembered that while all the "revolutionary" factions are a unit in their opposition to the Carranza government, they cannot agree on any other point.

One of the greatest mistakes that has been made by the faction under Felipe Angeles was that of announcing that Angeles was subordinate to Villa. There is no respectable party of Americans who can view with complacency any prospect of the success of Villa. He seems to be devoid of any characteristic which decent people can approve.

To recognize the belligerency of Angeles it would first be necessary for him to place himself at the head of a revolutionary force with other aims than those which have characterized Villa and his thieving, murdering followers.

There are Mexicans who are actuated by noble sentiments in their antagonism to the present regime. They are true patriots, with a desire to see their country freed from the domination of a party that has never done anything good for the people and that has to date committed more excesses and caused more bloodshed than any other party in Mexican history.

But even these disinterested patriots cannot agree on many points. They are unable to agree on a leader, which is always the one thing necessary in any revolution south of the Rio Grande. And until they can unite upon that point, they will be unable to make any headway.

There seems to be a dearth of presidential timber, at least so far as the public knows. On the side of the Carrancistas there are two prominent leaders, but neither of them seems to have the backing of Carranza, and without his approval it is hardly likely that either could count upon the devotion of the party as a whole.

Among the opponents of the Carranza regime there are many men of education and training, but no one of them seems willing to be announced as the "people's choice" for party leadership. And without a standard bearer the campaign cannot start.

It would seem to be the opportune time for another and a worthy successor to Porfirio Diaz to appear. There should be no dearth of capable, patriotic Mexicans. But the people are asking, "Who is he?"

## Chronic Constipation.

Perhaps you have never thought of it, but this disorder is due to a lack of moisture in the residual matter of the food. If you will drink an abundance of water, eat raw fruits and take lots of outdoor exercise, you may be able eventually to overcome it entirely. In the meantime use the most mild and gentle laxatives. Strong and harsh cathartics take too much water out of the system and make a bad matter worse. Chamberlain's Tablets are easy and pleasant to take, and most agreeable in effect. Give them a trial.

## MAIDEN SERMON PREACHED BY CANDIDATE YESTERDAY

MAJOR PAUL W. EVANS PREACHED HIS FIRST SERMON.

Laredo Resident Recommended For License to Preach Made First Essay Before Methodist Congregation.

Much interest centered around the services at First Methodist Church last night. There was a spirit of expectancy not unmixed with curiosity. Judge Paul W. Evans, recently recommended for license to preach, was to preach his first sermon. But whatever anyone may have thought in advance, he met the hour like a veteran. His text was from the Lord's Prayer: "They Will Be Done." He spoke of what God's will was, who God was, and how we should help that will to be done. It was a masterful discourse, logical in every detail. An idea of why he was preaching ran through the entire sermon.

Judge Evans came to Laredo something like four years ago, and since that time has been known as one of our leading citizens. He has twice been run by the "reform element" for Representative. His influence has always been on the side that he thought was right, always with the Church. He has been quite successful in the practice of law, and as a result has prospered financially. During the recent war he enlisted in the army, went to a training camp, and came home wearing a Major's gold leaf on his shoulder. He now holds a commission of that rank, and is on the Reserve list. After he enters the pastorate he may be called to the colors by Uncle Sam.

"Rev." Evans is one of the best educated men in our city, having taken full courses at Southern, Huntington, Tenn., National Normal, Lebanon, Ohio, and Vanderbilt University. With several years of law practice and his military training added to his already well trained intellect, he ought to make a successful soldier in God's Army.

## DOCTORS NEW SCHEDULE OF FEES.

A new schedule of fees adopted by the Doctors of Laredo to take effect on and after July 1st, 1919:

Day visits, 7 a. m. to 9 p. m., \$3.00 up  
Night " 9 p. m. to 7 a. m., 7.50 up  
Office visits..... 2.00 up  
Telephone consultation..... 2.00 up  
Certificate in proof of death..... 2.00 up  
For insurance..... 3.00 up  
Certificate of disability..... 1.00 up  
Confinement cases..... 40.00 up  
Visits out of town limits..... 2.00 per mile  
Consultation..... \$2.00 per mile  
Anesthesia..... \$15.00  
Anesthesia..... 10.00  
Anesthesia..... 6-27-6t.

## \$100 Reward, \$100

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages and that is catarrh. Catarrh being greatly influenced by constitutional conditions requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Medicine is taken internally and acts thru the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in the curative power of Hall's Catarrh Medicine that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by all Druggists, Inc.

## GEOLOGISTS

We specialize in field examinations for oil and gas.  
CORRESPONDENCE INVITED  
MILLER, ROW AND ENGLISH  
427 Gunter Bld'g. San Antonio, Texas

## ROY CAMPBELL COMPANY

AGENTS FOR  
T. M. REID, TENERIFFE, CANARY ISLANDS  
Will book your Onion Seed order for the fall of 1919.

## National of Mexico Railways Express

Downtown Office, 1111 Grant St. Phone 957

Will receive at Laredo for shipment into Mexico by express goods arriving either by freight or express paying such charges for collection at destination.

W. E. DONNELLY,  
COMMERCIAL AGENT,  
LAREDO, TEXAS.

## WANTED

WE Want listing on Farms and Ranches, in Texas and Mexico, also City Property in Laredo. Give us a short time listing and we will sell your property for you.

## OIL AND GAS LEASES.

We will buy leases in Webb, Zapata, Starr, Jim Hogg, Duval, La Salle and adjoining Counties. We have the buyers and can give you quick results. Call on or write us.

International Land & Leasing Company.  
611 FLORES AVE.

## EXCURSION RATES ARE ON TO CORPUS FROM THURSDAY

Change to Slip Down to the Seaside City and Stay Ten Days at a Rate of \$6.40 For Round Trip.

Beginning Thursday for the afternoon train, and lasting through Friday and Saturday, exceedingly low rates, with extended time for return, will be in effect on the Texas-Mexican road, when a rate of \$6.40 for the round-trip to Corpus Christi will be offered, with a return limit of ten days from date of sale, these rates being on account of the Fourth of July celebration at the seaside.

No doubt a large number of Laredo people will take a run down to Corpus for the occasion and many will stay the full limit of time. The water is fine at the seaside this year and thousands of mermaids are to be seen sporting themselves in the surf there.

## To Prevent Belching.

Make a regular habit of eating slowly, masticate your food thoroughly, and you may have no further trouble. If you should, take one of Chamberlain's Tablets immediately after supper.

## GOVERNMENT SALE.

At 10:00 A. M., July 3, 1919, at the Customs Rooms, Laredo, Texas, I will sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, the following confiscated property, to-wit:

First:—1,000 Long Range 22 Cal. Cartridges, value \$4.00; 10 Pieces Silk Ribbon, value \$22.50; 1 Lot of Drugs, value \$18.35; 1 Lot of Drugs, value \$30.95; 1 Lot of Merchandise, value \$20.90; 24 Twelve Gauge Cartridges, value \$1.90; 1 Lot of Drugs, value \$20.00; 6 Doz. Rubber Tubes, value \$9; 1 44-Cal. Revolver, value \$3.00; 1 Pistol and 15 Cartridges, value \$3.75.

Second:—6 Cans of Quinine Sulphate; 15 Boxes Potassium Iodide Merck; 7 Cans Saccharine, Refined Merck.

The above property will be sold in lots as listed above.

J. A. HERRING,  
U. S. Marshal, S. D. T.  
By ALLEN WALKER, Deputy.  
6-16-19t.

## SATURDAY'S SPECIALS AT MISS SALLEE'S.

50 hats at half original price.  
This includes some fine white Milans, a number of Gage Pattern Hats and a beautiful assortment of airy dress hats.  
Bucilla embroidery pkgs. off.

## John O. Buenz Lumber Co.

DEALERS IN  
LUMBER, SHINGLES, DOORS, BLINDS, LATHS, ETC.

Builders' Hardware and all kinds of Roofing, also, Planing Mill in connection.

## Laredo Typewriter Exchange

G. L. DEB-ESSART, Prop.  
General Repair Work  
1407 Hurbide St. Phone 1190

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c per month.

## LOCAL NEWS

—The importations through this port from Mexico on Saturday afternoon consisted of five carloads of cattle, one carload of hides and skins.  
—Second hand furniture bought and sold. 1701 Hidalgo St. 6-18-19t.

—Nereo G. Navarro, Notary Public with Webb County Lumber Co. 6-5-19t.

—The old-time postage rates of two cents on a letter, one cent on a postcard, etc., will be restored beginning tomorrow, when the wartime rates of three cents on letters and two cents on postcards will expire.

—Globe Tires:—A complete line, all sizes in stock. "As good as the best and better than the rest." R. R. Wilkes, phone 669. 6-4-19t.

—The Times is in receipt of a postcard from Dr. H. J. Hamilton, who is visiting in Boston, Mass. He says he finds the weather nice and cool there at night. Dr. Hamilton expects to leave Boston on his return to Laredo on July 2.

—Thirty years a Roof Man. I paint and stop all leaks under a guarantee on tin, paper and shingles. Al J. Nolen, P. O. Box 568, Laredo, Texas. 6-28-19m.

—The play at the Royal Theater last night, starring the inimitable Theda Bara in "The Song of the Siren," was a strong wartime drama, showing a woman who redeemed herself and did her bit for her country at the psychological moment by instilling patriotism into her people who were sending their French soldiers away to fight in the great world war.

—If you want a plumber in a hurry phone Juarez No. 1203. 3-14-19t.

—I buy and sell anything from a pin to a locomotive; this includes farms and ranches. J. L. Pielros, 302 Farragut street. 2-17-19t.

—The following marriage licenses have been issued by the county clerk since last report: Antonio Garza and Miss San Juana Santos, Pedro Ramirez Ochoa and Miss Cira Gutierrez, George E. Morehouse and Miss Lillian Cowart, Esteban B. Trevino and Miss Matilda Gonzalez, Jesus de los Santos and Mrs. Francisco Peña, Regino Morales and Miss Florinda Zapata.

—The Belmont Rooms and apartments. 602 Main Ave. Phone 576 or 1017. 6-20-19t.

—We paint automobiles; also make auto tops. Fidel Cantu, Phone 202. 6-15-19t.

—Work of construction is under way on a modern brick home for Henry L. Myers, which is being built in the 900 block on Victoria street, the home to cost about \$6,000 and equipped with all modern conveniences and a cellar.

—Do you desire comfort? Use electric lights and fans. 4-24-19t.

—Will W. Gregg, Notary Public, at Times office; residence 812 Farragut street. Residence phone 348. 4-27-19t.

—If it is neat and accurate job printing that you want send your orders to The Times job department. Expert workmanship and the best of materials. 1-9-19t.

\*\*\*\*\*  
TODAY'S BIRTHDAYS  
\*\*\*\*\*  
JUNE 30.

Viscount Esher, for many years a prominent figure in English public life, born in London, 67 years ago today.

Rt. Rev. Charles Summer Burch, Episcopal suffragan bishop of New York City, born at Pinckney, Mich., 64 years ago today.

Halvor Steenerson, representative in Congress of the Ninth Minnesota district, born in Dane County, Wis., 67 years ago today.

Roy L. McCardell, noted New York journalist and author, born at Hagerstown, Md., 49 years ago today.

Brig. Gen. Alfred Mordecai, U. S. A., retired, born in Philadelphia, 79 years ago today.

TIMES WANT ADS.  
\$\$\$\$\$ Money Makers \$\$\$\$\$

**A. SAFT**  
Agency for Ladies Queen Quality Brand Shoes  
ANNOUNCES DAILY ARRIVALS OF  
both Pumps and Oxfords in white, kid, black, colored patent leathers, etc.

**FIRE INSURANCE**  
**F. M. RAMSAY**  
1301 Hurbide St.  
PHONE 82

**CRAZY MINERAL WATER**  
A natural mineral water is such a positive eliminant that it is worth a trial in all diseases where elimination is not thorough. Try it in constipation, rheumatism, Bright's diseases, diabetes acid, dyspepsia, etc. Ask for booklet.

**VILLEGAS & CO., AGENTS**  
LAREDO, TEXAS



**KILL-A-WORM**  
GUARANTEED TO KILL  
SCREW WORMS  
Heals Barb Wire Cuts,  
Expels Colic and Bots  
Put Up in Handy Sprinkler Top Bottles  
—Made by—  
**THE BLAIZE CHEMICAL CO.**  
Robstown, Texas  
If your dealer does not have it, send 25c in stamps for bottle.

"I'm tired of drifting! I want to do something productive. But what can I do? I don't know how to do anything."  
"Why I can go to THE LAREDO BUSINESS COLLEGE and take a Business Course."  
In a few months I'll be doing my part in this great Reconstruction task, and be paid for the doing. I'll do it! I'll start today."  
You'll find us ready for you in the Alexander Bldg.

**WRIGLEY'S**  
The Greatest Name in Goody-Land

**YOU** know the realm of childhood dreams is a land of sweets.

Make some of those dreams a delightful reality by taking home

**WRIGLEY'S** frequently.

How about tonight?

SEALED TIGHT KEPT RIGHT

**The Flavor Lasts!**

**WRIGLEY'S DOUBLE MINT**  
CHWING GUM  
NO SWEETENED

**WRIGLEY'S SWEET MINT**  
CHWING GUM  
THE PERFECT FLAVOR

**WRIGLEY'S JUICY FRUIT**  
CHWING GUM  
THE FLAVOR LASTS



TODAY'S ANNIVERSARIES.

JUNE 30.

1859—M. Blondin crossed the Niagara River, just below the falls, for the first time on a tight-rope.

1879—The completion of the Suto Tunnel, four miles long, was celebrated in the Carson Valley, Nevada.

1891—The triple alliance of Germany, Austria and Italy was renewed for six years.

1904—Dr. Silas C. Swallow, of Pennsylvania, was nominated by the National Prohibition Convention at Indianapolis for President of the United States.

1905—John D. Rockefeller gave \$10,000,000 to the General Education Board for the endowment of small colleges.

1909—The Statewide prohibition law went into effect in Tennessee.

1915—Russians began the retreat from the Vistula River in Poland.

1916—Roger Casement condemned to death in London for high treason.

1917—Eighty-seven German vessels interned in American ports were turned over to the Shipping Board for operation.

The Doctor Away From Home When Most Needed.

People are often very much disappointed to find that their family physician is away from home when they most need his services. Diseases like pain in the stomach and bowels, colic and diarrhoea require prompt treatment, and have in many instances proven fatal before medicine could be procured or a physician summoned. The right way is to keep at hand a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy. No physician can prescribe a better medicine for these diseases. By having it in the house you escape much pain and suffering and all risk. Buy it now; it may save life.

IN THE DAY'S NEWS.

JUNE 30.

Rear Admiral William B. Caperton, who will be placed on the retired list today on account of age, was until recently in command of the Pacific fleet of the U. S. Navy. Admiral Caperton is a native of Tennessee and graduate of the Annapolis academy in the class of 1875. During his long career in the navy he has seen service in European and Asiatic waters and performed important professional duties on land, such as supervision in the Geodetic Survey inspector of ordinance, inspector of lighthouses, and commander of the Newport Naval Station. Upon attaining the rank of rear admiral in 1912 he was put in charge of the Atlantic reserve fleet, and in 1914, following the outbreak of the war, he was assigned to a special cruiser squadron that did duty in Mexican and Haitian waters. While on duty with the Pacific fleet, after the United States entered the war, Admiral Caperton co-operated with the British and French naval forces in clearing the South Atlantic of German raiders and in maintaining a naval patrol of the east coast of South America.

NEW TIMECARD EFFECTIVE ON THE TEXAS-MEXICAN RY

Train Now Makes Connection With Mexico Trains and Carries Passengers to Connections With East.

The new timecard on the Texas-Mexican Ry. Co. affecting the time of departure of the eastbound train from Laredo went into effect yesterday, and now the train leaves here daily at 12:50 in the afternoon instead of 9:30 o'clock in the morning.

The change was made in order to obviate the necessity of passengers from Mexico over the Constitutional Lines of Mexico having to lay over a whole day in Laredo. The Texas-Mexican, by the change, makes connection at Robstown and Corpus Christi with the Gulf Coast Lines, which also changed its schedule in order to affect a direct connection to Houston, New Orleans and points in the East.

LAREDO GETS COTTON GIN; R. M. JOHNSON TO BUILD IT

Farmers of This Section Are Now Assured of Having Their Crop of Fleecy Staple Promptly Ginned.

The announcement made in The Times several days ago that at a meeting of the cotton farmers of this section the contract had been awarded to R. M. Johnson of Isitas to install a modern cotton gin in Laredo to handle the cotton crop this season, was encouraging news to all concerned.

Mr. Johnson is now in San Antonio arranging for the purchase and immediate installation of the gin, which will probably be a four-stand gin, in this city near the railroad tracks, and it is expected that the gin will be erected and ready for business by the latter part of July.

EXPECT SERIOUS TROUBLE DURING ELECTION FRIDAY

Minor Disturbances Have Already Started and Bloodshed Expected; Dire Threats Made Against Chinese

According to information received in Laredo this morning serious rioting and bloodshed are expected to take place throughout the state of San Luis Potosi on next Friday as a result of the disturbances which have preceded the gubernatorial election to be held on that date, when General Manuel Larraga, Rafael Nieto and Serrano Martinez will oppose each other for the office.

Minor disturbances and bloodshed have already occurred and are now in progress, but serious trouble is expected on Friday during the election. It is said that notices have been posted in the city of San Luis Potosi, where several hundred Chinese are residents, notifying the Chinks that unless they left that place by Friday they would all be killed.

Lame Back Relieved.

For a lame back apply Chamberlain's Liniment twice a day and massage the muscles of the back over the seat of pain thoroughly at each application.

HIGH-GRADE CARBON PAPERS.

\$2 to \$2.50 Box 100 Sheets TYPEWRITER RIBBONS

For All Make Machines, 75c J. W. Faivella, Phone 43.

OLD-TIME POSTAGE RATES WILL BE RESTORED TUESDAY

Again Postage on Letters Will Be Two Cents, While Postcards and Similar Matter Go at Lower Rates.

Another wartime measure expires today, that being tonight at midnight and reverting to the old custom of two cents for letter postage and one cent for postcard postage, and in fact affecting the entire postal service, as letters were sent at the three-cent rate according to weight.

In reverting to the old time postage rates there will be a material saving made to those who have heavy mails and will restore a condition that had been popular for many years.

FOR BURNING ECZEMA

Apply Zemo the Clean, Antiseptic Liquid—Easy to Use—Does Not Stain

Greasy salves and ointments should not be applied if good clear skin is wanted. From any druggist for 35c, or \$1.00 for large size, get a bottle of Zemo. When applied as directed it effectively removes eczema, quickly stops itching, and heals skin troubles, also sores, burns, wounds and chafing. It penetrates, cleanses and soothes. Zemo is a clean, dependable and inexpensive, antiseptic liquid. Try it, as we believe nothing you have ever used is as effective and satisfying.

The E. W. Rose Co., Cleveland, O.

WILL RELIEVE SPECIAL MEN IN PASSPORT DEPARTMENT

No Instructions Have Been Received Today Rescinding Orders Received By Immigration Department.

No further announcement has been made by the immigration department regarding the status of the passport situation, and unless orders to the contrary are received, the instructions received several days ago that all special employees of the passport department be dismissed on June 30, will be put into effect tonight.

It is now believed that the dismissal of all special passport employees at this time is on account of the fact that appropriations were not made to meet current expenses and even regular employees of the immigration department will not receive their salaries for several months on account of the failure to make appropriations to meet their salaries.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

Texas-Mexican.

Train No. 1 leaves for Corpus Christi at 12:50 p. m.

Train No. 2 arrives from Corpus Christi at 3:35 p. m.

International & Great Northern.

Through fast train for St. Louis leaves at 8:30 a. m. and arrives at 2:50 p. m.

Night Train.

Leaves at 9 p. m. and arrives at 8 a. m.

Rio Grande & Eagle Pass.

Train No. 1 leaves Laredo daily except Sunday at 8:30 a. m. Arrives at Minera at 10:20 a. m.

Train No. 2 leaves Minera daily except Sunday at 11 a. m. Arrives at Laredo at 3:15 p. m.

**BELLANS**  
INDIGESTION  
25 ALL DRUGGISTS

6 BELLANS  
Hot water  
Sure Relief.

**BELLANS**  
FOR INDIGESTION

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.



Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt  
Society Editor

Phone 78 . . . . . Phone 48

SOCIAL CALENDAR.

Monday.

The Blue Birds will have a splash party at 4 o'clock in the afternoon at Bella Vista.

Dance at the Women's Club at 8 o'clock in the evening.

Tuesday.

The Sunbeam Band of the Baptist Church will meet at the church at 5 o'clock in the afternoon.

Community Singing at the Soldiers Club in the evening.

An Ode to Our Doctors.

Their dignity, their motor cars, their ease

And well-earned fees, (Those comfortable fees, Those fees concerning which we've often joked them

In ways that may have, more or less, provoked them)

Ungrudging, they left behind, and marched away

In soldier khaki clad, on soldier pay,

To face Disease and Death in grimmer guise,

In hospital or field

Beneath their own or alien skies,

Through miseries and horrors unrevealed,

They toiled to save, for Pity's gentle sake,

The human wreckage tossed in war's red wake.

Small glory, less reward

Our usages, accord

To those who shared the danger, woe and pain,

Yet have no tale to tell of foemen slain.

Unlit by flash of sword,

Their homely epic ends

With thousands of our gallant boys restored

To life and home and friends.

So let us fill

Our cups with any liquid that may still

Be mingled by our beverage concoctors,

And pledge those quiet heroes, greatly daring

Who gave themselves with cheerful-ness unsparring—

Our Doctors!

—Arthur Guiterman, in Life.

General Mention.

Cards have been received from Mrs. W. Werner from San Francisco, Calif. She is en route to Washington to visit her daughter, Mrs. Gwin Smith.

E. Rex Tarver Jr. has returned home after an absence of three months.

Hon. Wilbur P. Allen and daughter, Miss Florence, arrived in the city Saturday evening from the Allen ranch near Hebbronville to spend a few days and they are stopping at the Hamilton.

Col. Ernest V. D. Murphy, Infantry, has reported to the Southern Dep't Headquarters and was assigned to duty with the 37th Infantry at Fort McIntosh. Col. Murphy came from Camp Bowie, where he was on the General Staff.

Mrs. M. M. Leyendecker and two sons will return tomorrow from Corpus Christi, where they have been staying for the past month.

Greetings have been received from Mrs. J. Butterson from Long Beach, Cal., where she is enjoying the delightful climate and fruits and flowers.

Peyton Kerr is expected home tomorrow from Corpus Christi, where he has been visiting Mike Leyendecker for the past week.

Mr. Alejandro Marulanda, accompanied by Misses Rebecca Marulanda and Trinidad Ramon, left Saturday for Corpus Christi on a visit to relatives.

There is to be a grand barbecue at Hebbronville on July 4th, celebrating the return of the soldier boys. A number of invitations have been received in the city for the event.

Miss Charline McMillan has returned from a pleasant visit to friends in Cotulla.

Mrs. S. E. Leonard returned Sunday from San Antonio, where she has been enjoying a pleasant stay.

Mrs. M. L. Sielski and little grandson, Victor Louis Sielski, returned Sunday from Eagle Pass, where they visited her son, Mr. H. M. Sielski for the month.

Mrs. H. C. Hall returned Sunday from an extended trip to the east and to different points in the state.

Mrs. Elmor Schultz returned to her home in Little Rock, Ark., on Saturday, after a pleasant visit to her sister, Mrs. E. H. Buenz.

Miss Vera Sturges arrived in the

city this morning and will be here about ten days in the interest of the International Institute of the Y. W. C. A.

James Greer received his degree from the University at Austin on June 9th and his license to practice law the next day. He went to Beaumont and then to Sulphur, La., to visit his sister, Mrs. Frank T. Higgins, after which he has enjoyed a delightful motor trip in Mr. Higgins' car, to Shreveport, La., Longview, Dallas, Fort Worth and Sherman, Texas. In Sherman he spent a week with friends at a delightful house party. He will return home via Waco, Marlin, Austin and San Antonio.

Announcements.

Mr. William Edmund Shawger and Miss Bertha Mills announce their marriage on Monday, June 16th, 1919, at Los Angeles, Cal. At home after July 1st, 532 South Fremont Ave.

Miriam Chapter No. 86, Order of Eastern Star, will meet in regular session tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock in Masonic Hall. As is the custom, it will only meet the first Tuesday in July and August. Therefore a good attendance is requested from all members, and all visiting members are cordially invited.

B. R. D. A. Club.

Saturday afternoon Mrs. Eduardo F. Peña and Mrs. Enrique C. Benavides entertained the members of the B. R. D. A. Club at the home of the latter. The rooms were beautiful in daisies and ferns. Games were played, the first prize being won by Miss Amalia Garcia, who receiving a cut-glass set. The booty fell to Mrs. Matias de Llano. A three-course luncheon was served. Those present were: Club members—Mesdames E. C. Benavides and L. A. Lafon, Misses Luisa Dickinson, Amalia Garcia and Maria T. Juarez; guests—Mesdames Ramon Gonzalez, D. M. Valdez, Matias de Llano, Misses Inocente Farias and Blasita Guerra.

Entertainments.

The dance given at the Soldiers Club on Saturday evening was a very delightful affair. Three pieces from the 37th Infantry Band and the piano played splendid music for dancing, which was enjoyed by a large crowd. The hostesses for the evening were Mrs. J. B. Morton, Mrs. M. S. Ryan and Mrs. J. W. Mussett.

Mr. and Mrs. Leopoldo Villegas entertained with a delightful picnic on Sunday evening, five miles east of the city, complimenting their houseguests, Miss Leonor Magnon and Adolfo and Joaquin Magnon. The party motored out, and a pleasant time was enjoyed by all. A delicious picnic supper was served. About forty young people enjoyed the gracious hospitality of the occasion.

**THRIFT IS POWER**

**BUY W.S.S.**

**SAVE AND SUCCEED**

HIS LIBERALITY.

"Ain't the guy that married Rosamund sort of a tightwad?" asked Heloise of the rapid fire restaurant. "Gosh, no!" returned Claudine of the same establishment. "Why, he borrowed every cent she'd saved up and spent it all in three days!"—Kansas City Star.

PERSONALS

Henry Edds of Hebbronville is in the city and is stopping at the Hamilton.

J. B. Hazelrigg arrived this morning from San Antonio. As soon as he can procure a house for them his family will return here to make their home.

LAREDO'S WAR SACRIFICES.

(Peace to Their Ashes.)

Lieut. E. J. Cousineau,

Lieut. Luke W. Loftus,

Lieut. Percy R. Winch,

Sergt. George Blegen,

Sergt. Charles Woodul,

Sergeant Gustin K. Smith,

Sergeant Adam Bold,

Sig. Elec. P. A. Diaz,

Corporal Jack Correu,

Corporal Milus Little,

Private Leonardo Diaz,

Private Edmund Lopez,

Private Benjamin Hastings,

Private Moises Carrejo,

Private Francisco Garcia,

Private Lorenzo Rendon,

Private Jose Ybarra,

Private Maurice Akabass,

Private Jose Zamora,

Private Louis F. Folsom,

Private Harold Smith,

Private William Lake, U. S. M.,

Private Wm. L. Ford, U. S. M.,

# VIRTUAL HALT IN ACTIVITIES OF PEACE CONFERENCE FOLLOWS SIGNING OF TREATY

## Most of Leading Delegates have Left Paris, and Peace Making Machinery in Austrian and Hungarian Treaties will Operate Only Through the Commissions which are Studying Different Phases.

### STRICTLY ENFORCE PROHIBITION LAW

THREATENED VIOLATION WILL BE PROMPTLY DEALT WITH BY FEDERAL AGENTS.

By Associated Press.

Washington, June 30.—Wartime prohibition, effective at midnight, will be strictly enforced by the government with every existing means, the department of justice announced today. Open violation of the law, threatened in New York and other cities, will be dealt with by federal agents. Beer containing two and three-quarters per cent alcohol is regarded by the officials as intoxicating, and persons undertaking its sale will be arrested.

CIVIL SERVICE FOR TEXAS.

Austin, Texas, June 30.—Inauguration of a civil service system for Texas was urged by the governor in a message sent the legislature today.

MINERS ENTOMBED.

McAlester, Okla., June 30.—An explosion today in the Rock Island mines near here entombed 15 miners. Rescuers are prepared to descend when the machinery is repaired.

TODAY'S EVENTS.

Last farewell appearance of John Barleycorn on the American stage.

Centenary of the birth of William A. Wheeler, nineteenth vice-president of the United States.

Cardinal Gibbons of Baltimore today completes fifty-eight years as a priest and thirty-three years as a cardinal.

Rear Admiral William B. Caperton, U. S. N., until recently in command of the Pacific fleet, will be retired today for age.

The fourth annual conference of the Federation of College Catholic Clubs will begin its sessions today at Cliff Haven, N. Y.

A statue of the late Thomas J. Stewart, for many years adjutant-general of Pennsylvania, is to be unveiled today in the rotunda of the capitol at Harrisburg.

Several hundred delegates from all parts of Canada are expected in Vancouver today for the opening of the Dominion convention of the Great War Veterans' Association.

Dr. Talcott Williams, who has been director of the School of Journalism of Columbia University since its foundation in 1912, will retire as active head of the school today.

The annual convention of the National Education Association, which will get under way in Milwaukee today, is expected to be the most important as well as the largest convention ever held by the association.

Following several months of preparation, a Northwest Peace Jubilee and Carnival is to be opened at Tacoma today for the purpose of raising funds for the erection of some suitable memorial to the men of Tacoma and vicinity who fought in the great war.

WEATHER FORECAST.

The following forecast from the United States weather bureau at New Orleans is furnished The Times by the Telephone Co. each day:

Tonight and Tuesday partly cloudy to cloudy.

Local Weather Report.

The following are the observations taken at Fort McIntosh for the 24 hours ending at 7 a. m. today:

NO REPORT.

To Establish Agency.

W. H. Davis of the San Antonio Lone Star Sales Co. is in the city for the purpose of establishing an agency and issuing stock for the Lone Star Motor Truck and Tractor Association and is stopping at the Hamilton Hotel. Room 10. 6-27-31.

**CHICHESTER'S PILLS**

THE DIAMOND BRAND.

For Indigestion, Biliousness, Headache, Constipation, etc.

Take no other. Box of your Druggist. Ask for CHICHESTER'S PILLS, for 25 years known as Best, Safest, Always Effective.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

By Associated Press.

With the signing of the peace treaty with Germany there is a virtual halt in the activities of the peace conference. The treaties with Germany, Austria and Hungary are undecided, but the peace making machinery is expected to operate only through commissions which are studying the different phases of the problems before the allies and preparing reports. President Wilson is en route home, Premier Lloyd George is in England and many other leading figures have left Paris temporarily. Of the American delegation only Secretary Lansing and General Bliss remain.

To Submit List of Offenders.

Paris, June 30.—The principal German delegates will leave Versailles for Germany today. Within the next 30 days the allies will submit to the German government a list of the persons charged with responsibility for war or violation of the rules of civilized warfare. Dr. Theobald von Bethmann-Hollweg, Imperial German chancellor when the war began, has formally asked the allies to place him on trial with the former emperor.

Presents Treaty Today.

Paris, June 30.—Premier Clemenceau will present the peace treaty to the chamber of deputies today and make an important statement concerning home and foreign policies, Figaro says.

Regulations Not Cancelled.

Coblenz, June 30.—Rules and regulations issued by the army of occupation after entering Germany last December will continue in effect indefinitely, according to an announcement from Third army headquarters. Lieut. Gen. Hunter Liggett notified the authorities of the Rhine province to instruct burgoasters and other officials in the American zone to caution civilians that the army regulations were not yet cancelled.

Riot in Brest.

Brest, June 30.—Two French civilians were killed, five American soldiers and sailors were injured severely and over a hundred persons wounded in a riot here last night. Two of the Americans are expected to die. The casualties resulted from an exchange of shots between American military and naval police and French sailors. The trouble began, according to available accounts, when an American naval officer, alleged to have been drinking heavily, tore down and trampled a French flag. A crowd of Frenchmen attacked the officer, kicking and beating him until he was unconscious. The fight became general when other Americans, unaware of the cause of the fight, went to the aid of the naval officer. The city is quiet today.

Cossacks Captured Prisoners.

Ekatrinodar, June 30.—Kuban Cossacks operating in the region of the Don river captured 4,000 Bolsheviks and 10 guns. Don Cossacks advancing northward captured 1,500 prisoners and three armored trains.

Americans Killed in Siberia.

Washington, June 30.—Eighteen soldiers were killed, one officer and eight men were severely wounded and 6 slightly wounded in an engagement with anti-Kolchak forces near Romanovka June 25, General Graves, commanding the Siberian expedition, reported today.

Blowing Up Petrograd.

Helisingsfors, June 30.—The evacuation of Petrograd by the Bolsheviks is progressing rapidly, according to information here. The minister ordered the fortress of Kronstadt blown up and bridges and railway stations in Petrograd destroyed.

British and Japanese forces landed at Vladivostok.

France recognized the Czechoslovaks as an independent nation.

Eugene V. Debs, four times Socialist candidate for President, arrested at Cleveland for alleged violation of the Espionage Act.

### TRAINING FINISHED PUGS ARE RESTING

CUT OUT BOXING UNTIL DAY OF FIGHT FOR FEAR OF INJURING THEIR HANDS.

By Associated Press.

Toledo, Ohio, June 30.—Jess Willard and Jack Dempsey, principals in the Independence Day heavyweight championship contest, have practically completed training. There will be only light work-outs of both men henceforth. Fearing possible injury to their hands, both men have eliminated boxing from the program, on the request of "Tex" Rickard, the promoter.

EARTHQUAKE IN ITALY.

By Associated Press.

Rome, June 30.—One hundred and twenty persons were killed in the Vichio district near Florence by an earthquake Sunday, according to the newspaper Tempo. The town of Vichio was reduced to a heap of ruins and a number of villages were destroyed.

BASEBALL GOSSIP.

Both the Cleveland Indians and the Cincinnati Reds look like a million dollars right now. But you never can tell. For years these two outfits have been flirting with pennants for part of a season, only to curl up and blow before the finish.

Missouri fans don't know whether to cry or laugh at the Cardinals' antics. The Braves or other down-trodden outfit will trim the Cards easily, while the very next day the Rickeys will make the Giants look like a deceased haddock.

Bill Landar, the former Giant, has had the time of his life coaching the Yale team this season. About half the time Bill couldn't tell whether the Elis were playing ball or being initiated for some "frat," with the burlesque stuff being staged.

FROM HERE AND THERE.

Maurice, the landgrave of Hesse, founded an Order of Temperance in 1690.

The first-recorded theatrical performance in North America was one given by amateurs, at Quebec, in 1694.

The centenary of the birth of Lord Strathcona, one of the outstanding figures in the history of Canada, will be celebrated next year.

The first successful co-operative society in England was formed seventy-five years ago, when a group of workmen banded together to sell articles of daily consumption to members at low prices.

The Pacific coast line of Mexico extends over a distance of nearly 6000 miles, or nearly four times the extent of the eastern coast line as washed by the waters of the Gulf of Mexico.

The first distinct championship boxing match in America was that between the famous "Tom" Hyer and "Yankee" Sullivan, who battled 16 rounds, at Rock Point, Md., in 1849, for the championship title and a \$10,000 purse.

The word Mexico is derived from the Aztec national war-god "Mextli." Prior to the coming of the Aztec, who founded the city of Mexico in 1325, the country was known as "Anahuac," signifying "near the water."

**Electric Bitters**

Succeed when everything else fails. In nervous prostration and female weaknesses they are the supreme remedy, as thousands have testified.

**FOR KIDNEY, LIVER AND STOMACH TROUBLE**

It is the best medicine ever sold over a druggist's counter.



From Tuesday's Daily.

## PROFIT SHARING.

It is proof that corporations are not entirely soulless that they are arranging and applying systems of sharing their profits with their hired employees. One of the latest of these corporations to give their hired help a part of the money they help in making is the great packing concern of Morris and Company.

The plan becomes operative today and not only consists of a system which divides a share of the profits among the employees, but also includes an arrangement by which employees may purchase stock in the concern in the shape of gold bonds of \$50 and multiples thereof.

The plan is simplicity itself, and provides for purchase of the bonds either on time or for cash, and the profits will be figured out each year and five per cent set aside to be divided pro rata among the employees.

Thus a worker is able to buy bonds of the company, securing to him a percentage of the dividends of the company, and at the same time receive his share of the five per cent which is set aside for those who do not care to purchase the bonds.

In addition, the company has a pension fund which now totals over a million dollars, and a man who has worked for the company twenty years receives two and one-half per cent for each year of service of the salary at the date of retirement.

For instance, a man who has worked for 30 years and earned \$50 a week in the last year, draws a pension of \$37.50 a week for the rest of his life. When he dies the widow receives one-half of the pension and on her death the orphans remain beneficiaries until the youngest is 18.

It is becoming more and more evident that the corporations are not as greedy as they have been pictured. Of course they receive big dividends—Morris and Company last year made a net profit of over four millions—but must be remembered that this does not all go to one or two people but is divided among hundreds of stockholders.

It is a sign of the times that the corporations are working up to their manifest duties. They not only realize that the public is entitled to a knowledge of how their business is conducted; that the government is entitled to a fair share of the profits in taxes; but that the employees are also entitled to receive a share of what they have helped to earn for the stockholders.

An extension of this system to all sorts of business will soon enable the capitalists to keep a fair share of what they earn without being liable to confiscation by the government or the charge that the employee does not receive his fair share.

It must be remembered that the great companies are paying a good wage scale, and that it is not merely due to organization among the employees but also partly to an awakened conscience on the part of the employers.

The great Ford concern gets a great deal of advertising because of the wages paid to its employees, but it is not the only concern that pays good wages. Others besides are paying old age pensions, sick and injury benefits, a share in the profits, and now the Morris company is offering the employees a share in the business itself.

At the same time it is claimed by the packing companies that their profits are somewhat less than before the war began, when retail prices were so much more reasonable. This is because the cost of stock is continuing so high, and as soon as that goes down the retail prices will also have to drop.

But there is still enough profit in the business for the employees to materially add to their wages through the profit-sharing and the shares they will have in the business, so that there is little likelihood of the packing house workers seeking for new employment.

It is a good example for other business concerns to follow, and by it they will gain more loyal employees, for a man always works best when he has an interest in the business.

## THE GREAT WHITE WAY.

Beginning with midnight last night the Great Way of New York City is on its way to a more or less painful dissolution. For the garishly lighted street, with its lobster palaces and other resorts for loafers, was dependent upon the appetite for liquor and the ease with which it could be gratified—provided the price was forthcoming.

There was little else to recommend the broad and brilliant street, and were it not for the few New Yorkers who could afford to gratify their desires for "a good time" and the crowds of country visitors who wanted to boast back home how reckless and extravagant they had been on the occasion of their visit to the metropolis, the many restaurants along the "great white way" would long since have closed their doors.

For the rents charged the tenants demand enormous profits, and these profits can only be secured from those who—for the moment, at least—have no thought of thrift and no desire to economize.

Now that vintage wines and aged liquors can no longer be served, it will be impossible for the restaurants to charge the prices they used to for

very ordinary food and decidedly inferior service.

It was all right when the rooms were lighted brilliantly and the diners were "lit up" as well, for the restaurants to charge for seats at the tables and multiply the cost of everything several times in the bill. Those who had dined "not wisely but too well" were disposed to be liberal in the matter of tips to the waiters, and even the hat checker found it paid him to work in the "champagne best."

In future some new device will have to be sought for to induce the patrons to "loosen up." But nothing short of hypnosis, now that the liquor is gone, will ever make a man willing to pay \$25 for 75c worth of food and 15c worth of service.

One reads that the prohibition of liquor is resulting in renting many of the former saloons for other lines of business. But it certainly will be necessary to find other lines of business to replace many hundreds of the lobster palaces and others of the "night owl" variety of restaurants now that the greatest factor in their success is cut off.

The rents are too high for any legitimate business to pay. And the percentage of profit demanded by the proprietors was not too great when one figures how many different classes of bloodsuckers they had to give up a share to—the police, the ward heelers and others.

If anything could serve as an argument for prohibition of the liquor traffic it would be the gilded palaces of vice in our great cities. They hold the flaunted their wares in view of the public, and the money they secured from the bibulous inclined would suffice to pay the state debt.

And with the stopping of the liquor traffic, some eight per cent of the lurid reels of "life in the great city" will disappear from the screen. One cannot imagine a party of the idle rich applauding the antics of a cabaret dancers on a few glasses of ginger ale or grape juice.

The main opposition to the liquor traffic in the big cities was because of two classes of liquor dispensaries—the low groceries where vice was hideous, and the gilded palaces where vice was made attractive by glaring lights and sumptuous banquets.

Whether or not John Barleycorn is dead beyond a hope of resurrection is still a question. But at any rate, the gaudy restaurants and all-night cafes will never survive the present blow.

They cannot be kept going without the percentage made from the wine card; the owners of the properties cannot afford to keep them vacant; the people who run them will have to seek new employment, and an enlightened public sentiment will never permit their return.

So the Great White Way is doomed to extinction. Its lights might better be used for other purposes, such as illuminating the dark streets where vice is less flaunting, because the "better class" do not support it.

## MONEY SHE SPENT

### WAS ALL WASTED

"I AM GLAD TO SAY MY TROUBLES ARE OVER AND I'VE GAINED TEN POUNDS SINCE TAKING TANLAC."

"I sure had a hard fight for over a year with indigestion and stomach trouble, but since taking Tanlac I am glad to say my troubles are over and I have gained ten pounds," said Mrs. W. R. Woods, of 919 Luke street, Meridian, Miss.

"My miserable condition had almost turned me into a nervous wreck. I had terrible pains all through my chest and a pressure around my heart from gas that arose in my stomach which nearly choked me. I couldn't eat a thing that wouldn't sor in my stomach, and had sharp pains all through my back and sides that would nearly drive me distracted, and the only way I could get rid of the pains was blistering myself. All the money I spent for medicine was just thrown away till I got hold of Tanlac."

"My friends urged me to try Tanlac and it just made me a new person. The pains are entirely gone from my chest and back and sides and I never have a sign of indigestion. The gas has stopped forming in my stomach, my complexion has cleared up, I can eat anything I want without any trouble, I sleep well at night and feel well all the time."

Tanlac is sold by leading druggists everywhere.

## How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Medicine.

Hall's Catarrh Medicine has been taken by catarrh sufferers for the past thirty-five years, and has become known as the most reliable remedy for Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Medicine acts thru the Blood on the Mucous surfaces, expelling the Poison from the Blood and healing the diseased portions.

After you have taken Hall's Catarrh Medicine for a short time you will see a great improvement in your general health. Start taking Hall's Catarrh Medicine at once and get rid of catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

P. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

## TIMES WANT ADS.

\$\$\$ Money Makers \$\$\$

## TODAY'S BIRTHDAYS.

JULY 1.

Hon. Charles Marcell, former Speaker of the Dominion House of Commons, born in Quebec, 59 years ago today.

Dr. Albert Bushnell Hart, Harvard University professor and noted publicist, born at Clarksville, Pa., 65 years ago today.

George W. Donaghey, former governor of Arkansas, born at Oakland, La., 63 years ago today.

Edward J. King, representative in Congress of the Fifteenth Illinois district, born at Springfield, Mass., 52 years ago today.

William A. Ashbrook, representative in Congress of the Seventeenth Ohio district, born at Johnstown, O., 52 years ago today.

## THE HYMN HE LOVED.

The superintendent of a mission school was in the habit of allowing the boys to select a hymn to be sung. On one occasion when he put the usual question, "Well, boys, which hymn shall we sing now?" a little boy put up his hand.

"Well, Billy, which hymn would you like?"

"Please, sir, the one where the little boy pinched the old gentleman's watch while he was asleep."

The superintendent was nonplussed. He could not recollect any hymn in the hymn book having a bearing on that particular subject. However, by a little judicious questioning, the hymn was discovered to be the well-known one, "Hushed was the evening hymn, the temple courts were dark."

The superintendent read through the first verse, but got no enlightenment. Then he went on the second verse—

"The old man, meek and mild, The priest of Israel, slept; His watch the temple-child, The little Levite, kept," etc.

Then he had to explain to the boys that the word "watch" has more than one meaning in the English language.

## TODAY'S ANNIVERSARIES.

JULY 1.

1569—New Hampshire legislature ratified the Fifteenth Amendment to the Federal Constitution.

1893—Evans liquor law went into effect in South Carolina, by which the State assumed control of the sale of intoxicants.

1896—Harriet Beecher Stowe, author of "Uncle Tom's Cabin," died at Hartford, Conn. Born at Litchfield, Conn., June 14, 1811.

1905—John Hay, Secretary of State of the United States and former Ambassador to Great Britain, died. Born at Salem, Ind., Oct. 8, 1838.

1906—Twenty-three American passengers were killed in a railway wreck at Salisbury, England.

1908—The Norfolk and Southern Railway Company went into the hands of a receiver.

1915—Serbians forced passage of the Save and captured a town on Austrian territory.

1916—Allies began a grand offensive on both sides of the Somme.

1917—Russian forces, under personal leadership of Kerensky, launched a powerful offensive on eighteen-mile front in Galicia.

## MAYOR McCOMB WILL SEND A MESSAGE TO CORPUS MAYOR

Thrift Week and Work of Boy Scouts Will Elicit Greetings Between Mayors of Two Cities.

As a part of the celebration of Thrift Message Week, Mayor Robt. McComb of Laredo is going to send a Thrift Message by Boy Scouts to Mayor Boone of Corpus Christi. The day on which this thrift message is to be delivered will be announced by Mayor Robt. McComb.

The thrift message is short and to the point. It reads as follows:

"Dear Brother Mayor:

"On behalf of the thrifty citizenship of Laredo and through the courtesy of the Boy Scouts of Laredo, I am hereby extending to you and your citizens friendly greetings, and calling upon you and the citizens of your fair city to join with us in the observance of Thrift Message Week.

"Avoidance of waste, wise saving, wise spending and wise investing on behalf of the citizens of any community assure prosperity for that community. We are studying the principles of thrift during this week and I hereby respectfully suggest that you and the residents of your fair city join with us and the other citizens of the Eleventh Federal District in this laudable purpose."

Buy a War Saving Stamp every day during Thrift Message Week.

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.

## ALL LAREDO SOLDIER BOYS WILL ATTEND THE SMOKER

Laredo Volunteer Fire Department Will Be Hosts to All Laredo Boys Who Wore Khaki During War.

On Friday evening, July 4, the Laredo Volunteer Fire Department, who gave about fifty of its members to Uncle Sam when he needed fighting men to meet the German foes, will celebrate the Glorious Fourth with a grand smoker and good time generally at Firemen's Hall, beginning at 8 o'clock in the evening.

On this glorious occasion the guests are not limited to members of the Laredo Volunteer Fire Department, BUT EVERY LAREDO YOUNG MAN WHO WORE THE UNIFORM OF THE U. S. A. is invited to attend, and an especial invitation is extended to those loyal Mexican-American boys who served their country or their adopted country so well during the war to be present on this occasion. EVERY LAREDO SOLDIER BOY IS INVITED TO BE PRESENT; COME IN UNIFORM IF YOU CAN. There will be plenty to eat, plenty of soft drinks and a royal good time is assured all the active and honorary members of the fire department and their guests, our soldier boys. Short talks will be made; everything possible will be done to show the soldier boys that the members of the Laredo Volunteer Fire Department are proud of them and want to show them a good time.

## GOVERNMENT SALE.

At 10:00 A. M., July 3, 1919, at the Customs Rooms, Laredo, Texas, I will sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, the following confiscated property, to-wit:

First:—1,000 Long Range 22 Cal. Cartridges, value \$4.00; 10 Pieces Silk Ribbon, value \$2.50; 1 Lot of Drugs, value \$18.35; 1 Lot of Drugs, value \$30.95; 1 Lot of Merchandise, value \$20.90; 2 Twelve-Gauge Cartridges, value \$1.00; 1 Lot of Drugs, value \$20.00; 6 Doz. Rubber Tubes, value \$9; 1 44-Cal. Revolver, value \$3.00; 1 Pistol and 15 Cartridges, value \$3.75.

Second:—6 Cans of Quinine Sulphate; 15 Boxes Potassium Iodide Merck; 7 Cans Saccharine, Refined Merck.

The above property will be sold in lots as listed above.

J. A. HERRING, U. S. Marshal, S. D. T. By ALLEN WALKER, Deputy. 6-16-14t.

## SEVEN EMPLOYEES LET OUT OF PASSPORT DEPARTMENT

Work Formerly Done By These Special Employees Now Incumbent on Inspectors Immigration Service.

Primarily because of the fact that no appropriation had been made providing for their salaries, and in accordance with instructions received by the immigration service here several days ago, seven special employees or inspectors of the passport department were dismissed this morning.

Except for the fact that one man is now doing the work formerly done by eight men, and who must depend on other members of the immigration service for assistance, there is no change announced in the status of the passport requirements and the same conditions that prevailed during the time that a "full force" attended to the business now continue in force.

## WEATHER FORECAST.

The following forecast from the United States weather bureau at New Orleans is furnished The Times by the Telephone Co. each day: Tonight and Wednesday partly cloudy. Partly local showers.

## Local Weather Report.

The following are the observations taken at Fort McIntosh for the 24 hours ending at 7 a. m. today: NO REPORT.

Used 40 Years

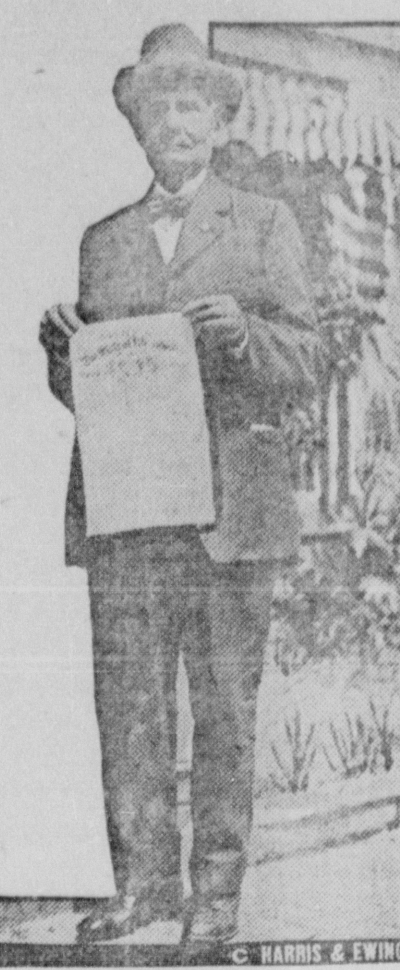
# CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

Sold Everywhere

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.

## WON RACE TO WASHINGTON



David G. James won by a nose for Wisconsin the race to be the first state actually to register its ratification of the constitutional amendment for suffrage. Mr. James is the father of Ada James, Wisconsin chairman of the National Woman's party, and he borrowed money to get away from Madison on a quick hop to Washington. He was just ahead of the alert Illinois messenger and is proudly showing his official receipt from the department of state.

## Limpet's Peculiar Power.

"To stick like a limpet," is an old saying, but few people know how it is that a limpet is able to stick as it does to the rocks upon which it passes its existence. The creature is able by means of the central portion of its body, which can be raised independently of the edge or frill which surrounds it, to create a vacuum, much in the same way that a piece of soft, wet leather can be made to adhere to a smooth surface by pressing out all the air. If taken by surprise with a smart, sidelong blow, even a large limpet is easily enough dislodged, but given the slightest warning, its power of suction is instantly brought into play, and very often considerable force is then necessary to detach it.

## WEEKLY FINANCIAL REVIEW.

Prepared For The Times by the St. Louis Union Bank, St. Louis, Mo.

Exports of finished manufactures from the United States in the half year following the close of the war are three times as much in value as in the corresponding period preceding the war.

A compilation shows that the value of finished manufactures exported in the six months following the signing of the Armistice (November, December, January, February, March and April) aggregated \$1,161,000,000, or an average of \$193,000,000 per month, while the exportation of finished manufactures in the fiscal year immediately preceding the war averaged but \$61,000,000 per month.

In the last six months for which figures are now available, finished manufactures have been going out of the country at the rate of \$6,200,000 per day while in the year before the war they went out at the rate of about \$2,000,000 per day.

In the other group of manufactures, classed as "manufactures for further use in manufacturing," there has also been an increase but not as great as in the class "manufactures ready for consumption." Of the group "manufactures for further use in manufacturing," the exports after the war have averaged about \$2,500,000 per day, while in the year preceding the war they averaged about \$1,000,000 per day.

Lame Shoulder. This ailment is usually caused by rheumatism of the muscles. All that is needed is absolute rest and a few applications of Chamberlain's Liniment. Try it.

## THE PLATFORM.

Sam and Rastus were seated in a Jim Crow car on a Southern railway, en route to a plantation for the cotton picking season. They were discussing politics, with particular reference to the coming state elections. Rastus was a rabid partisan of the incumbent representative.

"Well," said Sam, "Ah likes him all right, Ah guess, but his platform ain't no good."

"Platform!" snorted Rastus. "Platform! Say, nigger, doan' you know dat a political platform is jes' like a platform on one o' dese yere railroad cabs—hit ain't meant to stan' on; hit's jes' meant to git in on!"

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.

## HAVE CONCLUDED THE WORK OF EQUALIZING VALUATION

County Board of Equalization, After a Two Weeks' Session, Have Concluded Work and Adjourned.

The commissioners court of Webb county, which has been in session at the county tax assessor's office at the courthouse the past two weeks sitting as a board of equalization, having up for consideration the passing on and equalizing of values of Webb county property, has adjourned for the term.

During their session the board of equalization thoroughly went into the matter of examining into the valuations placed on various properties in both the city and county subject to taxation and brought about a better equalization than heretofore existed, lowering the valuation placed on some property, but in most instances raising the valuation on property that was not justly valued.

## The War Taxes the Nerve Energy of the Country

To win the war every energy of body and mind must be concentrated to the purpose. It will not do for you to become stale. If the necessary high rate of speed exhausts you, if you forget things and cannot sleep nights, if your digestion is impaired and you are irritated by small things, that is a sign your nervous system is breaking down, and it is time for you to take

## SENSAPERSA

which will help rebuild the worn-out nerves and tissues, and put you in the front ranks. The properties of this blood tonic and nerve sedative should double your nerve health in ten days and you will be able to vigorously attack your daily problems with renewed strength and ability to resist the strain caused by the conditions of to-day. Two sizes, 50c. and \$1.00 at your Druggist or from City Drug Co.

## IN THE DAY'S NEWS.

JULY 1.  
The Marquis of Salisbury, who is to serve as chief of staff to the Prince of Wales on the latter's visit to America, is 87 years old and a son of the late British premier, whom he succeeded in the title in 1903. Soon after he began his political career as a member of the House of Commons. Since then he has held several important posts under the British Government. He served with distinction in the Boer war and was several times mentioned in despatches. The Marquis is a stalwart, good-looking nobleman, and quite a fitting representative of the house of Cecil, has held a leading position for several centuries in England, the founder being Elizabeth's high treasurer. Lord Salisbury has been an extensive traveler and is a master of several languages.

## REGULAR SESSION MONDAY CO. COMMISSIONERS' COURT

Will Pass Order Authorizing Issue of Good Roads Bonds of \$300,000 and Also Provide Sinking Fund.

The commissioners' court of Webb county will be convened in regular monthly session on next Monday morning by County Judge Page at his office in the county courthouse, when business of considerable importance will come up for consideration.

At this session of the commissioners court an order will be passed authorizing the issuance of the good roads bonds voted at a recent special election here and also the levying of a tax for the creation of a sinking fund to take care of the bonds.

## HIDALGO GETS FIRST BAILE OF COTTON OF THE SEASON

Rio Grande Valley Country Again Captures Honors for Growing and Marketing First Bale of Cotton.

Hidalgo county, located in the fertile valley of the Rio Grande, again enjoys the distinction of having grown, ginned and marketed the first bale of cotton of the 1919 season, which was sold on the market in Houston yesterday at a high price and with a premium to the grower, a former named Salvador Cardenas, who has a farm in Hidalgo county.

In this section, especially around Laredo, the cotton crop is not far advanced at this time and it will be several weeks before harvesting time will arrive here, in fact it will not be until the latter part of July or early in August that the picking of the fleecy staple will start. Indications at this time are favorable for a yield that will produce at least 1,500 bales in the country immediately around Laredo.

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.

## LOCAL NEWS

—Alfred Campbell, another Laredo boy who saw service with the American expeditionary forces in France, has returned to his home in Laredo and his many friends are glad to see him back in his old home town.

—There will be a meeting of the Federal Employees Union in the federal building this evening beginning at 8 o'clock, and all members are urged to be present, as business of importance will be transacted.

—The latest news received from San Luis Potosi state that many foreigners are leaving that place to remain away until after the election on Friday. Reports of rioting and bloodshed in San Luis Potosi as a result of the election excitement are confirmed by arrivals from that section, who also state that many Chinks, who have been threatened with death if they remain, are "beating it" out of that state.

—Tomorrow we reach the "mitamita" stage of the calendar—that is at midnight tomorrow one-half of the year is passed and the other half is yet to come. In other words, at midnight tomorrow 183 days of 1919 will have passed away and 183 days yet remain before the year ends; that is really mid-year.

—Henry Schwartz, another Laredo young man who laid aside his civilian duties when the tocsin of war resounded and donned the uniform of the U. S. A. and saw service in France and Germany, has returned to his home in Laredo and has resumed his position as dispatcher with the Texas-Mexican Ry. Co. here.

—R. R. Wilkes is the proud father of a fine girl baby who arrived at his home yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Mother and child are doing fine and father is going about wearing broad smiles.

—The importations through this port from Mexico yesterday afternoon consisted of three carloads of ixtle, three carloads of skins, one carload of calamine and one carload of beer, the latter in bond to Juarez, Mexico.

## OF INTEREST TO WOMEN.

The woman suffrage organizations in the United States are planning for a big jubilee next February in celebration of the ratification of the Federal suffrage amendment and in honor of the centenary of the birth of Susan B. Anthony, to whose early efforts is due much of the credit for the victory recently achieved in Congress.

A community sewing room, a community valet room, a community laundry and community kitchenettes are to be included among the features of a mammoth hotel for business and professional women which it is planned to erect in New York City. Rooms in the hotel will rent for an average rate of \$25 a month and may be obtained either furnished or unfurnished.

Bhopal, the second greatest Mohammedan state in India, has been ruled over by a woman for several generations. The present Begum is the granddaughter and the daughter of ruling Begums, and she is said to be in many respects the most remarkable of the three. Among her other claims to distinction is the discarding of the purdah, or veil, which, among Mohammedan women especially, is considered the only correct manner of appearing in any public place. The Begum, moreover, has displayed marked loyalty to British rule and was a liberal contributor to the cause of the empire during the late war in Europe.

## "A SPLENDID TONIC"

Says Hixson Lady Who, On Doctor's Advice, Took Cardui And Is Now Well.

Hixson, Tenn.—"About 10 years ago I was..." says Mrs. J. B. Gadd, of this place. "I suffered with a pain in my left side, could not sleep at night with this pain, always in the left side..."

My doctor told me to use Cardui. I took one bottle, which helped me and after my baby came, I was stronger and better, but the pain was still there."

I at first let it go, but began to get weak and in a run-down condition, so I decided to try some more Cardui, which I did.

This last Cardui which I took made me much better, in fact, cured me. It has been a number of years, still I have no return of this trouble.

I feel it was Cardui that cured me, and I recommend it as a splendid female tonic."

Don't allow yourself to become weak and run-down from womanly troubles. Take Cardui. It should surely help you, as it has so many thousands of other women in the past 40 years. Headache, backache, sideache, nervousness, sleeplessness, tired-out feeling, are all signs of womanly trouble. Other women get relief by taking Cardui. Why not you? All druggists.

NO-132

During the last few months of the war as many as 200,000 American soldiers passed through England in a month.



## NOT SUPPOSED TO THINK.

A sailor who was being reprimanded by an officer started to defend himself.

"But I thought, sir—" "You are not supposed to think." About a week later the same officer sent this man ashore to get him some cigarette papers, and, as he did not have any change, he gave him a \$20 bill.

"What have you got there?" asked the officer.

"Cigarette papers," came the reply. "You didn't say how many, sir. You gave me the bill and said, 'Get me some cigarette papers.'"

"What do you think I want with \$20 worth of cigarette papers?"

"I am not supposed to think."—Columbus (Ohio) Dispatch.

## PESSOA'S VISIT.

The arrival in the United States of Dr. Epitacio M. Pessoa, president-elect of Brazil, affords an opportunity to demonstrate the kindly feeling existing between this country and South American republics. Dr. Pessoa comes from Paris, where he was president of Brazil's delegation to the peace conference. Evidence of his popularity is the fact that he was elected president of Brazil in April, while he was in Paris and out of touch with the progress of his campaign.

It is rightly to be inferred that he is one of the foremost men in Brazil. He has risen by his own efforts from a professorship in law in a leading Brazilian university. He entered politics through the national congress, became a member of the cabinet, attorney general and then judge in the supreme court. Leaving the bench, he became a senator, and was a senator when sent to Paris. This career has enabled him to acquire a thorough knowledge of South American affairs, and, judging by his friendly attitude toward the United States, he is cognizant of the advantage accruing to both countries from their long friendship.

Dr. Pessoa is the guest of the government. His experiences in this country under government auspices will enable him to take to the people of Brazil a true account of America's prosperity and friendliness. Through him a great deal can be done to counteract the effect of anti-American agencies working throughout South America to break down the foundations of a pan-American understanding. It is to be regretted that his stay will not be long enough to permit of visits to all of the prominent cities, but by going as far west as St. Louis he will gain a fair idea of the country, and certainly he will be here long enough to observe the progress of democracy among free peoples.—Indianapolis News.

## ODD AND INTERESTING.

The sound of a heart-beat is caused by the closing of the valves in the heart during the pumping process.

Fourteen million roses were distributed in London on the occasion of the recent Alexandra Day celebration.

Blinded Australian soldiers are to be provided by their Government with houses at a weekly rental of one shilling.

In the Scottish Highlands it is taken as a terribly unlucky sign if a dog should run between the bride and groom on their wedding day.

The traditional association of cats with maids is believed to have originated in the Middle Ages, when cats were always kept in nurseries.

During the past year or two an average of one hundred and fifty married have taken place every week between Australian soldiers and British women.

## RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

**Texas-Mexican.**  
Train No. 1 leaves for Corpus Christi at 12:50 p. m.  
Train No. 2 arrives from Corpus Christi at 3:35 p. m.

**International & Great Northern.**  
Through fast train for St. Louis leaves at 8:30 a. m. and arrives at 2:50 p. m.

**Night Train.**  
Leaves at 9 p. m. and arrives at 8 a. m.

**Rio Grande & Eagle Pass.**  
Train No. 1 leaves Laredo daily except Sunday at 8:30 a. m. Arrives at Minera at 10:20 a. m.  
Train No. 2 leaves Minera daily except Sunday at 11 a. m. Arrives at Laredo at 3:15 p. m.

## How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Medicine. Hall's Catarrh Medicine has been taken by catarrh sufferers for the past thirty-five years, and has become known as the most reliable remedy for Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Medicine acts thru the Blood on the mucous surfaces, expelling the Poison from the Blood and healing the diseased portions.

After you have taken Hall's Catarrh Medicine for a short time you will see a great improvement in your general health. Start taking Hall's Catarrh Medicine at once and get rid of catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by all Druggists, etc.



Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt  
Society Editor

Phone 70 ..... Phone 43

## SOCIAL CALENDAR.

**Wednesday.**  
The Knights of Columbus will entertain with their regular weekly dance at the K. of C. Hall in Fort McIntosh in the evening.

**Thursday.**  
There will be a general meeting of the W. M. U. of the Baptist Church at the church at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.  
The Ladies Aid Society of the Christian Church will meet with Mrs. E. F. Hamilton at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

## Give Service.

If you stop to find out what your wages will be,  
And how they will clothe and feed you,  
Willie, my son, don't go on the sea,  
For the sea will never need you.

If you ask for the reason of every command,  
And argue with people about you,  
Willie, my son, don't go on the land,  
For the land will do better without you.

If you stop to consider the work you have done,  
And to boast what your labor is worth, dear,  
Angels may come for you, Willie, my son,  
But you'll never be wanted on earth, dear.

—Kipling.

## General Mention.

Mrs. Clarence Jefferies and sons returned Monday from Seabrook, Texas, where they visited Mrs. Jefferies' mother.

Mrs. O. H. Guinn and two sons left this morning for San Antonio and from there will go on to East Texas to spend the rest of the summer.

Mrs. Gus D. Becker expects to leave on Saturday for San Antonio to visit relatives.

Miss Evelyn Moore expects to leave this week for San Antonio to visit relatives.

Mr. Louis Becker has returned home from Bryan and will remain for the summer.

Steve Simon Jr. has just returned from the A. & M. College after having spent several days with his mother, who is ill in San Antonio.

Mrs. Hudson and daughter, Miss Oia, expect to leave tonight for their home in Pearsall after a pleasant visit to Mrs. B. F. Walker.

Rev. Albert Beddoe returned Monday night from Devine, where he has been conducting a revival meeting.

Mrs. Elvira Cardenas Vda. de Saenz and little daughter and Miss Otilia Cardenas left this morning for Mexico and expect to be absent several months. Mrs. Saenz and daughter will go to Lagos, Jalisco, to visit her sister, Mrs. Luis Anaya y Anaya and Miss Cardenas will go to Tampico to visit relatives and friends.

## Announcements.

The regular weekly dance at the K. of C. Hall will be given this evening, and the hostesses and chaperones will be Mesdames Ryan, Convery, Mullally, G'Sell, Cullinan, Simpson, Mussett and Devine of Fort McIntosh.

There is going to be a program given at Fort McIntosh at 10 o'clock in the morning, Friday, July 4th, in the band stand on the parade ground. The program will be quite attractive and every one is cordially invited to attend.

## Club Notes.

The Sunbeam Band of the Baptist Church held its regular weekly meeting yesterday afternoon at the church at 4 o'clock. The devotional services were conducted by Mrs. Sallee and Mrs. H. L. Guinn. After the services were concluded the remainder of the time was devoted to pasting pictures in a scrap book. There were twelve members present.

The B. Y. P. U. of the Baptist Church held its annual business meeting last night at the home of Mrs. Horner. After the business session and election of officers a pleasant social time was enjoyed on the lawn, games were played and iced watermelon was served. About twenty members were present.

**TIMES WANT ADS.**  
\$\$\$\$\$ Money Makers \$\$\$\$\$

BAND CONCERTS PROGRAMS  
THURSDAY-FRIDAY NIGHTS

Band Concert Tomorrow Night on Martin Plaza and on Friday Night on Parade Ground Ft. McIntosh.

The following is the program which will be rendered at the band concert on Martin Plaza tomorrow (Thursday) night by the Thirty-seventh Infantry Band under the direction of Lieut. Carl Everlof, the program beginning at 7:45 o'clock:

No. 1. March, "The Flying Squadron," ..... Scouton  
No. 2. Overture, "Merry Wives of Windsor," ..... Nicolai  
No. 3. Waltz, "Velvet of the Roses," ..... Bernard  
No. 4. Transcription, "Beethoven's Moonlight Sonata," ..... Tobani  
No. 5. Selection, "The Wizard of Oz," ..... Tietjens  
No. 6. One Step, "Ragtime Volunteers," ..... Hanley

## Concert Friday Night.

The following program will be rendered by the Thirty-seventh Infantry Band at Fort McIntosh on Friday evening beginning at 7:45 o'clock:

No. 1. March, "Thunder and Blazes," ..... Laurendeau  
No. 2. Overture, "Le Macon," ..... Auber  
No. 3. Waltz, "The Silvery Brook," ..... Brahms  
No. 4. Idyll, "Pure as Snow," ..... Lange  
No. 5. Selection, "Woodland," ..... Luders  
No. 6. One Step, "Carry On," ..... Pierson

THERE'S GLORY ENOUGH TO GO  
ALL AROUND.

Our Texas Lads are coming back from the War!  
Meet them with a smile wide as a door,  
Though a tear may insist on running wild,  
'Tis that the heart's so full all the while.

Not all come back—bloody battles took their toll,  
Downhearted were they? They were not.  
The American soldier knows no Retreat—'tis foreign to his soul,  
"Kamerad!" is Hun's—not American's dastard blot!

Mothers, fathers, brothers, sisters, wives, sweethearts—all beside,  
Hail! to the Texas Heroes!—they are their Country's pride.  
Some may come back with wounds—those lasting souvenirs,  
Like sunshine—meet them the more tenderly twist smiles and tears.

Then welcome all with love and awesome pride!  
Nobly they have fought—giving life beside  
To save a world from bitter crush under Tyrant's heel!

That, winning not, would have come sure as thieves will steal!  
With hugs and kisses, however smutty be their beaks,  
Meet the lads who fought for placid you, many weary weeks.

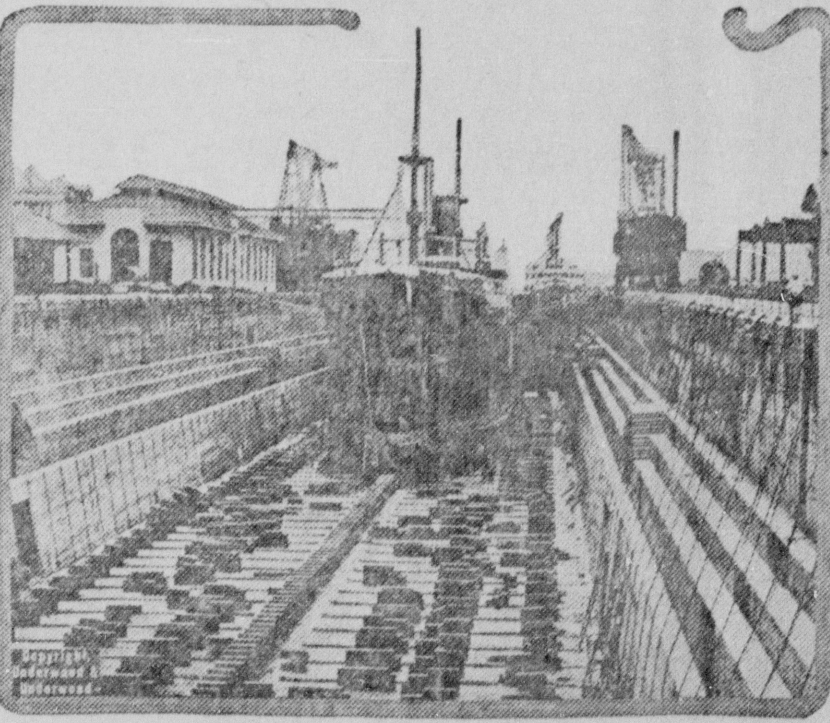
Then, for the homing Laddies, with thatches all of tin,  
Let the sounds of revelry now begin!  
—EL TEJANO.

Laredo, Texas, July 1, 1919.

## "PARSMAGNAFUING."

The New York Times has coined a new word—"parsmagnafuing." It's a good one, particularly as the Times applies it, to Ludendorff. For the curious, we may add that it's a lift from Virgil. When old Aeneas was spinning his yarn about Troy to Lady Dido, he remarked, "Quorum pars magna fui," i. e., "of which events I was a great part." Implying in his artless way that he was the Main Guy. Henceforward, when any one tells us he was the Big Cheese in any series of events, we are going to say he's parsmagnafuing. We are not above snapping up such a good coinage.—Philadelphia Evening Ledger.

## BIG CONCRETE DRY DOCK AT BALBOA



A 6,000-ton sea-going steamer undergoing repairs in the concrete dry dock at Balboa, the Pacific entrance to the Panama canal. This is the largest dry dock in the world.

## WEEKLY FINANCIAL REVIEW.

Prepared For The Times by the  
St. Louis Union Bank,  
St. Louis, Mo.

The Federal farm loan system is now doing about 15 per cent of all agricultural land loan business in the United States. A report of the farm loan board at the conclusion of the second year of operation shows that loans closed in the last twelve months amounted to \$120,238,000. The aggregate of farm loans made by all agencies, public and private, is estimated at about \$800,000,000 annually.

The Spokane district has closed more than \$30,000,000 in loans, more than any other. The Omaha district is second with more than \$23,000,000; St. Paul third, with more than \$23,000,000, and Houston fourth, with more than \$22,000,000. By States Texas leads with \$22,531,000; Iowa has \$14,385,000; North Dakota, \$14,086,000, and Kansas, \$9,007,000.

## CHEESE-PARING ECONOMY.

In point of timeliness, or lack of it, preaching economy to a special session of the legislature called chiefly for the purpose of making appropriations is somewhat like locking the stable door after the disappearance of the horse. Such sins of extravagance as a legislature is chargeable with are committed, for the most part, during its regular session or during a called session that is not concerned with the appropriation bills. The truth of this is shown in the present instance. The estimates for existing departments and institutions for the next two fiscal years are \$2,000,000 less than the appropriations made by the preceding legislature, so that if only the expenditures required by the estimates were to be made, it would be possible to make the total of appropriations for the next two years that much less than they were for the preceding two years, and this without scaling their estimates. But this legislature during its regular and first called session made appropriations in excess of \$7,000,000, and this amount is, in the practical sense, as much gone as is the water that has passed over the wheel. The only economy which it is now possible for the legislature to practice is of the cheese-paring kind, and the practice of that kind of economy usually does more harm than good. Governor Hobby speaks earnestly in urging on the legislature the need of economy, but the time to make that counsel effective has passed.—Galveston News.

## BUT THIS WAS IN ENGLAND.

"And so your father is working now and getting nearly three pounds a week. How nice! And how much does he put away on Saturday night?" "Six beers and four whiskies, ma'am," the little girl replied.—Pearson's Weekly.

DOCTORS' NEW SCHEDULE  
OF FEES.

A new schedule of fees adopted by the Doctors of Laredo to take effect on and after July 1, 1919:  
Day visits, 7 a. m. to 9 p. m., \$3.00 up  
Night " 9 p. m. to 7 a. m., 7.50 up  
Office visits ..... 2.00 up  
Telephone consultation ..... 3.00 up  
Certificate in proof of death  
for insurance ..... 3.00 up  
Certificate of disability ..... 1.00 up  
Confinement cases ..... 40.00 up  
Visits out of town limits ..... \$2.00 per mile  
Consultation ..... \$15.00  
Anaesthesia ..... 10.00  
6-27-61.

## For Sale.

A few nice young saddle horses; suitable for harness. Can be seen at stock pens for two days only. R. M. Johnson, Hamilton Hotel.

7-1-21.

COMMUNISTIC FEMENT IN BERLIN CAUSES  
FEAR OF A POLITICAL INSURRECTION SOON

Strike is Becoming General and Threatens to Involve Railroads and Big Industrial Plants—Minister of Defense Increasing Patrols, Planting Barbed Wire and Preparing for Struggle.

TEXAS SOLONS WANT  
SOUTHERN MEN ONLY

ASK PRESIDENT TO APPOINT  
DIPLOMATS FROM THE SOUTH  
WITH KNOWLEDGE OF  
COTTON.

By Associated Press.

Austin, Texas, July 2.—A resolution memorializing the president of the United States and the secretary of state to select as many diplomats and ambassadors to foreign countries as possible from the South and instruct them to study the cotton situation and prepare statistics was adopted in the Texas house today and sent to the senate for action.

## Can't Join Corporation.

Austin, Texas, July 2.—State banks cannot, under the present banking laws, purchase and own capital stock in the proposed national Cotton Export Finance Corporation, according to the opinion of the attorney general's department given Commissioner of Insurance and Banking Briggs today.

## HOG PRICES SOAR.

By Associated Press.

Chicago, July 2.—Hog prices today reached the high figure of \$22 a hundredweight, a rise of 25c over night. Increased export demand for food products is generally accepted as the reason for the continued unprecedented advance.

BAPTIST YOUNG PEOPLE'S  
UNION.

St. Louis, Mo., July 2.—An army of loyal Baptists of the United States and Canada, young and old but mostly young, is trooping into St. Louis today. The twenty-eighth international convention of the Baptist Young People's Union of America will be called to order here tomorrow, and already the hotels, boarding houses and private residences are crowded with the delegates and visitors, while many additions to the advance guard are still en route from the east, west and south.

The conventional sessions will continue several days, concluding on Sunday with special meetings and services in all of the local churches of the Baptist denomination. Reports of officers and committees will be submitted for the past year and much other routine business pertaining to the affairs of the organization will be transacted. How the union may assist in the work of reconstruction will be discussed and plans for a vigorous membership drive will receive attention. At the open sessions addresses will be delivered by Baptist lay and clerical leaders of international reputation.

The Baptist Young People's Union is one of the largest and most influential of young people's organizations in any of the churches in America. Its main purpose is to promote a special spirit of loyalty and earnestness toward the Baptist denomination, to the end that, as the old supporters of the church are gathered to their fathers, the ranks may be kept even and the Baptist army increased from the junior organization.

The reports to be submitted to the coming convention will show a splendid record of war service for the organization. The union officially cooperated in the work of the United States Food Administration, with the Committee on Temperance for camps and cantonments, and with the various other war service agencies. Through its efforts, also, tens of thousands of Baptist boys called into the service were furnished with copies of the New Testament.



**BELLANS**  
FOR INDIGESTION

TIMES WANT ADS.

\$\$\$\$\$ Money Makers \$\$\$\$\$

STAGE HAS BEEN SET  
FOR THE CONTENDERS

LAST NAIL DRIVEN TODAY IN  
GREATEST FIGHT STADIUM  
YET KNOWN IN THE  
WORLD.

By Associated Press.

Toledo, Ohio, July 2.—The last preliminary details of the Independence Day boxing exhibition were completed today. The principals have practically ceased training, doing only light boxing. The last nail, completing the greatest fight stadium ever constructed, was driven today. The great structure, costing \$150,000, required nearly 3,000,000 feet of lumber and hundreds of kegs of nails and bolts. It has approximately 24 miles of seats, accommodating nearly 100,000 persons.

## BARON RAYLEIGH DEAD.

By Associated Press.

London, July 2.—Baron Rayleigh died last night.

## IOWA RATIFIED IT.

By Associated Press.

Des Moines, Iowa, July 2.—The Iowa legislature today ratified the federal woman suffrage amendment.

## TO BEGIN LOCKOUT.

By Associated Press.

Manchester, Eng., July 2.—Cotton employers of North Manchester have decided to begin a general lockout tomorrow unless their striking operatives return to work.

## FLIGHT HAS BEGUN.

By Associated Press.

London, July 2.—The British dirigible R-34 left East Fortune, Scotland, under command of Major Scott today on the long-heralded trip to America. At 8 o'clock Greenwich time she was reported 325 miles off the Irish coast.

## FISHERMEN TO GO ON STRIKE.

Boston, Mass., July 2.—Unless there is an eleventh-hour settlement of the matters in dispute the fishermen of the Atlantic seaboard will go on strike tomorrow. It is estimated that more than 5,000 men now engaged in producing food fish, most of them "out of Boston and Gloucester," will quit work and New England and other sections of the country supplied by the New England fisheries will be forced to go fishless.

The proposed strike is not to affect the fishermen of Portland, Providence, New York and Atlantic City immediately, although these men, who are affiliated with the union, may be called out later.

The strike has been determined upon to enforce demands adopted by the union last November. These demands originally were announced to become effective on March 15, but any action to bring the changes about at that time was put off at the request of the War Labor Board, which took up some of the differences existing in the fish industry. The demands of the Fishermen's Union were not considered officially by the War Labor Board.

The establishment of minimum prices for fish, below which no fish may be sold, is the principal demand of the fishermen. It is claimed that an arrangement of this kind is the only method by which the fishermen can be assured of a reasonable living wage. It is also desired that there be no night fishing, and that the men in the crews of steam trawlers and hand-line vessels be given a larger share of the proceeds of catches.

## The Joy of Living.

To enjoy life we must have good health. No one can reasonably hope to get much real pleasure out of life when his bowels are clogged, a good share of the time and the poisons that should be expelled are absorbed into the system, producing headache and indigestion. A few doses of Chamberlain's Tablets will move the bowels, strengthen the digestion and give you a chance to realize the real joy of living. Try it.



From Thursday's Daily.

## MORE TROUBLE IN BERLIN.

For some time past the Germans have complained that the delay in formulating the treaty has resulted in much disorder in their country, due mainly to industrial depression and lack of food owing to the blockade.

Now that the treaty is signed it is up to the Germans to prove that they are capable of suppressing disorders and that they are able to bring about order without too much use of the road machine gun and the government's janissaries.

The German people are suffering from the unrest which always comes to a defeated nation if it has not the moral strength to accept defeat and bring itself to meet the new conditions.

France was more thoroughly defeated in 1871, yet the courage of the French people was not more demonstrated on the field of battle than it was in the struggle to again establish themselves on a self-supporting basis. And the French had an indemnity to pay which, added to the enormous losses inflicted upon them by the victorious Germans, was enough to daunt a less courageous people.

The Germans have a large amount of money to pay to repair the damage they inflicted on enemy nations during the war just ended. But they have not suffered any material losses themselves, except the self-inflicted ones since the overthrow of the empire.

Their factories are intact, and even the restoration of the machinery taken from France and Belgium will leave them with a sufficient number of effective plants to recommence industry and commerce.

Their country has not been devastated, and the slight damage inflicted by the British and French aviators was mostly confined to military depots and ammunition dumps.

But the moral courage is lacking. Ever since the armistice was signed and the German people began to realize that they were defeated, they have whined and complained, instead of going to work to restore the damage that comes from war, even to a victor. They have sulkily sat down and waited for the allied governments to agree upon such terms as would be acceptable to them, and meanwhile they have busily engaged in the one activity that brings nothing to pass—the activity of the anarchist and the destroyer of all that is desirable in a commonwealth.

Instead of forming a government that could be depended upon to bring order out of chaos, the German people have devoted their energies to the work of destroying what little government they had, and then complaining at their hard fate.

They have demonstrated that they are hard losers. It is not that they do not know when they are whipped, like the Anglo-Saxons, the French and the plucky Belgians. They merely hoped against hope that the conquerors would be too merciful to do them much damage, and they whimpered like whipped schoolboys over the just punishment they have received, which is only too mild to be strictly just.

Now let them prove that they are capable of forming a government that shall be based upon the permission of the people to be ruled, not the fear of what the government will do to them if they do not submit.

It has been the boast of Germans for years that their government was the best on earth. Let them do something to make that boast good. Right now there is no government on earth that is so poor, unless it be that of the Bolsheviks, who reject all government.

If abuses must be put down with a strong hand, let it be done, but do not let the rabble rule, simply because of the hatred they have for those who have proved themselves incompetent. The educated German, if there really is such a person outside of the Nibelungenlied, should be permitted to take his rightful place in the government and demonstrate his capacity—or incapacity—for ruling. The time has passed for the mob to govern any country.

## THE GLORIOUS DAY.

To many it has seemed a pity that the peace treaty with Germany could not have been signed on the Fourth of July, while others are glad that it was signed enough beforehand to permit the day to be celebrated in a fitting manner.

For some inexplicable reason the celebration of our Independence Day seems to have fallen into disuse in Laredo. There is nothing to be done here besides the celebration at the army post, and that is an observance of regulation, with very few of our citizens taking part.

There is actually more attention paid to the various Mexican holidays, even by the American citizens, than there is given to our own national festivals, with the single exception of Washington's Birthday.

But this year the Fourth of July gains added significance. Not only have our troops been victorious in battle with the foe, but they have also aided in freeing the world from the dread monster of German imperialism and militarism. And it is not only the independence of our country that is being celebrated this year—it is the freedom of many peoples who

have for centuries been dominated by monarchism and despotism.

The French are naturally desirous of making the most of the victory which frees them from the dread of invasion for years to come. Their national festival falls on the 14th, the anniversary of the fall of the Bastille. And so they propose the French festival as the most appropriate for the celebration of the end of the greatest war in history.

If ever there was a day that should be celebrated by the people of the United States it is the Fourth of July of this glorious year—the year of peace and the beginning of the new era.

It is true that the war practically came to an end when the armistice began on November 11 of last year, but all the work of the months that have intervened was but preliminary to the signing of the peace treaty, and this Fourth of July sees the greater part of our soldiers, especially those not in the old "regular army," at home and ready to rejoice that the fighting is over.

The signing of our declaration of independence was but the beginning of our fighting. But the anniversary of that signing this year marks the end of the fighting in the great war, and although there may be some scattered combats between the forces of law and order and the rabble of anarchy, most of the weapons may be turned into implements of peace.

The Fourth of July this year finds our nation greater than any of the Revolutionary Fathers could have dreamed it would be. It is the strongest nation on earth, and one of the reasons for its superior strength is its mercy toward the vanquished and its lack of vindictiveness.

On the memorable Fourth of July in 1776 a small band of patriots was assembled to consider the affairs of a few thousands of colonists who had objected to the abuses to which they had been submitted and who had been harshly treated because of that objection.

They were few in numbers, without arms or ammunition, with scanty supplies of clothing and other war materials, and with but limited resources and no foreign credit. They were opposed to the greatest nation on earth, a nation which had been successful in conflict with its foes and which undoubtedly had the greatest riches and the strongest credit in the then known world.

Yet the little band of colonists, with a firm reliance on the protection of Divine Providence, pledged to each other their lives, their fortunes and their sacred honor. And they won, despite the greatest efforts put forth by their powerful enemy, and laid the foundation for the freedom of the world.

There is not a free nation on earth that does not remember the Fourth of July, no matter what their own festival day may be. Shall we fail in our manifest duty to observe the day with loyal and patriotic celebration in honor of the memory of those who made our nation possible?

## TODAY'S ANNIVERSARIES.

JULY 3.

1737—John Singleton Copley, one of the greatest portrait painters of his time, born in Boston. Died in London, Sept. 9, 1815.

1852—A branch of the United States Mint was established in San Francisco.

1862—Great destruction of life and property by an earthquake in the Philippines.

1869—An Arctic exploring party under the leadership of Dr. I. I. Hayes sailed from St. John's Newfoundland.

1894—President Cleveland ordered Federal troops to Chicago on account of the great railroad strike.

1898—Admiral Cervera's Spanish fleet, attempting to escape from Santiago, was destroyed by the American squadron.

1915—Gen. Gouraud, commanding the French forces at the Dardanelles, reported wounded.

1916—Germans failed in attack on Thiaumont, near Verdun.

1917—Battalion of American troops enthusiastically welcomed in Paris.

## IN THE DAY'S NEWS.

JULY 3.

A man whose name is appearing frequently in the cable despatches these days is Rt. Hon. Ian MacPherson, Chief Secretary for Ireland, and the Minister responsible to the House of Commons for the current administration of the country. A naive of Inverness, Mr. MacPherson was educated at Edinburgh university, where he won high distinction as a scholar. His public career dates from 1911, when he was returned to Parliament. As private secretary to two successive Undersecretaries for War, he proved his worth, filling his post with energy and capacity, and when, in 1916, Lord Derby vacated the office to take over the Ministry for War in Lloyd George's Government, Mr. MacPherson succeeded him as Undersecretary for War. This position he continued to fill until he was appointed to his present important post in Dublin.

## TODAY'S BIRTHDAYS.

JULY 3.

Habibulla Khan, Ameer of Afghanistan, who has been making a display of hostility toward the British, born 47 years ago today.

John Alexander Steuart, well known novelist and journalist, born in Scotland, 58 years ago today.

Charlotte Perkins Gilman, noted author, sociologist and lecturer, born at Hartford, Conn., 59 years ago today.

Helen M. Warrum, celebrated operatic singer, born at Greenfield, Ind., 27 years ago today.

Dr. Joseph S. Ames, professor of physics in Johns Hopkins University, born at Manchester, Vt., 55 years ago today.

## A NOVELETTE.

As the first pale ray of dawn stole into his narrow bedroom, Chesterfield Jones' eyes opened.

He blinked dazedly, trying to remember.

Then, in a flash all came back to him. He listened intently, then, noiselessly, he threw back the bedclothes. Cautiously he put one leg out of bed, followed it by the other, and he was completely out.

Again he listened. Not a sound. He drew a long breath and crept along the cold, creaking hall, down the cold, creaking stairs, into the cold but not creaking parlor.

Warily he made his way to the mantel.

Yes! There in the still dim light, he could see them!

"Ha, ha!" he chuckled. "He's left 'em again!"

He drew up a chair. It scraped with a harsh noise along the hardwood floor, and Chesterfield Jones, scarcely daring to breathe, cowered in fear until he was assured that no one had heard.

Climbing on the chair, he removed from the mantel the three cigars that his big sister Amelia's best bet had forgotten to tuck back in his vest pocket when he left the night before. "They got hands on 'em," snorted Chesterfield Jones, ecstatically. "Pop'll gimme a dime for these!"

And he crept his cold and creaking way back to bed.—Detroit Free Press.

Trade-union organization is reported to have been greatly advanced among French women during the period of the war.

## TO CELEBRATE THE FOURTH WITH ELABORATE PROGRAM

Soldiers of Fort McIntosh Will Observe Glorious Fourth Tomorrow With Exercises Various Kinds.

The soldiers of Fort McIntosh will observe the glorious Fourth tomorrow with exercises commensurate with the observance of Independence Day and at this time when victory has come to the nations of the world through the help given for that purpose by the arms of the United States.

The exercises at the post will begin tomorrow morning with a concert by the 37th Infantry Band, followed by athletic events, addresses and other exercises in the forenoon, the firing of the national salute at noon, then boxing events, athletic events and baseball in the afternoon. Music will be furnished throughout the day by the 37th Infantry Band.

## HEBBRONVILLE BARBECUE FOR THEIR SOLDIER BOYS

Citizens of Jim Hogg Metropolis Will Give Glorious Feast on July 4 in Honor of Their Soldier Boys.

Tomorrow, the glorious Fourth, will be observed by the citizens of Hebbroville, the metropolis of Jim Hogg county, with a grand barbecue and public speaking which takes place from 10 o'clock tomorrow morning until noon, the occasion being in honor of the soldier boys of Jim Hogg county who served as defenders of Old Glory in the recent world war.

Quite a number of Laredoites will attend as invited guests, and one of the principal speakers of the day will be Captain Robert Lee Bobbitt of this city, while some of the Hebbroville soldier boys will also make addresses and tell those assembled of their experiences "over there."

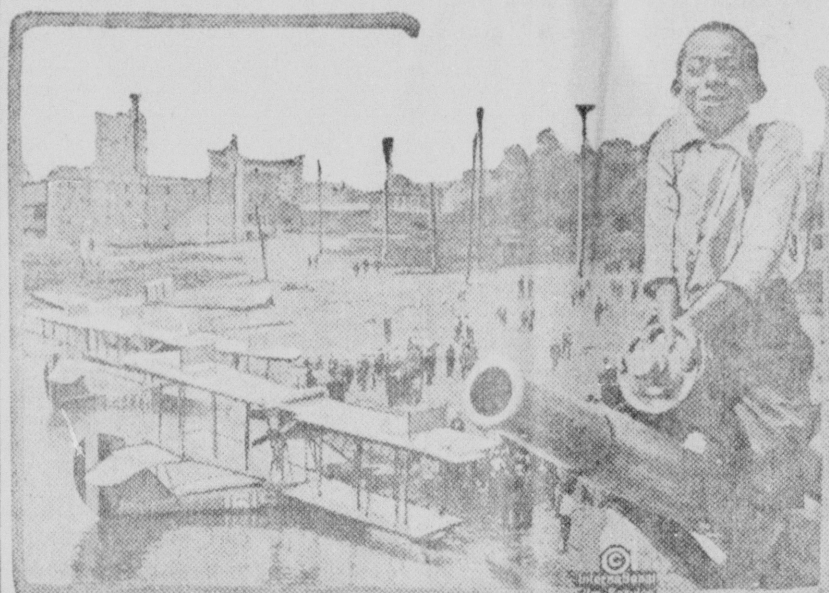
## Chamberlain's Tablets.

These tablets are intended especially for stomach troubles, biliousness and constipation. If you have any trouble of this sort, give them a trial and realize for yourself what a first class medicine will do for you. They only cost a quarter.

## CHICHESTER'S PILLS

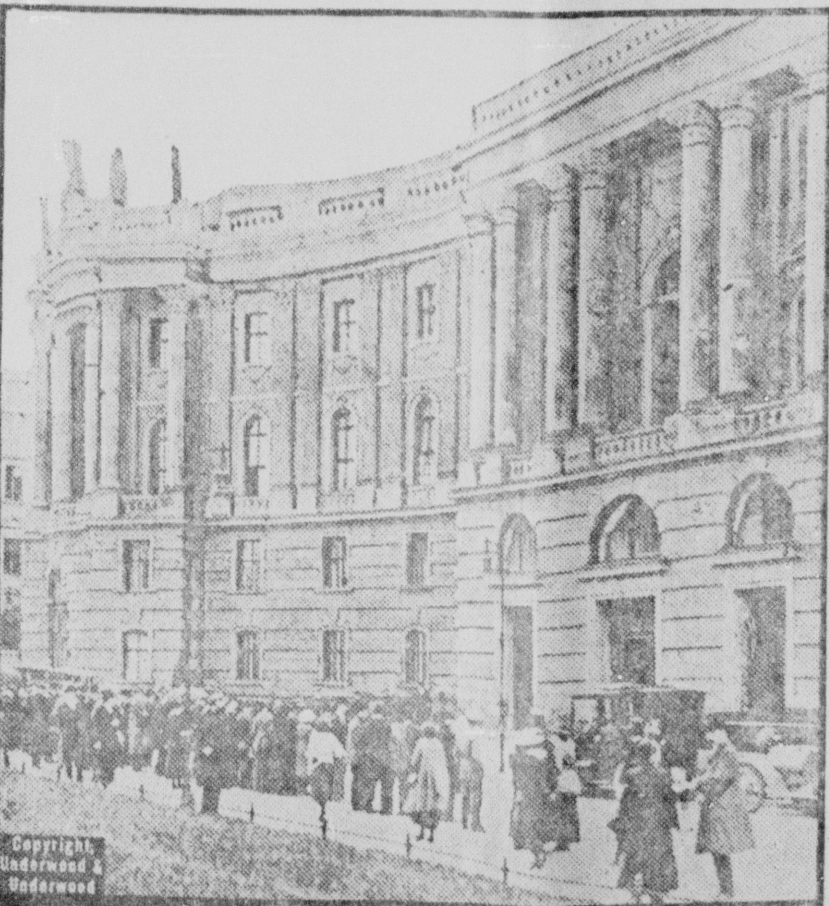
Indigestion, Acid, Bile, Headache, Constipation, Biliousness, Stomach Troubles, etc. Take no other. Price of your Druggist. Ask for CHICHESTER'S PILLS. For 35 years known as Best, Safest, Always Reliable. SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

## NAVY PLANES ON MISSISSIPPI RIVER



Three naval seaplanes moored on the shore of the Mississippi river at Memphis being viewed by a crowd of spectators. The planes are part of the fleet which includes submarines, sub chasers and destroyers, sent on a tour of the Mississippi river towns and cities to stimulate recruiting for the navy. At the right is seen a little colored boy astride a gun on a sub chaser.

## PRESENT SEAT OF GERMAN GOVERNMENT



This is the main building of the University of Berlin, which is now the seat of the German government.

## TO WIDEN LAREDO STREETS IN THE BUSINESS SECTION

MOVEMENT EXTENDED TO ITURBIDE, LINCOLN AND HIDALGO.

Property Owners of Those Streets Realize They Must Get Busy to Hold Their Place in Business Section.

"The street widening propaganda started by the widening of Farragut street from Flores Avenue west to the I. & G. N. railway station is gaining impetus and bids fair to become widespread in Laredo," said Mayor Robert McComb in conversation with The Times reporter yesterday, "and right now there is a movement in its nucleus to have Iturbide street, one of the best business streets of the city, and also the narrowest, undergo the same widening process that has been undertaken on Farragut street. The owners of property along Iturbide street realize that widening is necessary if that street is to hold its place as a business thoroughfare, otherwise the business is going northward to streets that will not be congested when traffic becomes heavy. I hope that the property owners of Iturbide and other narrow streets will take into consideration the fact that it is to their interest to provide for the widening of Iturbide street to maintain its place as an important business thoroughfare."

Thus, in his foresight, Mayor McComb rejoices at the fact that wide awake business men and property owners have come to a realization that there is nothing that adds to the general appearance and contributes to the commercial value of a business thoroughfare than a wide, roomy street where traffic is not obstructed by narrow pathways. Street paving is to be undertaken in Laredo within the next year or so, and when that time arrives it is earnestly hoped that such important streets in the business section of Laredo as Iturbide, Lincoln and Hidalgo will undertake the matter of setting back many of the business houses and making of them streets wide enough to give them a dignified appearance. Some property owners on Hidalgo street are likewise starting a movement to "set back" to meet the coming demands of that street as a commercial thoroughfare if it is to maintain its prestige as a business street.

There is nothing that adds to the appearance of the business district of a city as wide streets. Business will go to wide streets—not narrow ones.

## NEARLY FIVE INCHES RAIN FELL IN LAREDO LAST MONTH

Unprecedented Rainfall During Month of June Has Given Laredo the Appearance of Springtime.

While the month of June was one of the "rainiest" summer months ever experienced in Laredo and there were about twelve or fifteen days on which there were good rains or light showers, the total precipitation for the entire month amounted to only 4.97 inches, and of this total there was one big, heavy rain that aggregated 1.94 inches. However, nearly five inches of rain fell here during the erstwhile sublime month of June, and that is going some.

From present indications the month of July bids fair to surpass the month of June in rainfall, for the month was virtually ushered in with a good rain and showers have been in evidence ever since. There was .25 of an inch of rain here yesterday afternoon, and more rain fell this morning. As a result of all the moisture during the month of June Laredo gardens and shrubbery all present a springtime appearance, in fact the trees are in full foliage, many homes are almost covered by vines and plant life generally is enjoying a recuperative spell at this season of the year never before experienced in Laredo in what is supposed to be midsummer—but in name only.

## WIFE MURDERED AMERICAN HAS ARRIVED FROM MEXICO

Mrs. Joe Correll, Whose Husband Murdered by Mexican Bandits, Is Enroute Home in Ada, Oklahoma.

Mrs. Joe Correll, whose husband was murdered by Mexican bandits on his farm near Tampico several days ago arrived in Laredo this morning from Mexico accompanied by her son, Joe, and leave tonight for their old home in Ada, Oklahoma, where they will again reside.

After Correll was murdered by the bandits his wife was insulted and shown many indignities, while the bandits fired several shots at the son. Mrs. Correll, who is an Indian woman, passed through here with her husband and son several months ago en route to Tampico, where Correll went to engage in agricultural pursuits and was doing well.

## GEOLOGISTS

We specialize in field examinations for oil and gas.

CORRESPONDENCE INVITED. MILLER, ROW AND ENGLISH

427 Gunter Bld'g. San Antonio, Texas

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.

## CHAMPIONSHIP HEAVYWEIGHT BATTLES SINCE 1880.

May 30, 1880—Paddy Ryan defeated Joe Goss in 87 rounds at Collier's Station, W. Va.

Feb. 7, 1882—John L. Sullivan defeated Paddy Ryan in 9 rounds, at Mississippi City.

April 20, 1882—Sullivan knocked out John McDermott in 3 rounds at Rochester, N. Y.

July 4, 1882—Sullivan knocked out Jimmy Elliott in 3 rounds at New York.

May 14, 1883—Sullivan defeated Charlie Mitchell in 3 rounds at New York.

Aug. 6, 1883—Sullivan defeated Herbert Slade in 3 rounds at New York.

Nov. 10, 1884—Sullivan defeated John M. Laflin in 3 rounds at New York.

Nov. 17, 1884—Sullivan defeated Alf Greenfield in 2 rounds at New York.

Jan. 19, 1885—Sullivan-Paddy Ryan bout in New York stopped by police in first round.

June 13, 1885—Sullivan defeated Jack Burke in 5 rounds in Chicago.

Aug. 29, 1885—Sullivan defeated Dominick McCaffrey in 6 rounds at Cincinnati.

Sept. 18, 1886—Sullivan knocked out Frank Herald in 2 rounds at Allegheny, Pa.

Nov. 13, 1886—Sullivan knocked out Paddy Ryan in 3 rounds at San Francisco.

Jan. 18, 1887—Sullivan fought 6-round draw with Patsy Cardiff at Minneapolis.

March 10, 1888—Sullivan fought 39-round draw with Charlie Mitchell at Chantilly, France.

July 8, 1889—Sullivan defeated Jake Kilrain in 75 rounds at Richburg, Miss.

Sept. 7, 1892—James J. Corbett knocked out Sullivan in 21 rounds at New Orleans.

Jan. 25, 1894—Corbett knocked out Charlie Mitchell in 3 rounds at Jacksonville, Fla.

Sept. 7, 1894—Corbett knocked out Peter Courtney in 6 rounds at Orange, New Jersey.

June 24, 1896—Corbett fought 4-round draw with Tom Sharkey at San Francisco.

March 17, 1897—Bob Fitzsimmons knocked out Corbett in 14 rounds at Carson City, Nev.

June 9, 1899—James J. Jeffries knocked out Fitzsimmons in 11 rounds at Coney Island.

Nov. 3, 1899—Jeffries won decision over Tom Sharkey in 25 rounds at Coney Island.

April 6, 1900—Jeffries knocked out Jack Finnegan in 1 round at Detroit.

May 11, 1900—Jeffries knocked out James J. Corbett in 23 rounds at Coney Island.

Sept. 17, 1901—Jeffries defeated Hank Griffin in 4 rounds at Los Angeles.

Sept. 24, 1901—Jeffries knocked out Joe Kennedy in 2 rounds at Los Angeles.

Nov. 15, 1901—Jeffries knocked out Gus Ruhlin in 5 rounds at San Francisco.

July 25, 1902—Jeffries knocked out Bob Fitzsimmons in 8 rounds at San Francisco.

Jan. 14, 1903—Jeffries knocked out James J. Corbett in 10 rounds at San Francisco.

Dec. 19, 1903—Jeffries failed to stop Jack Munroe in 4 rounds at Butte, Mont.

Aug. 26, 1904—Jeffries knocked out Jack Munroe in 2 rounds at San Francisco.

July 3, 1905—Jeffries retired and turned over title to Marvin Hart.

Jan. 15, 1906—Marvin Hart defeated Pat Callahan in 2 rounds at Butte, Mont.

Feb. 23, 1906—Tommy Burns defeated Marvin Hart in 20 rounds at Los Angeles.

Oct. 2, 1906—Tommy Burns knocked out Jim Flynn in 15 rounds, at Los Angeles.

Nov. 28, 1906—Tommy Burns fought 29-round draw with Jack O'Brian at Los Angeles.

Jan. 10, 1907—Tommy Burns won from Joe Grim in 3 rounds, at Philadelphia.

May 8, 1907—Tommy Burns won from Jack O'Brian in 20 rounds at Los Angeles.

July 4, 1907—Tommy Burns knocked out Bill Squires in 1 round at Colma, Calif.

Dec. 2, 1907—Tommy Burns knocked out Gunner Moir in 10 rounds at London.

Feb. 10, 1908—Tommy Burns knocked out Jack Palmer in 4 rounds at London.

March 17, 1908—Tommy Burns knocked out Jem Roche in 1 round at Dublin.

April 18, 1908—Tommy Burns knocked out Jewey Smith in 5 rounds at Paris.

June 15, 1908—Tommy Burns knocked out Bill Squires in 8 rounds at Paris.

August 24, 1904—Tommy Burns knocked out Bill Squires in 15 rounds at Sydney, N. S. W.

September 2, 1908—Tommy Burns knocked out Bill Lang in 6 rounds at Melbourne.

December 26, 1908—Jack Johnson defeated Tommy Burns in 14 rounds at Sydney, N. S. W.

October 16, 1909—Johnson knocked out Stanley Ketchel in 12 rounds at Colma, Calif.

July 4, 1910—Johnson knocked out James J. Jeffries in 15 rounds at Reno, Nev.

July 4, 1912—Johnson won from Jim

Flynn in 9 rounds at Las Vegas, N. M.

June 27, 1914—Johnson won from Frank Moran in 20 rounds at Paris.

April 5, 1915—Jess Willard knocked out Johnson in 26 rounds at Havana.

March 26, 1916—Willard defeated Frank Moran in 10 rounds at New York.

July 4, 1919—? ? ? ?

## BRITISH GENERALS IN WAR.

Just what were the movements of Lord French before the battle of the Marne which "filled the British cabinet with consternation," according to Mr. Asquith, is told plainly in French's own account. On Aug. 30, 1914, says Viscount French:

"I dispatched a letter to Lord Kitchener in which the following passage occurs: 'I feel very seriously the absolute necessity for retaining in my hands complete independence of action and power to retire toward my base, should circumstances render it necessary.'"

It was undoubtedly this suggestion that Lord French contemplated breaking away from the French army and bringing about a situation like the one that the world feared after Ludendorff's drive for Amiens in the spring of 1918, which brought Kitchener to Paris. Lord French's statement to Kitchener on Aug. 30 is all the more remarkable because of his own account of a meeting of the British commanders at Compiègne the day before:

"Sir Horace Smith-Dorrien gave it as his opinion that the only course open to us was to retire to our base, thoroughly refit, re-embark, and then to land at some favorable point on the coast line. I refused to listen to what was the equivalent of a counsel of despair."

Apparently Kitchener thought the same thing when the same plan was put forward the next day by French himself.—New York Evening Post.

## A SWISS SYSTEM DEMONSTRATION.

"The Junior Plattsburg," which has opened as a private venture as a boys' training camp, is this summer to come under the control of Major General John E. O'Ryan, who returns to the command of the National Guard of New York, and according to a formal announcement, is to be made a practical demonstration of the Swiss system of military training, with the necessary adaptations to American conditions. This system was strongly advocated by the late Colonel Roosevelt and is supported by Dr. Charles W. Eliot, president emeritus of Roosevelt's alma mater. It is will have many friends in the new congress. It depends for broad efficiency, of course, on adoption by the nation for all the states.

It, between certain ages, two months a year are given by all boys to camp training, the country should always have, as Switzerland has, a partially fit army reserve, including all able-bodied male adults living under the flag. General O'Ryan means to give most attention in the junior Plattsburg experiment to raising the physical condition of the boys who come, to general discipline, to the creation of morale. But the scheme will also include study of mechanics, study of aviation and rudimentary military drill.

The large and growing number of Americans who see in universal military training a better alternative for universal military service in peace times will center their attention on the "Junior Plattsburg." That we shall have no more wars is a hope rather than a faith. If we must be ready to defend ourselves, the Swiss system has many advantages.—Brooklyn Eagle.

## RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

### Texas-Mexican.

Train No. 1 leaves for Corpus Christi at 12:50 p. m.

Train No. 2 arrives from Corpus Christi at 3:35 p. m.

International & Great Northern.

Through fast train for St. Louis leaves at 8:30 a. m. and arrives at 2:50 p. m.

Night Train.

Leaves at 9 p. m. and arrives at 8 a. m.

Rio Grande & Eagle Pass.

Train No. 1 leaves Laredo daily except Sunday at 8:30 a. m. Arrives at Minera at 10:20 a. m.

Train No. 2 leaves Minera daily except Sunday at 11 a. m. Arrives at Laredo at 3:15 p. m.

Mrs. Burns' Letter.

Here is a letter that is certain to prove of interest to people in this vicinity, as cases of this sort occur in almost every neighborhood, and people should know what to do in like circumstances:

Savannah, Mo., Oct. 12, 1916.

"I used a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy about nine years ago and it cured me of flux (dysentery). I had another attack of the same complaint some three of four years ago and a few doses of this remedy cured me. I have recommended Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy to dozens of people since I first used



TODAY'S BIRTHDAYS.

JULY 4.  
Lord Sydenham of Combe, former member of the British War Ministry, born 71 years ago today.  
Stephen T. Matther, director of national parks of the United States Government, born in San Francisco, 52 years ago today.  
Lieut. Col. Ulysses S. Grant, 3rd, U. S. A., grandson of the victor at Appomattox, born in Illinois, 38 years ago today.  
Calvin Coolidge, the present governor of Massachusetts, born at Plymouth, Vt., 47 years ago today.  
Joseph Pennell, celebrated artist, illustrator and author, born in Philadelphia, 59 years ago today.  
George M. Cohan, actor, manager and playwright, born at Providence, R. I., 42 years ago today.

TODAY'S EVENTS.

Today begins the 144th year of the independence of the United States. Independence Day is to be celebrated in Washington with a grand international pageant and peace festival.  
American troops overseas will celebrate Independence Day with a parade in Paris, to be reviewed by the President of the French Republic.  
Manistee, Mich., plans to celebrate Independence Day by launching the first ocean-going vessel ever built at the shipyards in that city.  
The annual convention of the Texas Good Roads Association will open at Corpus Christi today and continue in session over tomorrow.  
The annual convention of the National Education Association, which held forth in Milwaukee this week, will conclude its sessions today.  
Maj. Gen. William M. Wright, U. S. A., is to be the chief speaker at a Statewide celebration to be held in Topeka today in honor of the returned Kansas soldiers.  
The Duke of Westminster's famous portrait of "Mrs. Siddons as The Tragic Muse," by Sir Joshua Reynolds, is to be offered for sale at public auction in London today.  
The highest peak in the Black Hills is to be named today Mount Theodore Roosevelt, with mountain-top ceremonies at which Gen. Leonard Wood will be the orator and which will be attended by Governor Norbeck and members of the South Dakota legislature.

Chamberlain's Tablets.

These tablets are intended especially for stomach troubles, biliousness and constipation. If you have any trouble of this sort, give them a trial and realize for yourself what a first class medicine will do for you. They only cost a quarter.

IN THE DAY'S NEWS.

JULY 4.  
Sir Thomas Shaughnessy, who may become the first Governor General of Ireland if that country is made a Dominion, is the president of the Canadian Pacific Railway, and one of the greatest figures in the entire railway world. Sir Thomas was born in Milwaukee in 1852. He began the battle of life on his own account when 16 years of age, obtaining employment in the purchasing department of the Milwaukee and St. Paul road. His progress was steady and rapid and promotion followed promotion. In 1882 he entered the service of the Canadian Pacific as general purchasing agent. Optimism and tireless energy, combined with unique ability in railroad management, were the keystones of his success. In 1899 Mr. Shaughnessy became president of the Canadian Pacific and the controlling genius of the great road. In 1901 King Edward conferred on him the order of knighthood. During the late war Sir Thomas rendered invaluable services to the allied cause, placing the great resources of the Canadian Pacific and his own wonderful organizing and administrative ability at the disposal of the empire.

NO MORE USE.

Breakfast time was still a poem to the young couple, when he would sit and beam as she poured out the coffee daintily.  
"Darling," she said, when they had finished, "will you do a little business for me in town today?"  
He vowed he would do anything.  
"I want a mouse trap," she told him.  
"Another, pet?" he asked, in surprise. "Why, I bought you one only the day before yesterday."  
"I know you did, darling," she cooed, "but there's mouse in that one."

Queen Wilhelmina of Holland is one of the few European rulers whose popularity with her subjects appears to have been enhanced by the war. Everywhere Her Majesty appears Bed these days she has been hailed as the emblem and symbol of Holland's row, Burr, Jennings, Bell and Tratt unity.



Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt  
Society Editor

Phone 78 Phone 48

SOCIAL CALENDAR.

Friday.  
There will be a program given at 10 o'clock in the morning at Fort McIntosh in the bandstand on the parade ground. Every one is cordially invited to attend.  
The Methodist Sunday School will hold a picnic on the Seminary Campus beginning at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.  
Saturday.  
The Boy Scouts of Troop No. 2 will have a called meeting at 8 o'clock in the evening.  
There will be a dance at the Soldier's Club in the evening.

The Wharves of God.  
I will discover all of you some day. In a cool darkness, if so Heaven wills. My fingers shall be flocks over your hills.  
My kisses birds that light and flash away;  
And in a rose bay fringed with golden-rod,  
Beyond a sea most infinitely deep, I'll ride at anchor at the port of sleep  
And stand, a man, before the wharves of God!

All this shall be when earth and sea and sky  
Have claimed your every loveliness they gave;  
Their beauty, touched of you, will hidden lie  
In perfectness that only I shall know.  
Until that day, the world's paths or the grave—  
All's one to me, the selfsame daily woe.

—Salomon de la Selva.

General Mention.

Miss Maxine Taylor left at noon yesterday for Houston to spend the week-end with friends.

Julian M. de Villar Jr. of Kansas City is visiting his father, Prof. Julian M. de Villar.

Rev. J. Ward and grandson, Edward Biggio, have returned from a short visit to San Antonio.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Christian Church did not meet yesterday afternoon as announced on account of the inclement weather.

Mrs. G. R. Weber and little son, Raymond Westbrook, will arrive in the city Saturday for a two weeks' visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Westbrook.

Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Bobbitt are expected Saturday from Hebronville, where they attended the grand barbecue given for the returned soldiers.

Edward Wright and Pat Elstetter left yesterday for Corpus Christi for a short stay. While there, they will be the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Wright.

Genral Claude B. Gullette, after a short stay left last night for San Antonio and Houston, where he will visit his mother for a few days.

Dr. and Mrs. Jerry Ward and family left yesterday morning to visit relatives near Yorktown, Texas.

Mrs. L. Daiches and children, accompanied by the Misses Kleinsmith of Victoria, went to Corpus Christi for a few days.

Col. and Mrs. Brooke Payne are expected in the city tomorrow, to be the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Asher Smith.

Mrs. Sue Smith will leave on Monday for Tyler, Texas, to enter the Tyler Commercial College.

Mr. P. T. Wiggins arrived in the city yesterday from Sulphur, La., to join his family in a visit to Judge and Mrs. Hal W. Greer.

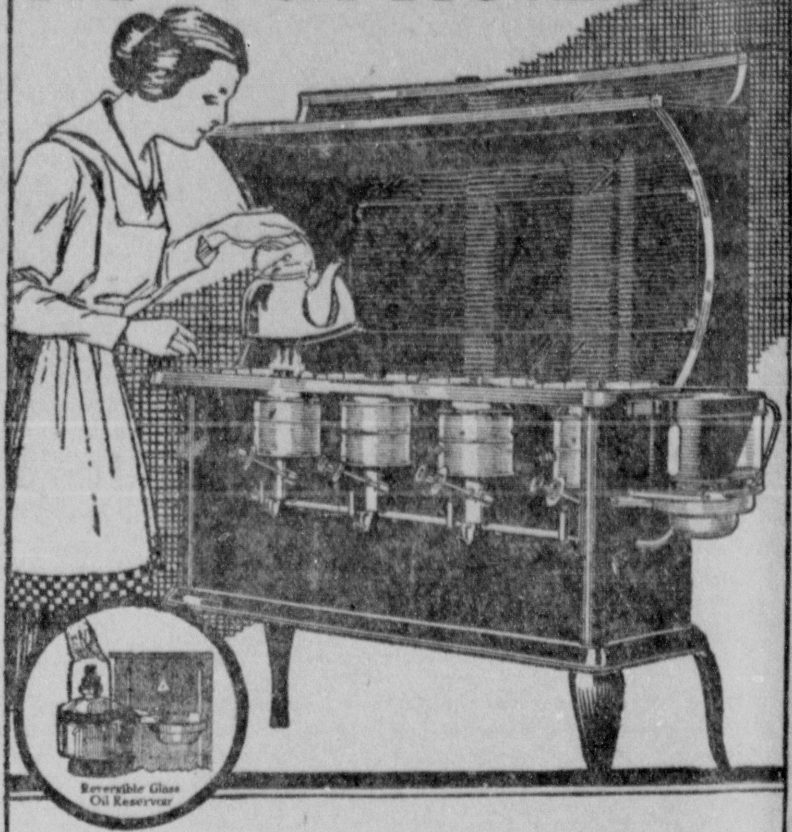
Victor Sauvignat left last night for San Antonio to visit his aunt, Mrs. Benavides. He will also visit his aunt Mrs. Desco, in Dallas, before returning home.

Club Notes.

The four circles of the W. M. U. had a general meeting at the church yesterday afternoon. The regular mission study was conducted by Circle C. and led by Mrs. J. G. Burr, with "Planning for the Year's Work," as the subject. The regular business session followed the mission study. The members later adjourned to the home of the pastor, where an informal reception was held to meet Mrs. W. S. Patrick, who was Miss Lena Franklin until last Sunday. Circle B served a dainty ice course, and the plate favors were sprays of daisies tied in white and yellow, the colors of the circle. The personnel included the honor guest, Mrs. W. S. Patrick, and to have been enhanced by the war. Everywhere Her Majesty appears Bed these days she has been hailed as the emblem and symbol of Holland's row, Burr, Jennings, Bell and Tratt unity.

# PURITAN

## OIL COOK STOVES



"BOILING, simmering and baking can all be done at the same time—the Puritan gives just the right heat for each. You set your utensil in a clean, hot flame that comes up through the grate—like gas."

From Puritan advertising—Country Gentleman—May 3, 1919.

Easy cooking hours—and a clean, cool kitchen always. Flame indicator on each burner shows low, medium, high—at full heat the indicator's automatic wick stop prevents smoking. Burners are brass—last for years.

Reversible Glass Oil Reservoir

A clean, quick way to handle the ideal cooking fuel—kerosene oil.

Puritan stoves are sold by reliable dealers everywhere. Look for the Triangle trade mark.

See your dealer or write for free Puritan booklet No. 24.

THE CLEVELAND METAL PRODUCTS CO.  
7310 Platt Avenue Cleveland, Ohio

DEALERS NOTE—

The Magnolia Petroleum Company is the distributor of these products in your locality. Complete stocks are carried by them at conveniently located points.



TODAY'S ANNIVERSARIES.

JULY 4.

1804—A weekly mail-stage commenced to run between Philadelphia and Pittsburgh.

1856—Dedication of the Washington equestrian statue in Union Square, New York City.

1857—Cornerstone laid for the Henry Clay monument in the cemetery at Lexington, Ky.

1869—Great Scandinavian meeting at Copenhagen to urge a closer political union of Norway, Sweden and Denmark.

1880—The second centennial of the discovery of the Falls of St. Anthony was celebrated at Minneapolis.

1884—Statewide prohibition went into effect in Iowa.

1889—Convention met at Helena to frame a Constitution for the State of Montana.

1915—For the third successive day the Turks made a desperate attack on the Allied position at the Dardanelles and were driven back with heavy loss.

1916—Germans again captured Thlaumont field work near Verdun.

1917—American troops paraded in Paris in celebration of Independence Day.

ONE YEAR AGO TODAY IN THE WAR.

JULY 4.

British and French advanced on the Asiago plateau.

Americans and Australians captured Hamel, south of the Somme.

President Wilson in speech at Mount Vernon restated United States war purposes.

Lame Shoulder.

This ailment is usually caused by rheumatism of the muscles. All that is needed is absolute rest and a few applications of Chamberlain's Liniment. Try it.



BELL'S FOR INDIGESTION

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c per month.

## SUMMER EXCURSION RATES

TO

### Corpus Christi, Texas

#### \$6.40

Tickets on sale every Friday and Saturday good for TEN DAYS from date of sale.

#### \$7.70

Tickets on sale daily; good for NINETY DAYS from date of sale.

C. M. FISH,

Traffic Manager.

# JACK DEMPSEY IS CHAMPION OF THE WORLD

## WILLARD THROWING UP SPONGE IN DEFEAT

After Third Round the Former Champion Acknowledged Dempsey's Victory by the Conventional Signal, and Gave Up the Unequal Fight--Heat Kept Many Away from the Great Arena.

### NEGRO TROOPERS IN ARIZONA ARRESTED

FIGHT STARTED WHEN NEGRO SOLDIER MADE REMARK IN FRONT OF CLUB HOUSE.

By Associated Press.  
Bisbee, Ariz., July 4.—Fourteen soldiers of the Tenth United States cavalry (colored) are under arrest today as the result of a fight last night between the negroes and civilians, during which over a hundred shots were fired. Three colored soldiers, Deputy Sheriff Hardwick and a Mexican woman were wounded. The trouble started over an alleged remark of a military policeman while passing the club. The negroes are here for a parade from Fort Huachuca under command of Colonel White.

### PREMIER'S REPORT CAUSED SURPRISE

CHIEF JUSTICE WHITE MAY BE AMERICAN JUDGE TO TRY THE FORMER KAISER.

By Associated Press.  
London, July 4.—The only surprise in Premier Lloyd George's report on the peace conference to the house of commons yesterday was the announcement that the former German emperor would be tried in London. The decision to bring the ex-monarch to London with other prominent accused persons was a well-kept secret, and it is understood that Lloyd George is responsible for the proposal. Five judges, representing the American, British, French, Italian and Japanese governments, will constitute the court, according to the terms of the treaty. Earl Reading, lord chief justice, will sit for Great Britain, and Edward Douglas White, chief justice of the supreme court of the United States, is regarded as the logical choice of the American government.

Surprise to Conference.  
Paris, July 4.—Premier Lloyd George's statement yesterday regarding the trial of the former German emperor was a surprise to the American peace delegation and conference members generally. It was freely stated in these circles that nothing had been communicated to them regarding the decision of the council of three as to the details of the trial. It is declared that nothing is known here further than what is provided in the peace treaty terms.

Be Approved Unconditionally.  
Zurich, July 4.—The peace treaty will be approved unconditionally by the German national assembly in Weimar tomorrow, according to the Nouvelle Gazette.

FEW OBEYED CALL.

By Associated Press.  
Chicago, July 4.—Comparatively few workers in the Chicago district obeyed the call for a peaceful five-day strike as a protest against the conviction of Thomas Mooney and Warren Billings, labor leaders imprisoned in California, which began today. Labor leaders declared very few workers left their places.

REACHED NEW BRUNSWICK.

By Associated Press.  
St. Johns, New Brunswick, July 4.—The British dirigible R-34 reached Notre Dame Bay at 6 o'clock today. It passed over St. Johns at noon, coming sufficiently near the ground to be seen by citizens and dropping a mail bag for the governor. It is believed now that the ship probably will reach New York Saturday morning.

By Associated Press.

Jack Dempsey in three bloody rounds, during which the issue was never in doubt, attained the world's premier fistic honors by defeating Jess Willard. Willard tossed up the sponge at the end of the third round. In the first round Dempsey sent home a body blow from which the big fellow never recovered. The gong alone saved him from defeat in this round, for with swollen cheeks, his right eye closed, Dempsey knocked him down or threw him helpless against the ropes seven times. Dempsey thought he had won when the gong sounded and had to be brought back into the ring. Willard, who towered above his antagonist like a lighthouse above a tug, acted like a sick man. He was beaten and he knew it, as he swung wildly and feebly, while his relentless antagonist pounded home blows like a great riveting machine. There were cries of "Stop it!" "It's murder!" Jess managed to last out the third round and sank into his corner, where he was given spirits. He then quit. Willard said Dempsey was the hardest hitter he ever had to face.

Toledo, Ohio, July 4.—At 3:30 this afternoon Jess Willard of Lawrence, Kansas, and Jack Dempsey of Salt Lake City will meet in a twelve-round boxing match to decide the heavyweight championship of the world. It is stated in their respective quarters that both slept well and are ready for the contest. From both managers and principals came renewed expressions of confidence. While the original hour of 3 o'clock remains unchanged, the promoters and managers agreed that owing to announcements and other details it probably would be 3:30 before the fight begins. The crowd gathered slowly. When the gates opened at 10:15 this morning only a couple of thousand spectators were waiting. The sky is clear and a cool breeze is blowing. The first preliminary at 10 o'clock was delayed by the slow arrival of the A blazing sun that sent the mercury soaring to 120 degrees sapped the enthusiasm of the thousands who sat through a three-hour wait for the Dempsey-Willard bout. The preliminaries attracted attention chiefly from the contestants' seconds. The crowd was too busy trying to keep from heat prostration. The band failed in its efforts to produce a little "jazz," as their instruments were too hot and the snare drum peepless.

Shortly before Willard and Dempsey entered the ring for the championship contest, less than 30,000 persons were in the stand, which was built to accommodate 80,000. A scorching sun sent penetrating blasts on the willing spectators, while the temperature sent the mercury up to 120 degrees. It was predicted that the total attendance would not exceed 40,000.

When Willard and Dempsey went into the ring only a little more than a half of the 80,000 seats were filled. The temperature stood at 115 degrees, with a puffy breeze giving little relief.

Willard landed first blow, a light left to head, following with right and left to head. Dempsey hooked a left to the stomach. Dempsey knocked Willard down with right to jaw twice, the champion taking the count of six each time. Just as the round ended Dempsey again knocked Willard down with left and right to chin.

Second Round.  
Dempsey rushed Willard to his corner, pounding his jaw with rights and lefts. The champion's right eye was closed from the blows. Dempsey walked around Willard, carefully measuring him with rights and lefts. Willard seemed dazed. Willard staggered to his corner.

Third Round.  
Dempsey hit Willard twice with lefts to jaw. Dempsey sent a right to the jaw and a left to the body. Dempsey peppered lefts to Willard's jaw without return. Dempsey backed the champion to the ropes and hammered him with lefts and rights to the jaw and body. Dempsey hit right and left to the champion's mouth. Willard landed a stinging upper cut to Dempsey's jaw and Dempsey retaliated with a left to the jaw. Dempsey hit the champion again as the bell rang.

### CANDIDO AGUILAR DENIES THE REPORT

SAYS HE DID NOT GIVE GUARANTEES AS TO NEW PETROLEUM LAWS IN MEXICO.

By Associated Press.  
Mexico City, July 4.—The statement that General Candido Aguilar gave the United States and other powers guarantees that the Mexican petroleum law being framed would not contain provisions objected to is denied in a cablegram from Aguilar in New York and made public here today.

TOO DEEP FOR HIM.

An ambitious young author sent a humorous paragraph to the editor of a daily paper. Time passed, and he heard nothing, nor was it printed. So he wrote to inquire about it.  
"I sent you a joke about ten days ago. I have heard nothing respecting its safe receipt, and should be glad to hear whether you have seen it."

The editor's reply was as follows: "Your joke arrived safely, but up to the present we have not seen it."

### REVOLUTION IN PERU WITHOUT BLOODSHED

HEADED BY FORMER PRESIDENT CACERES AND CONTROL TURNED OVER TO PRESIDENT-ELECT.

By Associated Press.  
Lima, Peru, July 4.—A revolution broke out here at 3 o'clock this morning. President Pardo and members of his cabinet have been imprisoned. A presidential election was held in Peru in May, the result of which has been disputed.  
The revolutionary movement was headed by General Caceres, the former president, and was accomplished without bloodshed. Caceres later relinquished control to Señor Legia, the president-elect.

### WASHINGTON POLICE TAKE PRECAUTIONS

PUBLIC BUILDINGS AND HOMES OF OFFICIALS GUARDED AGAINST BOMB OUTRAGES.

By Associated Press.  
Washington, July 4.—Every possible precaution has been taken here today to prevent possible anarchist outrages. All public buildings and homes of public officials are guarded and individuals suspected of anarchist tendencies are under close surveillance.

Ref. The start of the fight, set for 3 o'clock, was delayed an hour.

Dempsey entered the ring at 3:57 and Willard entered at 3:58. Dempsey took the corner with the sun at his back. Pictures of the fighters were taken at 4:07 o'clock. Referee Pecord gave his instructions, and time was called at 4:09½.

First Round.  
Willard landed first blow, a light left to head, following with right and left to head. Dempsey hooked a left to the stomach. Dempsey knocked Willard down with right to jaw twice, the champion taking the count of six each time. Just as the round ended Dempsey again knocked Willard down with left and right to chin.

Second Round.  
Dempsey rushed Willard to his corner, pounding his jaw with rights and lefts. The champion's right eye was closed from the blows. Dempsey walked around Willard, carefully measuring him with rights and lefts. Willard seemed dazed. Willard staggered to his corner.

Third Round.  
Dempsey hit Willard twice with lefts to jaw. Dempsey sent a right to the jaw and a left to the body. Dempsey peppered lefts to Willard's jaw without return. Dempsey backed the champion to the ropes and hammered him with lefts and rights to the jaw and body. Dempsey hit right and left to the champion's mouth. Willard landed a stinging upper cut to Dempsey's jaw and Dempsey retaliated with a left to the jaw. Dempsey hit the champion again as the bell rang.

### INFLUENZA IN BUENOS AIRES.

By Associated Press.  
Buenos Aires, July 4.—A serious epidemic of Spanish influenza has broken out here. Over 800 cases are now in the local hospitals.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Medicine. Hall's Catarrh Medicine has been taken by catarrh sufferers for the past thirty years, and has become known as the most reliable remedy for Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Medicine acts thru the Blood on the Mucous surfaces, expelling the Poison from the Blood and healing the diseased portions. After you have taken Hall's Catarrh Medicine for a short time you will see a great improvement in your general health. Start taking Hall's Catarrh Medicine at once and get rid of catarrh. Send for testimonial, free. J. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by all Druggists, Etc.



From Saturday's Daily.

### A NEW MENACE.

The Germans are turning to Mexico as their future source of raw materials, as well as their future market for a good portion of their manufactures. And they are also beginning a propaganda which, if successful, will be a menace to this country, as well as to Mexico.

Wherever the German foot has been planted, the German influence on commerce has been felt. And while the German pretends a friendship for the people with whom he deals, his every effort is directed toward strangling competition and absorbing the entire business.

No benefit to Mexico has ever resulted from her trade with Germany. The Teuton never permits the exportation to his own country of any manufactures which he can produce, and his only use for a foreign material is as a source of raw material which, without the baleful German methods, might be worked up into finished products at their source.

Brazil is an example of what the German influence has meant to the natives of the country. An entire state, the center of the coffee production, has been for years past under German domination. The Germans have bought up or absorbed the coffee plantations, have married the Brazilian heiresses and in other ways have gained control of the state, while at the same time remaining more German than some of their fellow countrymen at home.

The press of the state is practically all German. The schools are so much under German control that the people of that state have almost forgotten what their mother tongue sounds like. And the commerce and industry of the state is under German domination, so that up to the time of the American entrance into the war no goods could be shipped out of that state without the consent—and to the advantage—of the Germans.

Mexico's best interests lie in the cultivation of friendships with the states of the Western hemisphere. To the north is the powerful nation which has always been friendly to Mexico, and to the south there are other republics whose aspirations are the same as those of Mexico.

Between the Germans and the Mexicans there is nothing in common, either politically or commercially. The Mexican needs to develop his own latent resources, and the German wants him to sell the raw materials at the lowest possible prices, receiving back the finished product at a profit—to Germany.

The ideal of the Mexican is liberty; that of the German is submission to the will of the superior. The Mexican is independent by nature; the German is slavishly submissive to the state. The Mexican has native talent which the German would suppress, making all people with whom he comes in contact follow the lines of the same mold. The bed of Procrustes is the proper emblem for the German in foreign countries; he wants to fit everybody to his own measure.

It is not for any love of Mexico that the Germans want to form a commercial alliance, nor for any hope of mutual benefit. The German aim is solely the profit of Germany, and while Mexico may derive some benefit from such an association, it will be merely incidental and not of intention on the part of the Germans.

Cut off from her former colonies, Germany is forced for economic reasons to conquer new fields of exploitation. Mexico will be foolish if she falls a victim to German wiles, for the world has had an opportunity of seeing Germany in her true light during the past five years, and while there is no reason why Mexico should not trade with whom she pleases, she will do well to close her ears to the siren song from the Rhine and hesitate before offering a full and unrestricted commercial alliance with the one outlaw nation of the world.

Germany may redeem herself in the years to come, but until she has been given full and complete absolution it will be unwise to trust her. Mexico can certainly do better with both her raw materials and her manufactured goods than to give control of them to Germany, and that is what Germany aims at, no matter what she says.

### BANKERS AND THE LEAGUE.

The charge is reiterated by Senator Borah that "international bankers" are deeply interested in the league of nations, and no more Bolshevik argument was ever used by a demagogue.

Of course the bankers of the entire world are naturally interested in the success of the league, just as they are they would be alarmed by the success of the anarchists or by the assurance that the war is to continue for some years to come.

Peace such as would be brought about by the league of nations means the success of business in every part of the world, and thus means the success of the bankers, as well as of everyone else.

Even Mr. Borah would profit by the success of the league of nations, for not only the smaller nations but the smallest individuals as well are to be protected under the terms of the league covenant, and if there is anyone smaller than Senator Borah just now we have no idea who it is.

But the international bankers have no more at stake in the success or

failure of the league of nations than the rest of the world. Their success or failure is bound up with that of good government, of good business, of good legislation and of honest dealing on the part of the public.

The time has gone by when the people can be made to believe that the bankers of the world are engaged in a conspiracy to rob the rest of the people. For while some money might be made once by a crooked deal, the people would fight shy in the future and thus the bankers would have to go out of business.

The business of the world is done on credit and for this reason the bankers are a necessity. Without some one to handle the credits there would be no nations, no governments and no advancement. It is true that the bankers do business with other people's money; but it is also true that everything else does the same.

If all the money in the world were to be assembled, it would not pay one-hundredth of the world's debts. Back of the credits which are necessary to carry on business is the real wealth of the world. It is not always tangible, nor is much of it at any time convertible into liquid assets.

Were the world required to return to the old system of bartering a stone hatchet for a handful of stone arrow heads, there would be no little business that the greater part of the people would starve to death.

The farmer raises the crops which feed us and part of the raw material which clothes us; the manufacturer produces the finished product from the raw material; the merchant brings producer and consumer together. But behind all these prime factors in life is the credit without which no one could function.

Just fancy how it would be if the farmer had to haul his wheat and cotton to market and trade it for clothing and groceries; if the manufacturer had to pay his men in articles of their own manufacture which they in turn had to exchange for rent and food; if there were no railroads because of no money, no banks and no credit, and everything had to be hauled over the trails because there was no way of paying for road building!

But above all the international bankers carry on the most important business in the world, for without interchange between nations there would be little business for any of them. No nation could long exist and progress if it depended entirely upon itself as producer and consumer.

It is for this reason that the international bankers are vitally interested in the success of the league of nations. They derive their business from the people of the various nations; the people on the other hand are dependent upon the bankers for the credits that will enable them to carry on business, and unless the peace of the world is assured there will be little business done anywhere. Even the United States senate is dependent upon the league of nations, for it is only through some such arrangement that the nations as now constituted will be able to survive in this age of death-dealing agencies.

### MORE LAREDO BOYS RETURN FROM OVERSEAS SERVICES

Hooker, Beckelheimer, Claffin, Tannenbaum, Dallmer, Bugnoli and Molina Were Among Arrivals Home.

The 141st Infantry Regiment of the 36th Division, composed of Texas boys, which arrived in San Antonio several days ago and was given a grand welcoming demonstration by thousands of persons from San Antonio and outside places, had a number of Laredo boys in it, while there were also numerous young men in the organization from places not far distant from Laredo.

During the past few days a number of Laredo boys who were with the famous 141st Infantry regiment have been returning home, while others returned several months ago. Among the Laredo boys returning home yesterday were Roy B. Hooker, George Beckelheimer, Harrison Claffin, Wallace Dallmer, Charles Tannenbaum, Jr., Henry Bugnoli and Francisco D. Molina, all of whom were with the 141st Infantry and saw service in numerous battles "over there."

### REMOVAL OF RESTRICTIONS ON EXPORTATION OF MONEY

Treasury Department Order Putting Ban on Gold and Silver and Currency to Mexico is Removed.

The measure put in effect by the treasury department about two years ago placing a limit on the amount of gold and silver coin, bullion and United States currency which could be exported from the United States to foreign countries, and especially Mexico, and which from time to time was changed until the export of these classes of United States moneys was practically prohibited even in the smallest amount, has been removed by the treasury department.

The restrictions were put into effect in August, 1917, when the United States was at war with Germany, and at first passengers going to Mexico were allowed to carry certain sums of each kind of money, but finally the amounts so allowed to be carried were cut down to the minimum.

TIMES WANT ADS.  
\$\$\$\$\$ Money Makers \$\$\$\$\$

### CROWDS READ BULLETINS; MUCH ENTHUSIASM SHOWN

When News Came That Big Jess Willard Threw Up the Sponge a Mighty Roar Arose in Times Office.

A crowd estimated at several hundred gentlemen and boys assembled in and about the business and editorial rooms of The Times office yesterday afternoon to get the flash bulletins from the ringside of the big fight event which occurred yesterday afternoon and proved such a fiasco, for Dempsey treated big Jess Willard like a stepson and pounded him worse than the Yanks pounded the Huns.

The first bulletins giving news regarding the intense heat and the crowd gathered for the fight came shortly before 3 o'clock. At 3:33 the announcement was made that the opposing fighters had appeared ready for the fight, then they had their "faces struck" by cameras, and at 3:57 time was called and they went to it—that is, Dempsey went after Willard and had the big fellow "up in the air" for three rounds, during which he severely punished him, and Jess threw up the sponge to save being "murdered." When that news was flashed to The Times and read to the crowd a cheer went up that could be heard blocks away and it was all over except the shouting.

### SOLDIERS' OBSERVANCE OF THE GLORIOUS FOURTH

Entertainment, Addresses, Music and Baseball During the Day, and a Grand Ball Last Night.

The Glorious Fourth was observed by the soldiery stationed at Fort McIntosh with appropriate exercises yesterday which were attended by a number of civilians in addition to the soldiery and the spirit of the day was manifested on all sides.

In the morning there was a band concert by the Thirty-seventh Infantry Band, followed by an entertainment for the soldiery, during which addresses were made by Colonel Beaumont B. Buck, district commander, and Colonel Murphy. At noon a national salute was fired and in the afternoon there was a baseball game between two soldier teams. The day's festivities were brought to a climax with a grand ball on the roof garden of the Soldiers' Club last night, which was largely attended.

### DEALERS IN SOFT DRINKS, ETC., NOW BEING VISITED

Collector Advises Small Drink Stand Not to "Have a Nigger in the Woodpile" in Reporting.

M. S. Ryan, of the revenue department, advised all those who have as yet not paid the war tax for May on soft drinks, ice cream, etc., to make payment immediately, as they will soon be subject to penalty; they can either make payment to him or remit to A. S. Walker, Collector, Austin, Texas.

There are a number of small drink stands in Laredo whose proprietors would do well to give this matter their immediate attention and not try to keep anything from the collector, or they may be subject to heavy penalties for violation of the internal revenue regulations.

### DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP

Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between P. W. Booth and C. S. McKinney, of Laredo, Webb County, Texas, under the firm name of P. W. Booth & Company, was this day dissolved by mutual consent. All debts owing to said partnership are to be received by the said P. W. Booth and all demands on said partnership are to be presented to him for payment.

P. W. BOOTH,  
C. S. MCKINNEY.  
Laredo, Texas, June 21, 1919.

### KEPT HER AWAKE

The Terrible Pains in Back and Sides. Cardui Gave Relief.

Marksville, La.—Mrs. Alice Johnson, of this place, writes: "For one year I suffered with an awful misery in my back and sides. My left side was hurting me all the time. The misery was something awful."

I could not do anything, not even sleep at night. It kept me awake most of the night... I took different medicines, but nothing did me any good or relieved me until I took Cardui...

I was not able to do any of my work for one year and I got worse all the time, was confined to my bed off and on. I got so bad with my back that when I stooped down I was not able to straighten up again... I decided I would try Cardui... By time I had taken the entire bottle I was feeling pretty good and could straighten up and my pains were nearly all gone.

I shall always praise Cardui, I continued taking it until I was strong and well. If you suffer from pains due to female complaints, Cardui may be just what you need. Thousands of women who once suffered in this way now praise Cardui for their present good health. Give it a trial.

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.

### SOLDIERS ENJOYING LIFE AT REST AREA AT SEASIDE

Boys Are Shown a Good Time at Corpus Christi; Boys From Fort McIntosh Will Go Down There.

A "rest area" for United States soldiers has been established at Corpus Christi and men in uniform in groups are taken advantage of the diversion offered them by the seaside city to enjoy themselves. The rest area has been established by the War Camp Community Service of this district, of which W. C. Wright of Corpus Christi is district executive secretary, and the district is composed of Corpus Christi, Laredo, Brownsville, Mercedes, McAllen and San Benito.

The headquarters of the "rest area" for men in service along the Mexican border is the Seashore Club, which is built out over the cool waters of Corpus Christi bay and has accommodations for a number of men, including cots, etc. which are furnished them. Co-operating with the W. C. S. S. in entertaining visiting soldiers is the Red Cross of Corpus Christi, which has formed a motor corps to furnish automobiles and chauffeurs to take the men for drives about the city to see the sights of Corpus Christi. According to Bob Essing, the general manager of the local Soldiers Club of the W. C. S. S., a number of the soldier boys of Fort McIntosh will soon take advantage of the opportunities for pleasure offered them by the rest area at Corpus, where they will "slip down" to on some Saturday and remain about three days watching the mermaids, etc.

The rest area plan of the A. E. F. in France, was first suggested as a relief for the monotony of border posts like Samfordy and Fort Ringgold at a conference of the War Camp Community Service in Corpus Christi early in May. The first week in June it was actively taken up in Brownsville by Jack Craig, local director acting for Mr. Wright, his chief. The plan was laid before Brigadier General Rivers, commanding the Brownsville district, and when it was announced to him met with his instant and warm approval.

"It is an experiment that I have been glad to try," said General Rivers in speaking of the granting of passes to the first contingent. "It is a privilege and not a right for a man to go to Corpus. The privilege can be taken away from those who do not deserve it. It will be given in the first place only to men who have earned it by soldierly conduct and attention to duty. I think that answers any advance criticism of the plan. If it doesn't work out I will stop it, but I do not believe for a minute that it will not work out splendidly."

### ITALIAN OPERA COMPANY IS COMING TO LAREDO SOON

Noted Artists Now Singing in San Antonio Will Open at Lincoln Theater Next Tuesday Night.

It is not often that the music-loving people of Laredo have the opportunity to hear grand opera by real artists, and the announcement will therefore be gratifying news that the Graziani-Castillo-Mondragon Italian Grand Opera Company will open for a short engagement Tuesday evening next at the Lincoln Theater. They have a fine repertoire and have sung with much success, artistic as well as financial, in San Antonio, where they close their engagement Sunday. Fuller announcement will be made later.

### LOCAL NEWS

—Those sports up in Toledo who paid \$50 for a ringside seat to see the big fight yesterday, sure paid well for their pleasure—about \$5 a minute, and then they had the pleasure also of sitting in that ardore while the mercury was soaring around 120 degrees. Some sure enough warm fight and warm crowd that witnessed the fight.

—During yesterday afternoon while The Times was receiving the bulletins on the prize fight and The Times office was crowded, many telephone calls, local and long-distance, came in and whatever information was at hand was furnished all who asked for it. The Times was the popular place in Laredo yesterday, especially with the fight fans eager for quick news.

—The importations through this port from Mexico on July 3 consisted of eight carloads of lead. There were no importations yesterday or this morning.

—Floyd Wright McWilliams, a fine ten-pound boy, arrived at the home of Mrs. Tom McWilliams on July 4, at 3:20 p. m. Mother and son are doing fine.

—The Webb county commissioners' court will meet in regular session on Monday and one of the first matters to come before the body will be the passing of an order for the issuance of the good roads bonds in the amount of \$300,000 recently voted by the taxpayers of this county.

—The following marriage licenses have been issued by the county clerk since last report: Tomas Juarez and Miss Antonia Gomez, William E. Lane and Miss Alma Little, Fortino Perez and Miss Josefa Cadena, Apolinar Hernandez and Miss Mariana Quiroz.

### TODAY'S ANNIVERSARIES.

JULY 5.  
1801—Admiral David G. Farragut, famous Union naval commander in the civil war, born near Knoxville, Tenn. Died at Portsmouth, N. H., Aug. 14, 1870.  
1800—Beginning of the great battle of Wagram, which ended in a victory for Napoleon over the Austrians.  
1846—Joseph B. Foraker, governor of Ohio and United States senator, born in Highland County, O. Died at Cincinnati, May 10, 1917.  
1875—The "Moily Maguires" shot and killed a policeman at Tamaqua, Pa.  
1892—Trinity College, Dublin, celebrated the 300th anniversary of its founding.  
1894—Governor Altgeld of Illinois protested against the sending of Federal troops into the State.  
1915—Kaiser directed informal negotiations with Washington, looking to settlement of submarine problem.  
1916—Gen. Foch captured second German system of fortified lines on 10-mile front.  
1917—First permanent American training camp in France was opened.

### ONE YEAR AGO TODAY IN THE WAR

Many persons killed and injured in British air raid on Coblenz.  
Count von Mirbach, German ambassador to Russia, assassinated in Moscow.  
Czecho-Slovaks defeated Bolsheviks in battle 250 miles west of Irkutsk, Siberia.

### IN THE DAY'S NEWS

JULY 5.  
William Elliott Gonzales, whose nomination by President Wilson to be first Ambassador to Peru has raised a controversy in the United States Senate, has been Minister from the United States to Cuba since 1913. As his name implies, he is of Spanish stock, but of a family some time resident in South Carolina, and affiliated with the established native stock socially and by marriage. He began his professional career as a journalist after completing his studies in the Charleston schools. Then he had experience as private secretary to the Governor of South Carolina. Following this he joined the staff of a newspaper in Columbia, of which he later became the editor and publisher. Though not a seeker after public office, Mr. Gonzales was an active worker in behalf of the Democratic party and with the election of President Wilson his services were rewarded with the Cuban mission.

### ALL ALONE.

Me—I was on the beach this morning alone with my thoughts.  
She—What perfect solitude!

### NOTICE IN PROBATE.

THE STATE OF TEXAS,  
To the Sheriff or any Constable of Webb County—Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to cause the following notice to be published in a newspaper of general circulation which has been continuously and regularly published for a period of not less than one year preceding the date of the notice in the County of Webb, State of Texas, and you shall cause said notice to be printed at least once each week for the period of ten days exclusive of the first day of publication before the return day hereof:

### Notice.

The State of Texas,  
To all persons interested in the welfare of the persons and Estate of Arturo Bolleter, Alicia Bolleter and Carlos Bolleter, minors: Prudencia Benavides de la Garza has filed in the County Court of Webb County, an application for letters of guardianship of the persons and Estate of said minors, which will be heard on the Third Monday of August, A. D. 1919, said day being the 18th of said month at the Court House thereof, in the City of Laredo, Texas, at which time all persons interested in said Estate may appear and contest said application, if they see proper. Herein fail not, under penalty of the law, and of this Writ make due return.

Given under my hand and seal of office, in the City of Laredo, Texas, the 27th day of June, A. D. 1919.  
Attest: J. A. RODRIGUEZ,  
Clerk Co. Court, Webb Co., Texas

### The Joy of Living.

To enjoy life we must have good health. No one can reasonably hope to get much real pleasure out of life when his bowels are clogged a good share of the time and the poisons that should be expelled are absorbed into the system, producing headache and indigestion. A few doses of Chamberlain's Tablets will move the bowels, strengthen the digestion and give you a chance to realize the real joy of living. Try it.



Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt  
Society Editor

Phone 78 ..... Phone 48

### SOCIAL CALENDAR.

Saturday.  
Mr. and Mrs. Asher Smith will be at home informally to a number of their friends this evening from 9 until 11 o'clock to meet Col. and Mrs. Brooke Payne.  
Dance at the Soldiers Club in the evening.

Sunday.  
The B. Y. P. U. of the Baptist Church will meet at the church at 6:30 o'clock in the evening.  
The Christian Endeavor Society of the Presbyterian Church will meet in the Church at 6:45 p. m.

The Epworth League of the Methodist Church will hold its regular meeting in the League room of the Methodist Church at 6:30 o'clock in the evening.  
Monday.  
Dance at the Women's Club at 8 o'clock in the evening.

### Life.

If I live a life that is clean and square,  
And I love my fellowman,  
And I lend him a hand to help him bear  
His burden whenever I can,  
I need not fear what the future holds,  
Nor what the reward shall be,  
For the mighty love that all enfolds  
Will surely care for me.

If I speak a good word of cheer to one  
Whose sorrows have borne him down,  
And give him new hope to journey on,  
And change to a smile his frown,  
I shall not dread when the shadows fall  
And the end of life draws near,  
For that wondrous love that shelters all  
Will drive away my fear.

For my life is measured by what I mete,  
And I earn my own reward.  
So the love I give makes my heart complete,  
And through it I gain the award.  
For whether I dwell in a house by the road  
Or far from the haunts of men,  
If only my love makes bright the abode  
No fear shall enter it then.  
—Author Unknown.

### General Mention.

Mr. Matias de Llano and family left this morning for Monterey. The family will visit relatives in that city, while Mr. de Llano will visit various other places in the country on business.

Dr. J. S. Jones arrived in the city this morning to join his wife in a visit to Mrs. Jones' parents, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. L. Hatley. Dr. Jones has just returned from overseas duty and after a visit of a week in Laredo will leave to again resume his practice of medicine in Galveston.

Mr. Joseph L. Hatley arrived Thursday from service in France in the Field Artillery. For the present he will make his home in Laredo with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. George L. Hatley.

Mrs. R. B. Echois and baby returned home today after a month's visit to San Antonio.

Mr. A. C. Richter left last night for New York on a business trip.

Miss Hazel Merriman and Mr. William Merriman are spending the weekend in Corpus Christi.

Mrs. Gus D. Becker left this morning for San Antonio to visit relatives.

Mrs. Clara Mackin and two grandsons, Jack and Edwin Altee Foster, left at noon today for Corpus Christi to spend several weeks.

Mrs. F. R. Alexander left the Mercy Hospital yesterday and is the guest of her mother, Mrs. Joe Benavides.

Mrs. Mabel Barlow left today for San Antonio to visit Miss Marguerite Coleman.

Miss Bettie Adkins left Thursday for her home in Refugio, Texas, after a nine months' stay in Laredo, where she had a position as stenographer in the passport office.

Dr. H. C. Hall arrived in the city this morning for a short stay.

Mrs. C. E. McDaniels and son, Charles, accompanied by her sister, Miss Lois Marshall, left yesterday for an extended visit in San Antonio.

Mr. Samuel Meyer of Rochester, N. Y., after a short visit in the city left last night. He was accompanied by Mr. I. Alexander, who after a visit in

Rochester will spend several weeks in the East.

Announcements.  
Troop No. 2, Boy Scouts, will meet at their new hall in Convent avenue this evening at 8 o'clock.

Misses Amelia Lachica, Amada, Guera, Ofelia Garcia, and Stela Gonzales will entertain the members of the Maira Club this evening with a lawn party at Miss Lachica's home.

The international institute will have open house on Tuesday evening from 8 until 10 o'clock in honor of Miss Vera Sturges, Field Secretary of the Y. W. C. A., who is visiting Laredo for a few weeks and to present Miss Ofelia Figueroa of Guadalajara, Mexico, a wonderful young pianist who is en route home after studying piano in New York City. Miss Figueroa was compelled to shorten her stay in New York City on account of financial reverses owing to the severe illness of her father. In presenting Miss Figueroa to the people of Laredo they can anticipate a wonderful musical treat, and it is to be hoped that many will avail themselves of the opportunity to hear her. The following clipping was taken from a local paper in San Antonio:

Juvenile Pianist Shows Rare Promise.  
Ofelia Figueroa, a gifted young Mexican girl, appeared in piano forte recital Thursday evening in the Young Woman's Christian Association auditorium. Little Miss Figueroa is said to be 14 years of age but appears much younger and is of an exceedingly attractive personality. She played a program of exacting numbers with a skill and understanding astonishing in so youthful a performer and was particularly pleasing in selections displaying the rippling smoothness and clearness of technic demanded in scales and trills.

The Beethoven "Moonlight Sonata," which opened the program, was amazingly executed save for slight blurring from faulty pedalling. Her Chopin program included the Impromptu in F Sharp, C Sharp Minor Valse, Nocturne in D Flat and "Revolutionary" Etude, and was delightfully given, the closing number taken at a tempo seldom heard from a student.

The closing group comprised the Rachmaninoff C Sharp Minor Prelude, its unusual harmonies strikingly portrayed, Liszt's "Love Dream," "The Nightingale" by Alabieff-Liszt and Moszkowski's "Caprice Espagnol." Enthusiastically recalled, Miss Figueroa responded with Chopin's "Berceuse."

Miss Figueroa, with her parents, is en route from New York to Guadalajara, Mexico, and will remain in San Antonio several weeks before returning to her home. In this age prolific with piano aspirants, Miss Figueroa's work holds unusual charm and promise which should bring successful results.

### Club Notes.

The playground committee expect to complete work on the Heights today, weather permitting, and descend upon town on Monday. Be prepared to help the children get their playground. If the committee fails to reach you, send your donation to the treasurer of the Heights Civic Club, or phone 650 and the committee will call for it. A list of all donations will be published next week. The sooner the work is completed the sooner will the children reap the benefit. Help to build a real modern playground for the children. They certainly deserve this consideration.

### Entertainments.

The dance at the Soldiers Club last evening was a very delightful affair. Good music made dancing enjoyable. There was a large attendance and among the chaperones were Mrs. Ryan, Mrs. Lent, Mrs. Elstetter, Mrs. Mussett and Mrs. Simpson.

One of the most pleasant social affairs of the past week was the dance given last evening at the Latin-American Club by some of the members. An ice cream was served during the evening. There was a large crowd in attendance.

### Is It Not Better?

Is it not better for the children to spend several hours a day out in the fresh air and sunshine amid healthful surroundings and with the right kind of amusement, than for them to seek entertainment that will not yield any benefit whatever, morally or physically? The playground movement is one of the best movements that has ever been placed before the people of Laredo, and if it receives the co-operation of the people as it should, will be one that will yield an unending harvest of health and happiness for the children of the community. It is earnestly hoped that the visiting committees will meet with hearty co-operation next week.

### PERSONALS

S. T. Phelps, of the firm of Hicks, Phelps, Dickson & Bobbitt, who has been in Alice the past week attending court, returned to Laredo yesterday afternoon.

TIMES WANT ADS.  
\$\$\$\$\$ Money Makers \$\$\$\$\$